Interworking of GMPLS Control and Centralized Controller System

TEAS & CCAMP WG, IETF106, Singapore

draft-ietf-teas-gmpls-controller-inter-work-02

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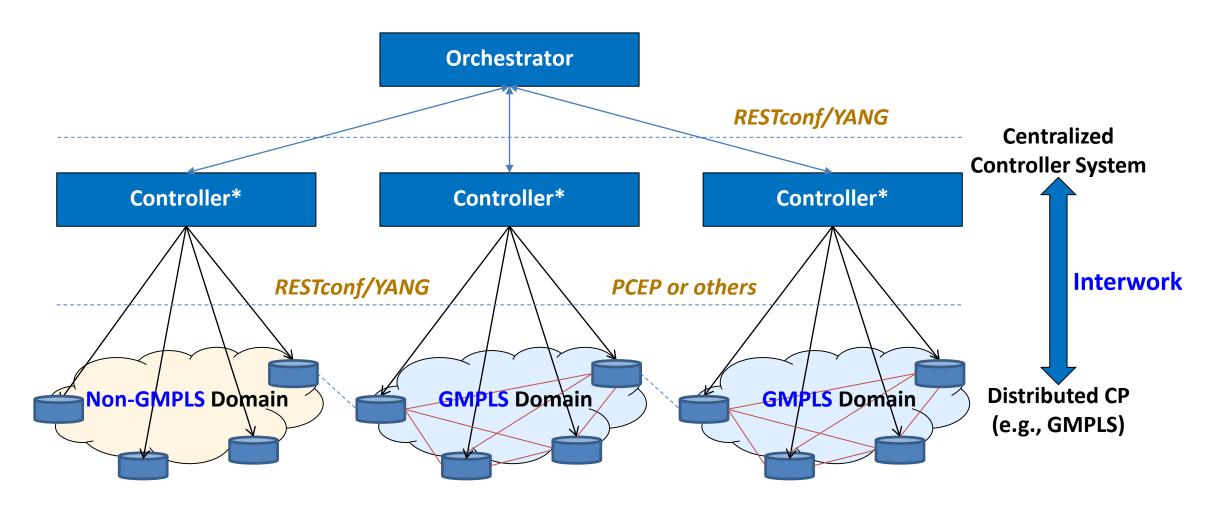
Overview & Summary of Changes

- Overview of this draft: Describe how GMPLS distributed control plane can interwork with a centralized controller system in different scenarios:
 - Topology Collection & Synchronization
 - Multi-domain Service Provisioning
 - Multi-layer Service Provisioning
 - Recovery
 - Controller Reliability

• Main Changes:

- Added the description of how the LSP stitching method [RFC5150] is used for multi-domain service provisioning
- Added Yi Lin as one of the authors

GMPLS-Controller Interwork

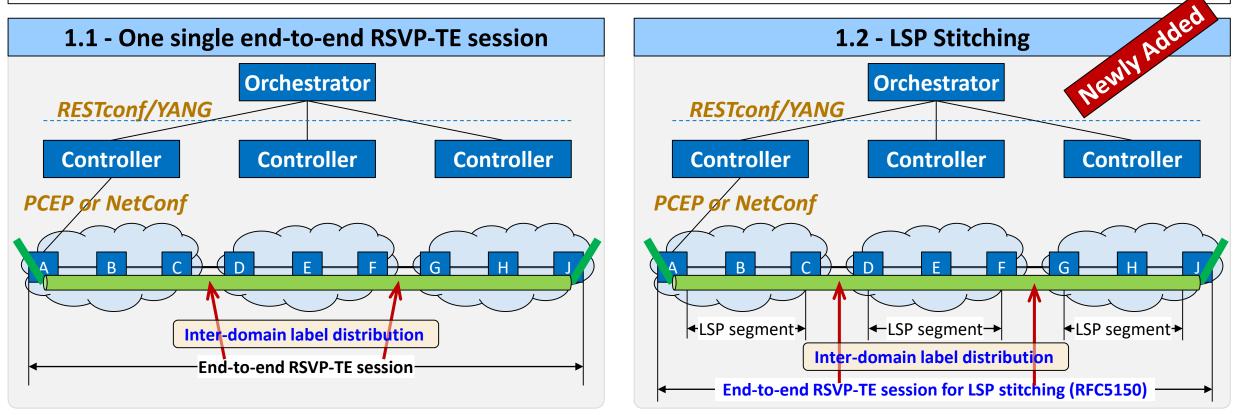


* Controller can be any SDN controller or EMS/NMS

Multi-domain Service Provisioning (1)

Method 1: With end-to-end RSVP-TE session

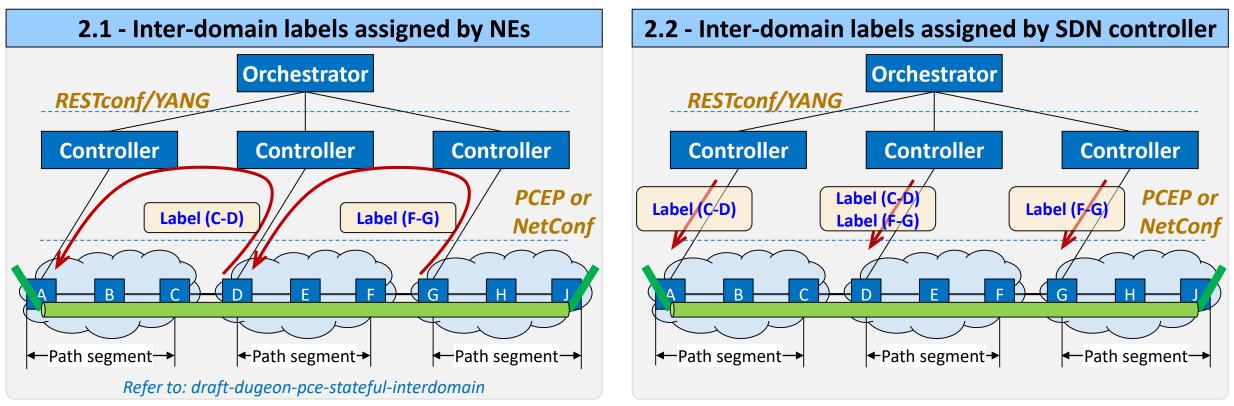
- Inter-domain labels are assigned and distributed by the end-to-end RSVP-TE session
- Requires the interworking of RSVP-TE protocols between different domains



Note: LSP Segments are from line-side to line-side; The client signal mapping on the two ends are configured by the E2E RSVP-TE session

Multi-domain Service Provisioning (2)

- Method 2: Without end-to-end RSVP-TE session
 - Inter-domain labels are distributed by SDN Controllers
 - Do NOT require the interworking of RSVP-TE protocols between different domains



Note: the source and destination path segments are "asymmetrical" segments ---- client signal mapping only on one end

Next Steps

- Provide more detailed description on interworking scenarios, e.g.,
 - Multi-layer Provisioning
 - Protection & Restoration
 - Controller Reliability
- Get feedbacks from the WG level and move forward

Thank you