MUD Extension Fast Response to New Vulnerabilities

Sávyo Morais

HotRFC - IETF 106 Singapore November 2019





The problem

- Manufacturer Usage Description (MUD) [RFC 8520] is not efficient against new vulnerabilities:
 - Exploits can use whitelisted traffic.
- Firmware or MUD updates depends on the manufacturer:
 - May take a long time to be done;
 - The manufacturer may exist no more;
 - The manufacturer may have no interest in doing so.

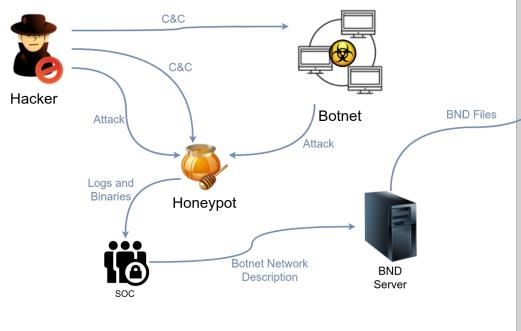
Motivation

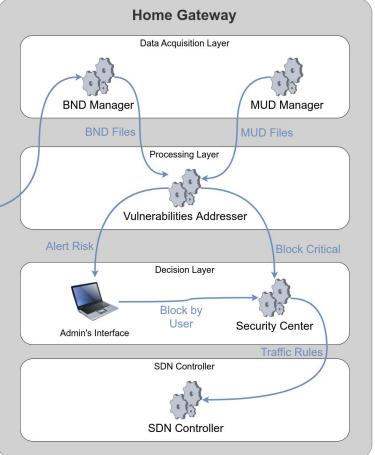
- Botnets leave fingerprints -> Security Operation Centers (SOCs)
 discover their signatures
 - Describe how is the network communication
 - Disclose the information for protect others
- DDoS traffic consumes a lot of bandwidth -> ISPs do not like it
 - They may get interested in support security actions
- Users value their security and privacy

Proposed Extension

- A SOC maintain a security authority with an entity similar to a MUD
 Server a Botnet Network Description (BND) server:
 - Describe the new vulnerabilities or botnets network communication
 - Make available descriptions via a HTTPS server
- The end user configures the client to the SOC's server
- Home gateway compares BNDs with MUDs and finds devices exposed to the botnet.

Proposed Model





MUD Extension

Fast Response to New Vulnerabilities

Thank You!

Questions?

E-mail me:

savyovm@gmail.com

savyo.morais@labnet.nce.ufrj.br



