Discovering PREF64 in Router Advertisements

draft-ietf-6man-ra-pref64-03

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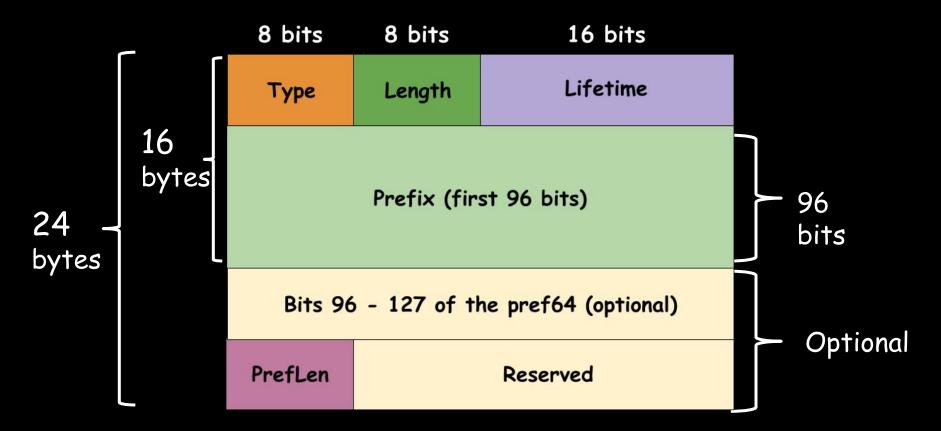
Changes Since IETF104

Variable Prefix Length

- Option format updated to support non-/96 prefixes

 - o non-/96 prefix: Length = 3

Non-/96 PREF64 Support



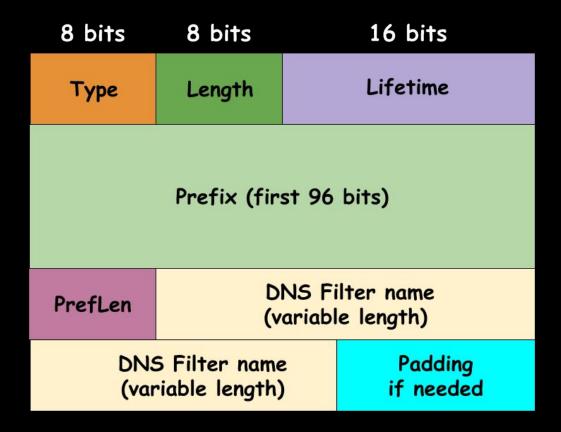
Pref64 Consistency

Section 6.2.7 of [RFC4861] recommends that routers inspects RAs sent by other routers to ensure that all routers onlink advertise the consistent information. Routers SHOULD inspect valid Pref64 options received on a given link and verify the consistency. Detected inconsistencies indicate that one or more routers might be misconfigured. Routers SHOULD log such cases to system or network management. Routers SHOULD check the following information:

- set of Pref64 with non-zero lifetime;
- set of Pref64 with zero lifetime.

DNS64 Exclusion Lists

Request to add "Exclude-Set" APL



Reasons to make APL a separate option

Not required on IPv6-only end hosts without IPv4

Such hosts should never skip AAAA synthesis

Simplifies the option format

Speeds up implementation & adoption

Exact semantics of record would need to be defined

Text in RFC 6147 likely not sufficient

Reasons to make APL a separate option

Does not increase RA size

Does not require downref to experimental RFC 3123

Allows systems which implement RFC7050 to use the APL option w/o even supporting Pref64 one

Solution

<u>Draft-andrews-6man-dns64-exclude</u>

```
0
01234567890123456789012345678901
            Length
                          Lifetime
      DNS Wire Encoded Name
                                Padding
```

Ready For WG Last Call?