IETF 105

Update on

draft-irtf-nwcrg-network-coding-satellites-05

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From *-04 to *-05

- Since last IETF: WGLC process
- Comments from Lloyd Wood and John Border
- Rather than presenting a diff, this presentation presents *-05



Abstract

- Follows the taxonomy document [RFC8406]:
 - coding as a linear combination of packets
 - operates above the network layer
- Details a multi-gateway satellite system to identify use-cases where coding is relevant
 - Cope from residual losses
 - Provide reliable multicast services
 - ...
- Contribute to a larger deployment of coding techniques in SATCOM
- Identify open research issues
 - Interaction between congestion controls and coding techniques
 - •

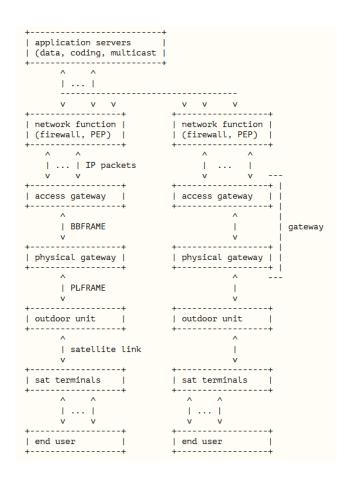


Introduction

- The notations used in this document are based on the taxonomy RFC8406
 - Channel and link codings are gathered in the PHY layer coding and are out of the scope of this document
 - FEC (also called Application-Level FEC) operate above the network layer
 - This document considers coding (or coding techniques or coding schemes) as a linear combination and not as a content coding (e.g., to compress a video flow)
- Active research activity on coding techniques and SATCOM
- Not much has actually made it to industrial developments
- This document aims at identifying opportunities for further usage of coding in these systems



Note on satellite topology





Use-case: Two-way relay channel mode

Demonstrated at ASMS2010



Use-case: Reliable multicast

Could be achieved by using other multicast or broadcast systems, (NORM [RFC5740] in situations where a feedback link is available, or FLUTE [RFC6726] otherwise.

Note that both NORM and FLUTE are limited to block coding, none of them supporting sliding window encoding schemes [RFC8406].

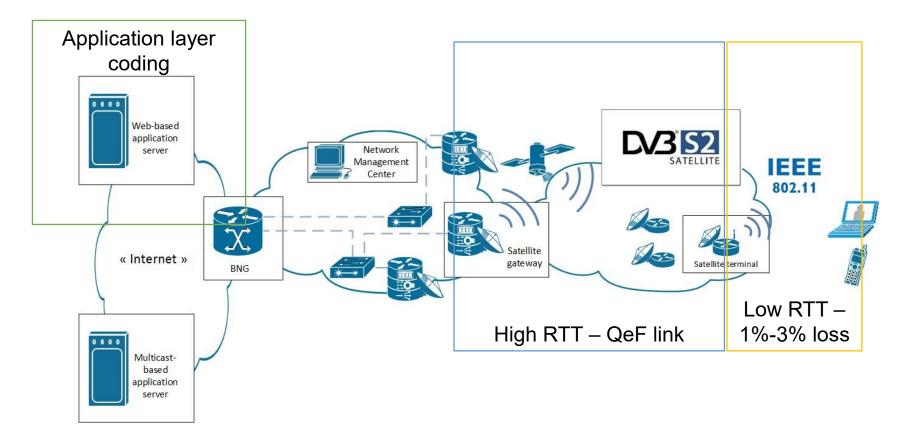


Use-case: Hybrid access

- To cope with packet loss (due to either end-user mobility or physical-layer impairments), coding techniques could be introduced both at the CPE and at the concentrator.
- Better tolerance to out-of-order packets which occur when exploited links exhibit high asymetry in terms of RTT.



Use-case: Dealing with LAN losses





Use-case: Dealing with LAN losses

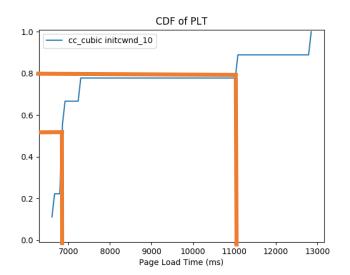
PC

Satellite Gateway Satellite Terminal

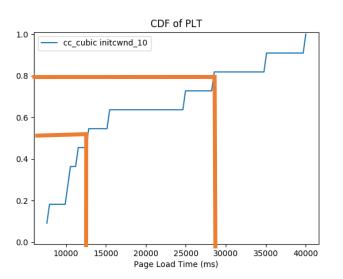
PC

HTTP2/TCP transfer (2 MB)

PLT without congestion without losses



PLT without congestion with losses



1% losses induces

netem random loss On forward and return

5 seconds increase (median)

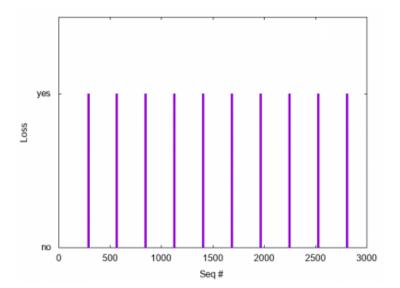
18 seconds increase (80%)







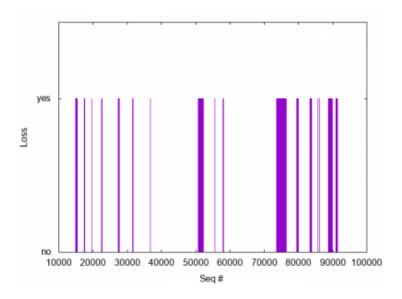
- 3-meters antenna put on a train
- VL-SNR headers (DVB-S2X)
- C/N = 0 dB (QPSK2/9)



LMS channel







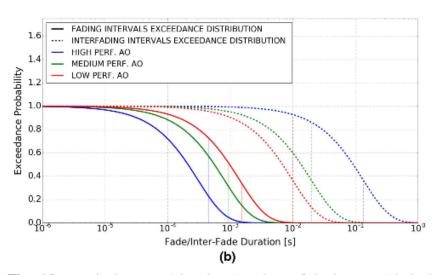
These results have been obtained with CNES SMILE project. The traces format has been adapted by Bastien Tauran (TéSA / ISAE-SUPAERO) with CNES R&T funding







- Optical links with fading events
- GEO-to-ground downlink scenario



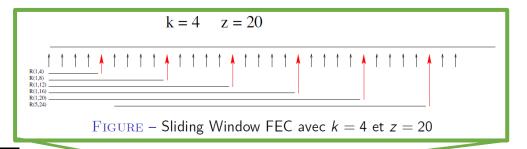
There are cases where physical layer robustness is limited

Fig. 12. Fade duration (plain lines) and interfade duration (dashed lines) analytic exceedance distributions for each AO performance level

Canuet, Lucien and Vedrenne, Nicolas and Conan, Jean-Marc and Petit, Cyril and Artaud, Géraldine and Rissons, Angélique and Lacan, Jérôme Statistical properties of single-mode fiber coupling of satellite-to-ground laser links partially corrected by adaptive optics. (2018) Journal of the Optical Society of America A, 1 (35). 148-162. ISSN1084-7529

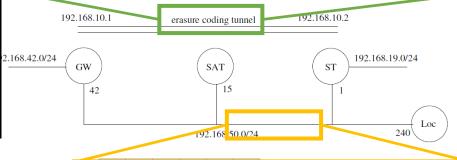


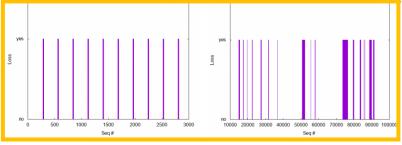








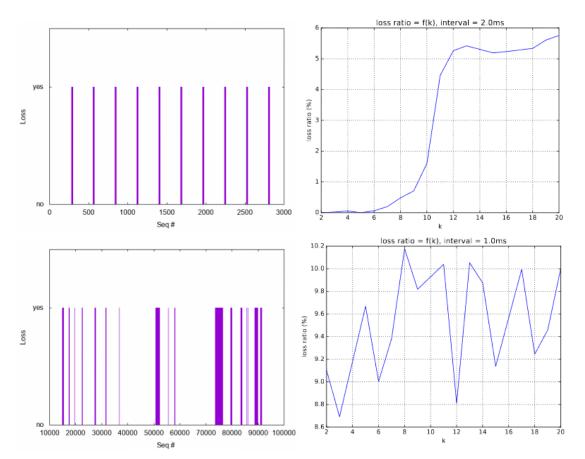




















Use-case: Improving the gateway handovers

```
-{}- : bidirectional link
! : management interface
                   |Physical| |Access | |Network |
              +-{}-|gateway|-{}-|function|
|Satellite| |SAT|
                            | Control plane |
|Terminal |-{}-| |
                             manager
              +-{}-|Physical|-{}-|Access |-{}-|Network |
                   |qateway| |qateway| |function|
```



Research challenge: coding and congestion control

Coding and congestion control

- PEP : could host coding techniques
- This leads to research question on the interaction between coding schemes and TCP congestion controls
 - E.g. impact of reordering level on the interest of using RACK

Efficient usage of resource

 How much overhead from redundant reliability packets can be introduced to guarantee a better end-user QoE while optimizing capacity usage?

Virtualization

- optimization of the NFV service function chaining considering a virtualized infrastructure and other SATCOM specific functions
- guarantee an efficient radio usage and easy-to-deploy SATCOM services

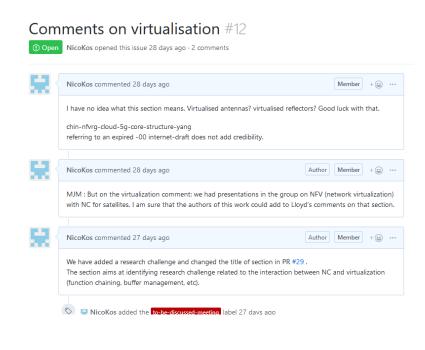
DTN

Integration in the IETF DTN stack?



Open issues

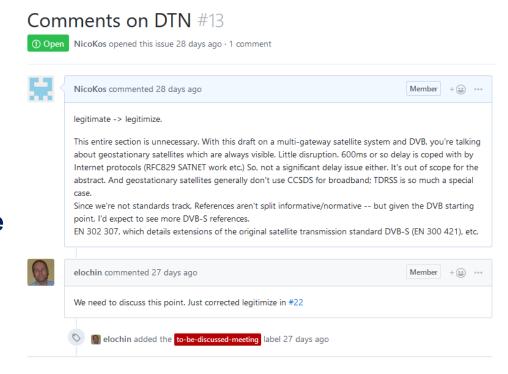
- Comments on virtualisation
- Research challenge
 - optimization of the NFV service function chaining considering a virtualized infrastructure and other SATCOM specific functions
 - guarantee an efficient radio usage and
 - easy-to-deploy SATCOM services.
 - virtualized SATCOM terminals: management of limited buffered equipment?
- Proposition to close the issue





Open issues

- Comments on DTN
- Answer
 - The document uses DVB as a example on how to present SATCOM systems
 - No specific focus on GEO
- Proposition to close the issue





From *-05 to *-06

Next steps: WGLC?