

# draft-ietf-lpwan-schc-over-lorawan

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# Presentation agenda

- Particularities of LoRaWAN
- Changes since IETF104
- Technical discussion

# LoRaWAN specificities

- 3 classes of devices
- Confirmed and unconfirmed messages
- A number of different network servers and device stack implementations
- FOpts and FPort
- Different regional settings
  - Different spreading factors and different MTUs

# LoRaWAN headers

MHDR	Dev Addr	FCtl	FCnt	FOpts	FPort	Payload
+-----	+-----	+-----	+-----	+-----	+-----	+-----
1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte	2 bytes	0..15 bytes	1 byte	N bytes

# Recap since IETF 104

- What has happened since IETF104?
  - draft-petrov-lpwan-ipv6-schc-over-lorawan -03 became the WG draft  
draft-ietf-lpwan-schc-over-lorawan -00
  - -01 and -02 published
  - Some very useful feedback

# Changes in -01

- Updated references to LPWAN overview document
- Switched to **Ack-on-error** for uplink fragmentation
- Updated Architecture figure
- Some reminders of mapping between LoRaWAN terminology and IETF terminology provided as we go for clarity
- The generic term **devices** is replaced by the more precise **end-devices** wherever that is appropriate

# Changes in -01

- **FPortUp** is split into **FPortUpShort** and **FPortUpDefault** => goal to optimize overhead for short fragmented payloads
- **Tile** size 3 was selected
- Updated to the terminology of -18 of SCHC draft
- Added Extra examples
- Authors list reorganized
- Taken into account feedback from the WG
- Typos + more clear wording (bytes instead of octets, etc)

LoRaWAN Header | FPort | Data

Frag

DTag	FCN	Payload
1 bit	7 bits	

- **FPortUpShort: AoE fragmentation**

- No RuleID in data, 1 header byte

Ack

DTag	C	Encoded bitmap (if C = 0)	Padding (0s)
1 bit	1 bit	0 to 127 bits	7 or 0 bits

- **FPortUpDefault: Frag and compression**

- Rule ID in data
- Fragmentation rule format

Frag

RuleID	DTag	W	FCN	Payload
6 bits	1 bit	2 bits	7 bits	



# Changes in -02

- Figure 6 fixed
- Updated to reference -19 of SCHC draft
- Fixed some uplink examples
- Extra examples for downlinks

# Upcoming changes

- Removing the restriction on ruleID size
  - Recommend use of specific rule IDs for fragmentation
  - Leave it up to the application to device ruleID sizes
- Fixing some confusing typos and clarifying penultimate tile size

# Technical details

- FPending
- Confirmed vs unconfirmed messages

# Technical discussion

- Why tile size of 3 bytes
  - This size is the best optimization to fit all LoraWAN MTUs with or without FOpts, while keeping max SCHC payload MTU greater than 1280 bytes
  - Bigger tile size improves bitmap size
  - We need to be able to send mac commands in FOpts
  - Some regions have MTU of 11 bytes

# Remaining to do

- Finalize IID computation

# Next steps

- Get more reviews
- Ready for WGLC before next IETF?

Thank you for your attention

# Types of uplink packets

- Last fragment

RuleID	DTag	W	FCN=All-1	MIC	Payload	
+ -----	+ -----	+ -----	+ -----	+ -----	+ -----	+ -----
6 bits	1 bit	2 bits	7 bits	32 bits	Last tile, if any	

- MIC check

RuleID	DTag	W	C	Encoded bitmap (if C = 0)	
+ -----	+ -----	+ -----	+ -----	+ -----	+ -----
6 bits	1 bit	2 bit	1 bit	0 to 127 bits	



# Types of downlink packets

- Regular fragment

RuleID	W	FCN = b'0	Payload	
+ -----	+ -----	+ -----	+ -----	+ -----
6 bits	1 bit	1 bits	X bytes	

- Last fragment

RuleID	W	FCN = b'1	MIC	Payload	
+ -----	+ -----	+ -----	+ -----	+ -----	+ -----
6 bits	1 bit	1 bit	32 bits	Last tile, if any	

# Types of downlink packets



- MIC OK ACK

RuleID	W	C = b'1
-----	-----	-----
6 bits	1 bit	1 bit

- Receiver abort

RuleID	W	C = b'0	b'11111111
-----	-----	-----	-----
6 bits	1 bit	1 bits	8 bits