#### DNS server privacy policy with assertion token

draft-reddy-dprive-dprive-privacy-policy-01
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# **Agenda**

- Problem statement
- Solution overview
- Privacy assertion token (PAT)
- PAT object

#### **Problem statement: Users Need**

- 1. Find DNS server privacy policy
- 2. Notice privacy policy changes
- 3. Policy attestation
- 4. Determine DNS filtering

## Solution overview (1/4)

- Finds human readable DNS server privacy policy, User does not have to search to find the privacy policy of the DNS server
- Machine-parsable DNS server privacy policy, that allows using a DNS server that complies with the DNS client's privacy policy.
  - Aligns with the proposed DROP structure in https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-dprive-bcp-op-05
- Minimal human intervention to select a DNS server.

## Solution overview (2/4)

- Notice privacy policy changes
- User is notified if the privacy policy claims of the DNS server have changed.
- Select a server that meets the privacy preserving data policy requirements of the client

## Solution Overview (3/4)

- policy attestation
  - signature by domain operating DNS server
  - optionally signed by third-party ("auditor")
  - OV/EV certificates for privacy claims from registered organizations

## Solution Overview (4/4)

- Determine DNS filtering
  - Malware Blocking
  - Policy Blocking

#### **Privacy Information Claim**

- It contains the privacy policy information of the server, it includes the following attributes:
  - > IP address is PII or not
  - Logging of transaction data and duration.
  - User identity is logged and duration
  - DNS based content Filtering
    - Malware blocking
    - Policy Blocking
  - Transaction data shared with partners, names of partners and anonymized data shared with partners
  - Transfer data to third parties
  - Logging to notify user and Logging for analytics
  - Qname minimization
  - Privacy URL
  - > Audit URL
  - Upstream server privacy claim and if the connection is secure.

## Privacy assertion token (PAT)

- PAT uses JSON Web Token (JWT) and JSON Web Signature (JWS)
- Client retrieves PAT per draft-ietf-dnsop-resolver-information.
- PAT object is created by the domain hosting the DoT/DoH server, and optionally by a third party privacy and security auditor of the DoT/DoH server.

## PAT object example

```
"server":{
    "adn":["example.com"]
"iat":1443208345,
"exp":1443640345,
"privinfo": {
   "ipaddresspii":true,
   "logging": 24,
   "useridentity": 24,
   "sharedata": {
       "sharepartners": false
   },
   "transferdata": false,
   "privacyurl": "https://example.com/privacy/",
   "auditurl": "https://audit-example.com/privacyaudit"
```

## PAT object example

```
JWS protected header:
     "alg": "ES256",
     "typ": "pat",
     "x5u": "https://cert.example.com/pat.cer"
JWS JSON:
  "payload":
"eyJhdWRpdHVyzOi8vYXVkaXQtZXhhbXBsZS5jb20vcHJpdmFjeWF",
  "signatures":[
       {"protected": "eyJhNiIsInR5cCI6InBhdCIsIng1dSI6Imh0dHB",
        "signature":
         "VeX23b4UNTRE358VKA1In-Nz5lpGVFXIjArnUY7T",
       {"protected": "eyJhbGciOiJdCIsIng1dSI6Imh0dHB",
        "signature":
         "PKLgWCegAT TUo6fshOuuGrPgBSYRgIb2ApfvCENzdp-f"}]
```

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Comments and suggestions are welcome