

ALTO Performance Metrics

draft-ietf-alto-performance-metrics-07

Qin Wu

D. Dhody

Young Lee

Sabine Randriamasy

Y. Richard Yang

IETF 105

July 25, 2019

Montreal

Outline

- Updates from v06-v07
- Remaining issues requiring WG discussions
- Plan for next step

Updates Overview (v06-v07)

- Structure changes
 - Move challenges to back; restructure metric definition
- Many small text changes as well

| | | | |
|---|----|---|----|
| 1. Introduction | 3 | 1. Introduction | 3 |
| 2. Challenges on data sources and computation of ALTO performance metrics | 5 | 2. Network Performance Cost Metrics | 5 |
| 2.1. Data sources Challenge | 5 | 2.1. Cost Metric: One Way Delay (owdelay) | 5 |
| 2.2. ALTO performance metrics Computation Challenges | 5 | 2.1.1. Intended Semantics | 6 |
| 2.2.1. Configuration Parameters Challenge | 5 | 2.1.2. Use and Example | 6 |
| 2.2.2. Availability of end to end path values Challenge | 6 | 2.1.3. Measurement Considerations | 7 |
| 3. Network Performance Cost Metrics | 6 | 2.2. Cost Metric: RoundTrip Time (rtt) | 7 |
| 3.1. Cost Metric: OWDelay | 6 | 2.2.1. Intended Semantics | 8 |
| 3.2. Cost Metric: RTT | 8 | 2.2.2. Use and Example | 8 |
| 3.3. Cost Metric: PDV | 10 | 2.2.3. Measurement Considerations | 9 |
| 3.4. Cost Metric: Hop Count | 12 | 2.3. Cost Metric: Packet Delay Variation (pdv) | 9 |
| 3.5. Cost Metric: Packet Loss | 14 | 2.3.1. Intended Semantics | 10 |
| 3.6. Cost Metric: Throughput | 16 | 2.3.2. Use and Example | 10 |
| | | 2.3.3. Measurement Considerations | 11 |
| 4. Traffic Engineering Performance Cost Metrics | 18 | 2.4. Cost Metric: Hop Count | 12 |
| 4.1. Cost Metric: Link Maximum Reservable Bandwidth | 19 | 2.4.1. Intended Semantics | 12 |
| 4.2. Cost Metric: Link Residue Bandwidth | 20 | 2.4.2. Use and Example | 13 |
| 5. Security Considerations | 22 | 2.4.3. Measurement Considerations | 14 |
| 6. IANA Considerations | 23 | 2.5. Cost Metric: Packet Loss | 14 |
| 7. Acknowledgments | 23 | 2.5.1. Intended Semantics | 14 |
| 8. References | 23 | 2.5.2. Use and Example | 15 |
| 8.1. Normative References | 23 | 2.5.3. Measurement Considerations | 16 |
| 8.2. Informative References | 25 | 2.6. Cost Metric: Throughput | 16 |
| Authors' Addresses | 25 | 2.6.1. Intended Semantics | 17 |
| | | 2.6.2. Use and Example | 17 |
| | | 2.6.3. Measurement Considerations | 18 |
| | | 3. Traffic Engineering Performance Cost Metrics | 18 |
| | | 3.1. Cost Metric: Link Maximum Reservable Bandwidth | 19 |
| | | 3.1.1. Intended Semantics | 19 |
| | | 3.1.2. Use and Example | 19 |
| | | 3.1.3. Measurement Considerations | 20 |
| | | 3.2. Cost Metric: Link Residue Bandwidth | 21 |
| | | 3.2.1. Intended Semantics | 21 |
| | | 3.2.2. Use and Example | 21 |
| | | 3.2.3. Measurement Considerations | 22 |
| | | 4. Operational Considerations | 23 |
| | | 4.1. Data Source Considerations | 23 |
| | | 4.2. Computation Considerations | 24 |
| | | 4.2.1. Configuration Parameters Considerations | 24 |
| | | 4.2.2. Availability Considerations | 24 |
| | | 5. Security Considerations | 24 |
| | | 6. IANA Considerations | 25 |

Main Update (v06-v07): Metric Definition

- Restructure the definition of each metric to be consistent with ALTO base protocol (RFC 7285): why

– v06, structure, for each metric, - RFC7285

- Metric Name
- Metric Description
- Method of Measurement or Calculation
- Units of Measurement
- Measurement Point(s) with Potential Measurement Domain
- Measurement Timing
- Use and Applications

14.2. ALTO Cost Metric Registry

IANA has created and now maintains the "ALTO Cost Metric Registry", listed in Table 3.

| Identifier | Intended Semantics |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| routingcost | See Section 6.1.1.1 |
| priv: | Private use |

Table 3: ALTO Cost Metrics

This registry serves two purposes. First, it ensures uniqueness of identifiers referring to ALTO cost metrics. Second, it provides references to particular semantics of allocated cost metrics to be applied by both ALTO servers and applications utilizing ALTO clients.

Requests to add a new value to the registry MUST include the following information:

- o Identifier: The name of the desired ALTO cost metric.
- o Intended Semantics: ALTO costs carry with them semantics to guide their usage by ALTO clients. For example, if a value refers to a measurement, the measurement units must be documented. For proper implementation of the ordinal cost mode (e.g., by a third-party service), it should be documented whether higher or lower values of the cost are more preferred.
- o Security Considerations: ALTO costs expose information to ALTO clients. As such, proper usage of a particular cost metric may require certain information to be exposed by an ALTO service provider. Since network information is frequently regarded as proprietary or confidential, ALTO service providers should be made aware of the security ramifications related to usage of a cost metric.

Main Update (v06-v07): Metric Definition

- Restructure the definition of each metric to be consistent with ALTO base protocol (RFC 7285): change
 - v06, structure, for each metric, defines
 - Metric Name
 - Metric Description
 - Method of Measurement or Calculation
 - Units of Measurement
 - Measurement Point(s) with Potential Measurement Domain
 - Measurement Timing
 - Use and Applications
 - v07, structure, for each metric, defines
 - Metric Name
 - Metric identifier
 - Intended semantics
 - Metric Description
 - Metric Representation
 - Use and Example
 - Measurement Considerations
 - Method of Measurement or Calculation
 - Measurement Point(s) with Potential Measurement Domain
 - Measurement Timing



Metric Details

| Metric | Representation |
|--|---|
| One-Way Delay, Round-trip Time, Packet Delay Variation | A single JSONNumber conforming to Sec. 6 [RFC8259] (int [frac] [exp]); Must be non-negative; unit is ms; |
| Hop Count | The metric value type is a single 'JSONNumber' type value conforming to the number specification (Section 6, [RFC8259]). The number MUST be an integer and non-negative. |
| Packet Loss | The metric value type is a single 'JSONNumber' type value conforming to the number specification (Section 6, [RFC8259]). The number MUST be non-negative. The value represents the percentage of packet loss. |
| Throughput, Max Reservable BW, Residue BW | The metric value type is a single 'JSONNumber' type value conforming to the number specification (Section 6, [RFC8259]). The number MUST be non-negative. The unit is Mbps. |

- Suggestions but not adopted: (1) add *infinity*; (2) allow units such as ms, s, Mbps/Kbps/Gbps, ...

Update: Operations Considerations

- Substantially extended the section on operations considerations, to emphasize,
 - Some performance metric can be a complex function of multiple factors:
 - Traffic type (e.g., UDP, TCP; video)
 - Client behavior (e.g., arrival patterns such as Poisson, periodical...)
 - Network settings (e.g., scheduling policies, cross traffic interference, ...)
 - Time
 - A network may adopt different measurement approaches
 - Active (e.g., probe measured, packet pair measured, ...)
 - Passive (e.g., derivation from existing data such as logs)
 - Computing some performance metrics can involve non-trivial computation, which has implications on timeliness, denial-of-service , ...
 - Data cleaning, aggregation, inference, ...

Remaining Issue (1): Metric Definition Consistency and Reusability

- A basic issue is consistency and reusability in IETF

ALTO performance metrics [this document]

| Identifier | Intended Semantics |
|------------|--------------------|
| owdelay | See Section 2.1 |
| rtt | See Section 2.2 |
| pdv | See Section 2.3 |
| hopcount | See Section 2.4 |
| pktloss | See Section 2.5 |
| throughput | See Section 2.6 |
| maxresbw | See Section 3.1 |
| residuebw | See Section 3.2 |

IPPM metrics [2][1]

- UDP
 - RTDelay_Active_IP-UDP-Periodic_RFCXXXXsecY_Seconds_95Percentile
 - RTLoss_Active_IP-UDP-Periodic_RFCXXXXsecY_Percent_LossRatio
 - OWPDV_Active_IP-UDP-Periodic_RFCXXXXsecY_Seconds_95Percentile
 - OWDelay_Active_IP-UDP-Poisson-Payload250B_RFCXXXXsecY_Seconds_<statistic>
 - OWDelay_Active_IP-UDP-Periodic20m-Payload142B_RFCXXXXsecY_Seconds_<statistic>
- TCP
 - RTDelay_Passive_IP-TCP_RFCXXXXsecY_Seconds_<statistic>
- DNS
 - RTDNS_Active_IP-UDP-Poisson_RFCXXXXsecY_Seconds_Raw RLDNS_Active_IP-UDP-Poisson_RFCXXXXsecY_Logical_Raw

[1] <https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-ietf-ippm-metric-registry/>

[2] <https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-ietf-ippm-initial-registry/>

Discussion

- IPPM metrics are more for infrastructure management
 - Underlying network technology *aware* -- implementation focus
- ALTO metrics are more for applications
 - Underlying network technology *transparent* (e.g., do not care if the transport uses IP/MPLS, ...) – interface focus

Example High-Level Network Metrics Exposure

https://www.sprint.net/sla_performance.php

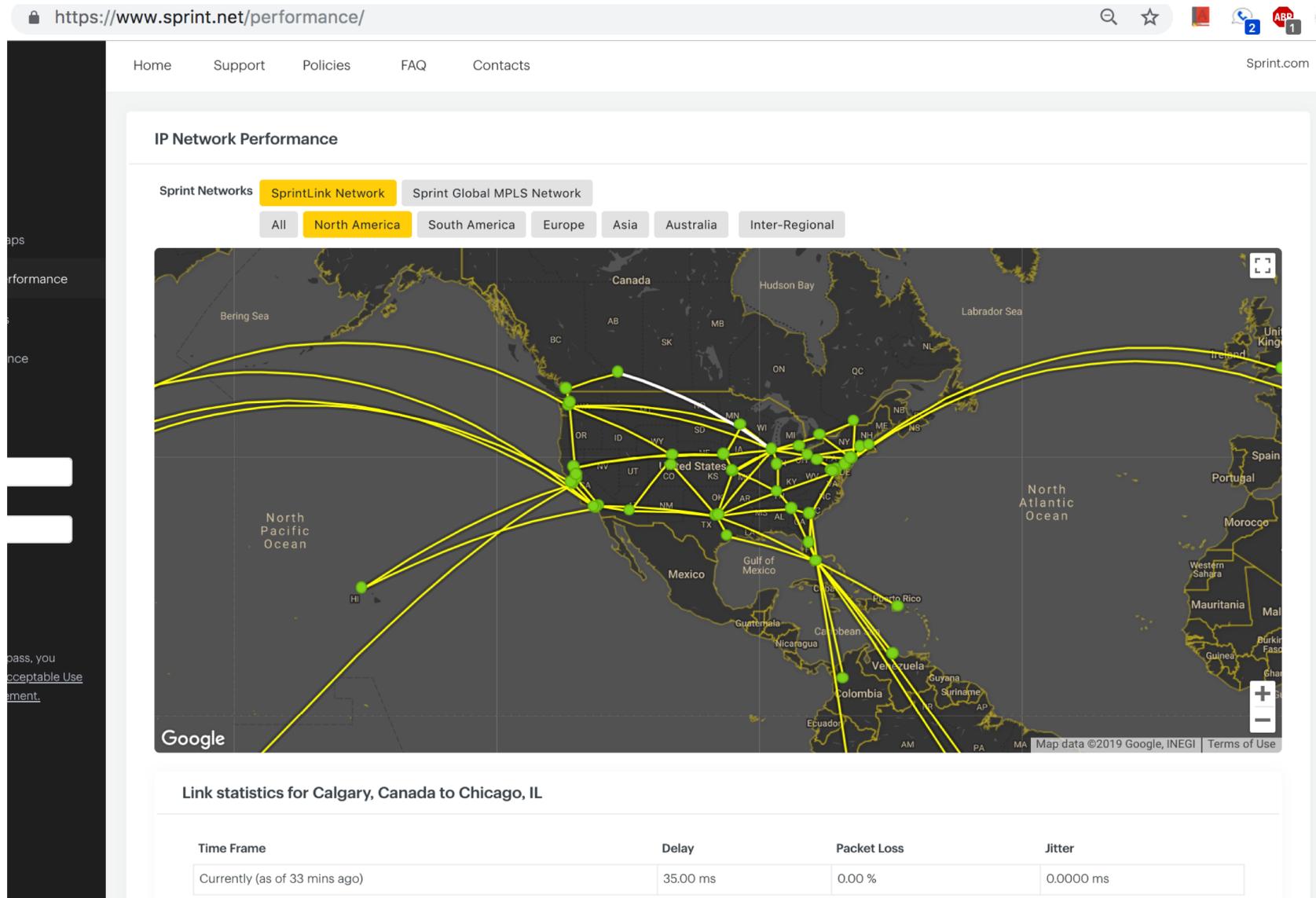
SLA Performance

To view current IP network performance, visit [IP Network Performance Map](#)

Choose a Network: **SprintLink** Global MPLS

| Name | Metric | Committed Value | Jun 2018 | Jul 2018 | Aug 2018 | Sep 2018 | Oct 2018 | Nov 2018 | Dec 2018 | Jan 2019 | Feb 2019 | Mar 2019 | Apr 2019 | May 2019 | Jun 2019 |
|----------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| INTRA-REGION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| North America | Backbone Delay | 55.00 ms | 34.18 ms | 34.16 ms | 34.20 ms | 34.25 ms | 34.26 ms | 34.22 ms | 34.16 ms | 34.00 ms | 34.14 ms | 33.82 ms | 34.09 ms | 34.64 ms | 34.55 ms |
| | Packet Loss | 0.30 % | 0.0050 % | 0.0219 % | 0.0052 % | 0.0060 % | 0.0010 % | 0.0044 % | 0.0007 % | 0.0021 % | 0.0010 % | 0.0086 % | 0.0132 % | 0.0077 % | 0.0104 % |
| | Data Delivery Rate | 99.70 % | 99.9950 % | 99.9781 % | 99.9948 % | 99.9940 % | 99.9990 % | 99.9956 % | 99.9993 % | 99.9979 % | 99.9990 % | 99.9914 % | 99.9868 % | 99.9923 % | 99.9896 % |
| | Jitter | 2 ms | 0.0031 ms | 0.0005 ms | 0.0002 ms | 0.0001 ms | 0.0002 ms | 0.0003 ms | 0.0002 ms | 0.0001 ms | 0.0004 ms | 0.0017 ms | 0.0064 ms | 0.0067 ms | 0.0098 ms |
| Europe | Backbone Delay | 45.00 ms | 17.35 ms | 17.46 ms | 17.50 ms | 17.26 ms | 17.45 ms | 17.34 ms | 17.53 ms | 17.57 ms | 17.23 ms | 17.13 ms | 17.15 ms | 17.18 ms | 17.36 ms |
| | Packet Loss | 0.30 % | 0.0007 % | 0.0001 % | 0.0118 % | 0.0024 % | 0.0077 % | 0.0075 % | 0.0121 % | 0.0126 % | 0.0012 % | 0.0001 % | 0.0152 % | 0.0051 % | 0.0033 % |
| | Data Delivery Rate | 99.70 % | 99.9993 % | 99.9999 % | 99.9882 % | 99.9976 % | 99.9923 % | 99.9925 % | 99.9879 % | 99.9874 % | 99.9988 % | 99.9999 % | 99.9848 % | 99.9949 % | 99.9967 % |
| | Jitter | 2 ms | 0.0006 ms | 0.0001 ms | 0.0014 ms | 0.0000 ms | 0.0047 ms | 0.0065 ms | 0.0048 ms | 0.0006 ms | 0.0005 ms | 0.0000 ms | 0.0006 ms | 0.0001 ms | 0.0003 ms |
| Asia | Backbone Delay | 105.00 ms | 65.07 ms | 65.41 ms | 68.15 ms | 70.15 ms | 68.23 ms | 68.08 ms | 68.97 ms | 69.12 ms | 78.11 ms | 70.75 ms | 68.80 ms | 74.91 ms | 70.24 ms |
| | Packet Loss | 0.30 % | 0.0245 % | 0.0030 % | 0.0038 % | 0.0127 % | 0.0027 % | 0.0044 % | 0.0034 % | 0.0019 % | 0.0031 % | 0.0021 % | 0.0064 % | 0.0116 % | 0.0060 % |
| | Data Delivery Rate | 99.70 % | 99.9755 % | 99.9970 % | 99.9962 % | 99.9873 % | 99.9973 % | 99.9956 % | 99.9966 % | 99.9981 % | 99.9969 % | 99.9979 % | 99.9936 % | 99.9884 % | 99.9940 % |
| | Jitter | 2 ms | 0.0030 ms | 0.0041 ms | 0.0143 ms | 0.0118 ms | 0.0185 ms | 0.0145 ms | 0.0167 ms | 0.0114 ms | 0.0101 ms | 0.0091 ms | 0.0075 ms | 0.0255 ms | 0.0076 ms |
| INTER-REGION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Europe to North America | Backbone Delay | 95.00 ms | 78.46 ms | 78.50 ms | 78.02 ms | 79.36 ms | 77.17 ms | 76.02 ms | 76.09 ms | 76.02 ms | 76.02 ms | 76.05 ms | 75.28 ms | 73.04 ms | 72.95 ms |
| | Packet Loss | 0.30 % | 0.0049 % | 0.0007 % | 0.0000 % | 0.0001 % | 0.0018 % | 0.0044 % | 0.0015 % | 0.0035 % | 0.0021 % | 0.0052 % | 0.0110 % | 0.0145 % | 0.0045 % |
| | Data Delivery Rate | 99.70 % | 99.9950 % | 99.9993 % | 100.0000 % | 99.9999 % | 99.9982 % | 99.9956 % | 99.9985 % | 99.9965 % | 99.9979 % | 99.9948 % | 99.9890 % | 99.9855 % | 99.9955 % |
| | Jitter | 2 ms | 0.0099 ms | 0.0001 ms | 0.0000 ms | 0.0000 ms | 0.0076 ms | 0.0043 ms | 0.0078 ms | 0.0008 ms | 0.0058 ms | 0.0109 ms | 0.0005 ms | 0.0001 ms | 0.0000 ms |
| Japan to North America | Backbone Delay | 130.00 ms | 98.56 ms | 98.33 ms | 98.29 ms | 98.33 ms | 98.44 ms | 98.81 ms | 98.81 ms | 98.82 ms | 98.82 ms | 98.80 ms | 98.86 ms | 98.81 ms | 98.82 ms |
| | Packet Loss | 0.30 % | 0.0006 % | 0.0000 % | 0.0592 % | 0.0001 % | 0.0001 % | 0.0000 % | 0.0002 % | 0.0001 % | 0.0001 % | 0.0000 % | 0.0032 % | 0.0000 % | 0.0000 % |
| | Data Delivery Rate | 99.70 % | 99.9994 % | 100.0000 % | 99.9408 % | 99.9999 % | 99.9999 % | 100.0000 % | 99.9998 % | 99.9999 % | 99.9999 % | 100.0000 % | 99.9968 % | 100.0000 % | 100.0000 % |
| | Jitter | 2 ms | 0.0003 ms | 0.0006 ms | 0.0016 ms | 0.0015 ms | 0.0009 ms | 0.0019 ms | 0.0003 ms | 0.0007 ms | 0.0004 ms | 0.0001 ms | 0.0001 ms | 0.0006 ms | 0.0003 ms |
| Hong Kong to North America | Backbone Delay | 190.00 ms | 150.80 ms | 151.01 ms | 150.75 ms | 151.00 ms | 150.87 ms | 150.47 ms | 150.70 ms | 147.61 ms | 146.84 ms | 146.47 ms | 154.38 ms | 154.88 ms | 149.31 ms |
| | Packet Loss | 0.30 % | 0.0009 % | 0.0000 % | 0.0569 % | 0.0092 % | 0.0003 % | 0.0003 % | 0.0055 % | 0.0003 % | 0.0014 % | 0.0003 % | 0.0004 % | 0.0194 % | 0.0013 % |
| | Data Delivery Rate | 99.70 % | 99.9991 % | 100.0000 % | 99.9431 % | 99.9908 % | 99.9997 % | 99.9997 % | 99.9945 % | 99.9997 % | 99.9986 % | 99.9997 % | 99.9996 % | 99.9806 % | 99.9987 % |
| | Jitter | 2 ms | 0.0021 ms | 0.0010 ms | 0.0007 ms | 0.0001 ms | 0.0017 ms | 0.0004 ms | 0.0337 ms | 0.0009 ms | 0.0011 ms | 0.0012 ms | 0.0001 ms | 0.0094 ms | 0.0003 ms |
| Korea to North America | Backbone Delay | 190.00 ms | 130.97 ms | 132.00 ms | 133.82 ms | 132.99 ms | 133.32 ms | 132.81 ms | 132.04 ms | 131.71 ms | 131.58 ms | 133.48 ms | 134.38 ms | 133.54 ms | 131.85 ms |
| | Packet Loss | 0.30 % | 0.0025 % | 0.0020 % | 0.0030 % | 0.0005 % | 0.0073 % | 0.0145 % | 0.0055 % | 0.0007 % | 0.0011 % | 0.0008 % | 0.0011 % | 0.0032 % | 0.0016 % |
| | Data Delivery Rate | 99.70 % | 99.9975 % | 99.9980 % | 99.9970 % | 99.9995 % | 99.9927 % | 99.9855 % | 99.9945 % | 99.9993 % | 99.9989 % | 99.9992 % | 99.9989 % | 99.9968 % | 99.9984 % |
| | Jitter | 2 ms | 0.0019 ms | 0.0023 ms | 0.0003 ms | 0.0000 ms | 0.0004 ms | 0.0012 ms | 0.0003 ms | 0.0006 ms | 0.0002 ms | 0.0000 ms | 0.0016 ms | 0.0006 ms | 0.0005 ms |
| Backbone Delay | 250.00 ms | 187.77 ms | 191.62 ms | 191.94 ms | 192.00 ms | 197.97 ms | 191.82 ms | 194.65 ms | 191.96 ms | 192.00 ms | 191.97 ms | 191.99 ms | 185.13 ms | 191.91 ms | |

Example High-Level Network Metrics Exposure



Example High-Level Network Metrics Exposure

:: NETWORK AVERAGES

Averages

| Monthly Network Averages | Target Values | Observed Values | | |
|------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------|-----------|
| | | June | May | April |
| U.S. Network Averages | | | | |
| Roundtrip Latency | < 37 ms | 30.9 | 30.9 | 30.6 |
| Roundtrip Loss* | < 0.05% | 0.00% | 0.01% | 0.00% |
| Network Reliability | > 99.95% | 99.9980% | N/A% | 100.0000% |
| Network Jitter | < 1 ms | 0.57 | 0.56 | 0.56 |

*Loss is (100 - Data Delivery%)

:: NETWORK LATENCY

U.S. Network Latency

Figures are in ms. Thresholds are distance sensitive.

| CITY PAIRS | Latency (ms) |
|---------------|--------------|
| Austin | 21 |
| Cambridge | 28 |
| Chicago | 22 |
| Cleveland | 17 |
| Dallas | 18 |
| Denver | 38 |
| Detroit | 22 |
| Houston | 18 |
| Indianapolis | 5 |
| Kansas City | 22 |
| Los Angeles | 45 |
| Madison | 7 |
| Nashville | 5 |
| New Orleans | 11 |
| New York | 22 |
| Orlando | 9 |
| Philadelphia | 21 |
| Phoenix | 40 |
| San Antonio | 22 |
| San Diego | 47 |
| San Francisco | 50 |
| St. Louis | 17 |
| Seattle | 53 |

Current Overall Average: 30 ms

http://ipnetwork.bgtmo.ip.att.net/pws/network_de lay.html

Author Discussion: Metric Definition

Consistency and Reusability

- Many levels of reusability and consistency
 - Reusability:
 - base ALTO metrics on IPPM metric registry, or
 - not
 - Consistency
 - » Same ID
 - » Same metric unit (e.g., ippm latency unit is second, current document is ms)

Author Discussion

- IPPM metrics are more for infrastructure management
 - Underlying network technology *aware* -- implementation focus
- ALTO metrics are more for applications
 - Underlying network technology *transparent* (e.g., do not care if the transport uses IP/MPLS, ...) – interface focus

- UDP
 - RTDelay_Active_IP-UDP-Periodic_RFCXXXXsecY_Seconds_95Percentile
 - OWDelay_Active_IP-UDP-Poisson-Payload250B_RFCXXXXsecY_Seconds_<statistic>
 - OWDelay_Active_IP-UDP-Periodic20m-Payload142B_RFCXXXXsecY_Seconds_<statistic>
- TCP
 - RTDelay_Passive_IP-TCP_RFCXXXXsecY_Seconds_<statistic>

Proposed Moving Forward

- Application-layer performance depends on
 - Network equivalent classes (e.g., categories)
 - Application behaviors
- Distinguish performance metrics
 - reflecting categories
 - dependency on application behaviors or not
 - propagation delay vs
 - traffic pattern

Remaining Issue (2): Operations and Security Considerations

- How much to update
 - Operations considerations
 - Security considerations

Next Step Plan

- Discuss with IPPM to finalize updates
- Finalize updates and submit an update by end of August