### Update on BRSKI-AE – Support for asynchronous enrollment

draft-fries-anima-brski-async-enroll-01

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#### Problem statement

- There exists various industrial scenarios, which
  - have limited online connectivity to backend services either technically or by policy.
    This may limit the exchange of certification request/response messages with an offsite PKI for issuing an LDevID.
  - assume only limited on-site PKI functionality support (Proxy)
    - Rely on a backend or centralized PKI, to perform (final) authorization of certification requests for an operational certificate (LDevID).
    - May not feature trusted domain component for store and forward
  - require multiple hops to the issuing PKI due to network segmentation.
  - required consistency for certificate management over device / system lifecycle (e.g., existing industrial standards require support of multiple enrolment protocols on the central side, while letting the pledge pick)

#### Changes from version 00 \_ 01

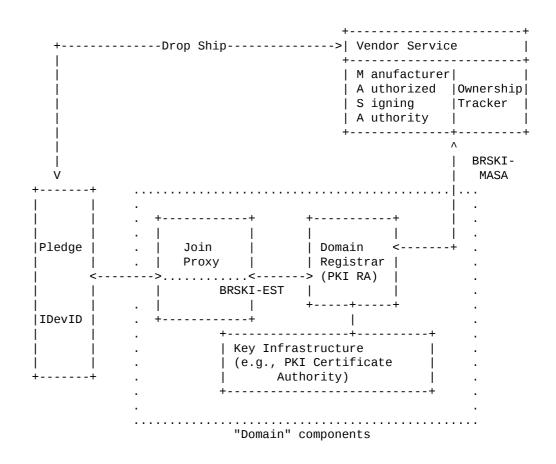
- Update of examples, specifically for building automation as well as introduction of two new application use cases (Infrastructure isolation policy, Less operational security in the deployment domain) in section 4.2.
- Consideration of existing enrollment protocols in the context of mapping the requirements to existing solutions in Section 4.3.
- Enhancement of description of architecture elements and potential changes to influences on BRSKI in Section 5.
- Removal of combined asynchronous interaction with MASA to not complicate the use case in section 5.
- New section 7 starting with the mapping to existing enrollment protocols by collecting boundary conditions.

## Asynchronous enrollment with self-contained objects

- Asynchronous enrollment has to cope with at leas the following requirements:
  - Proof of possession of the private key corresponding to the public key contained in the certification request
  - Proof of identity of the requestor, bound to the certification request (and thus to the proof of possession)
  - Certificate waiting indication if the contacted RA is not able to issue the requested certificate immediately or is not reachable

#### Recap: BRSKI supports synchronous enrollment

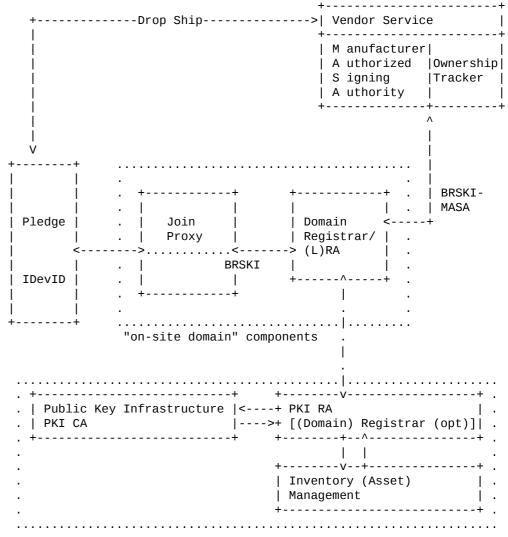
- Use of self-contained voucher (RFC 8366) to transport domain certificate signed by MASA
  - does not rely on transport security
  - can be leveraged for asynchronous provisioning of the voucher
- Use of online enrollment protocol (EST, RFC 7030)
  - Utilizes PKCS#10 for CSR and uses IDevID of pledge for authentication during TLS handshake.
  - Assumes enrollment authorization based on IDevID at the on-site RA/CA with authorization database.



# BRSKI-AE provides enhancements for asynchronous enrollment

- Utilizes self-contained-object for certification request/response (CSR wrapping using existing certificate (IDevID)). 

   — combines proof of possession and proof of identity
- Allows interaction with an off-site PKI
  - rely on on-site simple store-and-forward (optionally no Domain Registrar)
  - CSR authorization in conjunction with off-site asset management system
  - But requires certificate waiting indication
- Support of in-band and out-of-band certificate management throughout the device lifecycle
- Allows BRSKI application in domains that already selected (other) enrollment protocols.



"off-site domain" components

## Requirement coping of (selected) enrollment protocols with respect to the asynchronous enrollment

- EST (RFC 7030)
  - **Proof of possession:** using PKCS #10 structure in the request method.
  - **Proof of identity:** only for /fullcmc request. EST references RFC 5272 for fullcmc request. Signature of the SignedData of Full PKI Request calculated using the IDevID credential.
  - **Cert waiting indication**: a 202 return code should be returned by the Join Registrar. Note that depending on the TLS binding, PKCS #10 has to be re-generated if teared down.
- CMP (RFC 4210)
  - **Proof of possession:** provided by using either CRMF or PKCS#10 for certification request.
  - **Proof of identity:** can be provided by using the MSG\_SIG\_ALG to protect the certificate request message with signatures
  - **Cert waiting indication**: returned in the PKIStatus by the Join Registrar. Pledge retries using PollReqContent with a request identifier certReqId provided in initial CertRequest

#### **Next Steps**

- Further refinement of the approach
- Definition of an abstract self-contained approach \_ YANG model, protocol agnostic
- Should allow support of existing enrollment protocols
- Allow domain registrar to support different enrollment protocol options

Is the WG interested in this work?

### Backup