

rare.freertr.net BIER implementation

P4 BMv2, TOFINO & DPDK dataplane

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Public

www.geant.org

Agenda

- RARE/freeRtr in a nutshell
- BIER RFC's/draft implementation
- RARE (2021) /freeRtr (2017) BIER implementation experiment
- BIER interworking with Junos
- “Loop unrolling” BIER replication
- Conclusion

RARE project : Group focus

- GEANT project sub-task: RARE
 - Control plane software
 - Multiple data planes
 - Interface them and the result is ...
- Fully functional router
 - Running at hardware line rate
 - DIY “hackable/extensible” router
 - Control plane independence

One familiar platform



Multiple solutions



Each solution addresses



R&E

use case

RARE latest news (M27/48)

- RARE p4 targets



bmv2 software switch



Intel/barefoot Tofino on WEDGE-BF100-32X, APS-BF2556X-T1, others



under study

- RARE “p4” emulation targets

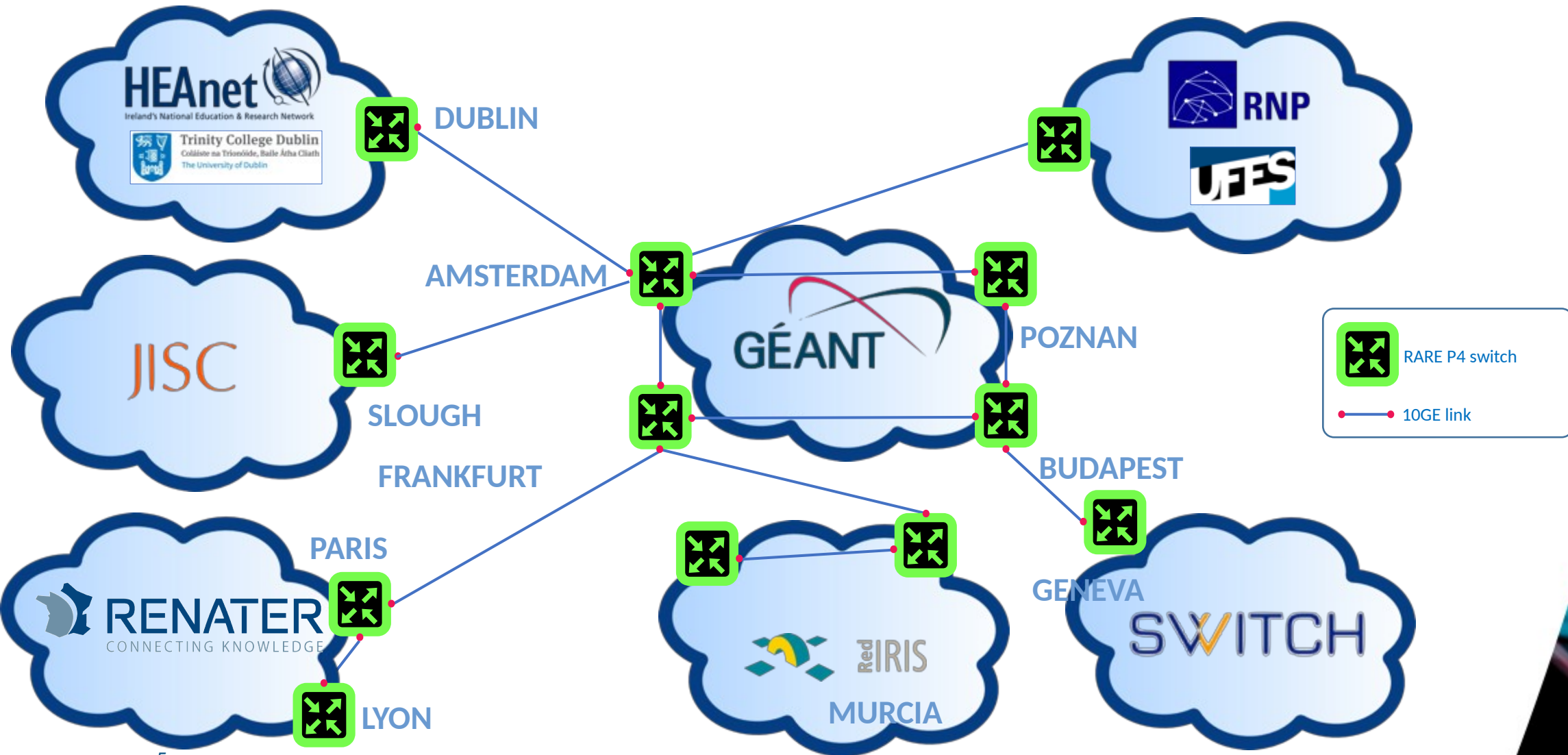


- RARE Network Programmable targets



Broadcom **under study**

RARE P4 european testbed



What we have

- BIER in MPLS - RFC8296
 - All the BitString lengths in software
 - 256bit mode in all the dataplanes
- BIER ISIS – RFC8401
- BIER OSPF – RFC8444
- BIER IDR draft
- BIER PIM draft

Experience

- www.in.nop.hu/trackMap.tcl - a live network running dpdk dataplanes and sometimes a tofino node
- lg.nop.hu - an ISP like setup
- inf.nop.hu/mtrack.tcl - measured from multiple endpoints talking to each other 0-24
- Regular streaming to loudspeakers with vlc: demo
- All over BIER, initially in sw, nowadays in the dataplane
- We had a successful interop with Juniper! Someone else?
- Forwarding pitfall we're doing

```
dn42#
dn42#
dn42#
dn42#sho config-differ
dn42#sho config-differ
dn42#sho config-differ
router bgp4 1
  bier 256 256 1
  redistribute connected
exit
interface loopback1
  no description
  vrf forwarding demo
  ipv4 address 1.1.1.1 255.255.255.255
  no shutdown
  no log-link-change
exit

dn42#
dn42#sho ipv4 bier demo
dn42#sho ipv4 bier demo
dn42#sho ipv4 bier demo
prefix          index  base    oldbase  size
1.1.1.2/32      2      494811  0        3-256
172.23.43.90/32 2      494811  0        3-256

dn42#
dn42#
```

```
LXTerminal
dn42#
dn42#
dn42#
dn42#sho conf
dn42#sho conf
dn42#sho conf
router bgp4 1
  bier 256 256 2
  redistribute connected
exit
interface loopback1
  no description
  vrf forwarding demo
  ipv4 address 1.1.1.2 255.255.255.255
  no shutdown
  no log-link-change
exit

dn42#
dn42#sh ipv4 bier demo
dn42#sh ipv4 bier demo
dn42#sh ipv4 bier demo
prefix          index  base    oldbase  size
1.1.1.1/32      1      620235  0        3-256
172.23.43.91/32 1      620235  0        3-256

dn42#
dn42#
```


Juniper's vMX parsed the BIER info from OSPF

Session Manager

Command Manager

✓ local ✕ ✓ safe ✕ ✓ safe (1) ✕ ✓ safe (3) ✕ ✓ nas ✕

```
1
Prefix Length (2), length 1:
32
AF (3), length 1:
0
Flags (4), length 1:
0x00
Prefix (5), length 32:
2.2.2.111
BIER (9), length 16:
Sub-domain ID (1), length 1:
0
MT ID (2), length 1:
0
BFR-id (3), length 2:
111
MPLS (10), length 12:
Range size (1), length 1:
4
Label Range Base (2), length 3:
0x31646
BitString Length, length 4 bits:
3

mc36@vmx> show lldp neighbors
Local Interface    Parent Interface    Chassis Id          Port info           System Name
ge-0/0/2           -                   00:34:64:47:48:68   pwether2            sid
ge-0/0/1           -                   00:6e:4e:5e:7a:2c   pwether1            sid

mc36@vmx>
```

the vMX populated the forwarding tables correctly

Session Manager

Command Manager

✔ local ✖

✔ safe ✖

✔ safe (1) ✖

✔ safe (3) ✖

✔ nas ✖

Local Interface	Parent Interface	Chassis Id	Port info	System Name
ge-0/0/2	-	00:34:64:47:48:68	pwether2	sid
ge-0/0/1	-	00:6e:4e:5e:7a:2c	pwether1	sid

```
mc36@vmx> show route table :bier-0.inet.9

:bier-0.inet.9: 2 destinations, 2 routes (2 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
+ = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both

2.2.2.111/32      *[OSPF/10] 00:02:51, metric 2
                  > to 1.1.1.11 via ge-0/0/1.0, Push 202310
2.2.2.222/32      *[OSPF/10] 00:02:46, metric 2
                  > to 1.1.2.11 via ge-0/0/2.0, Push 385064

mc36@vmx> show route table :bier-0-0.bier.0

:bier-0-0.bier.0: 3 destinations, 3 routes (3 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
+ = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both

111/16
                  *[OSPF/10] 00:02:57, metric 2
                  > to 1.1.1.11 via ge-0/0/1.0, Push 202310
123/16
                  *[BIER/70] 00:07:20
                  Local
222/16
                  *[OSPF/10] 00:02:52, metric 2
                  > to 1.1.2.11 via ge-0/0/2.0, Push 385064

mc36@vmx> █
```

some more forwarding info

Session Manager

Command Manager

✓ local ✗ ✓ safe ✗ ✓ safe (1) ✗ ✓ safe (3) ✗ ✓ nas ✗

```
> to 1.1.2.11 via ge-0/0/2.0, Push 385064

mc36@vmx> show route table :bier-0-0.bier.0

:bier-0-0.bier.0: 3 destinations, 3 routes (3 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
+ = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both

111/16
    *[OSPF/10] 00:04:40, metric 2
    > to 1.1.1.11 via ge-0/0/1.0, Push 202310

123/16
    *[BIER/70] 00:09:03
    Local

222/16
    *[OSPF/10] 00:04:35, metric 2
    > to 1.1.2.11 via ge-0/0/2.0, Push 385064

mc36@vmx> show route table :bier-0.inet.9 detail | match "BCN|via"
    BCNH FBM 00000000:00000000:00000000:00000000:00004000:00000000:00000000:00000000: ELNH IDd
    Next hop: 1.1.1.11 via ge-0/0/1.0
    BCNH FBM 00000000:20000000:00000000:00000000:00000000:00000000:00000000:00000000: ELNH IDd
    Next hop: 1.1.2.11 via ge-0/0/2.0

mc36@vmx> show route table :bier-0-0.bier.0 detail | match "BCN|via"
    BCNH FBM 00000000:00000000:00000000:00000000:00004000:00000000:00000000:00000000: ELNH IDd
    Next hop: 1.1.1.11 via ge-0/0/1.0
    BCNH FBM 00000000:20000000:00000000:00000000:00000000:00000000:00000000:00000000: ELNH IDd
    Next hop: 1.1.2.11 via ge-0/0/2.0

mc36@vmx>
```

BFid set on the loopback on rare/freertr

Session Manager Command Manager

```
✓ local ✓ safe ✓ safe (1) ✓ safe (3) ✓ nas
router ospf4 2
vrf left
router-id 1.1.1.111
traffeng-id 1.1.1.111
bier 256 1024
area 0 enable
area 0 traffeng
area 0 bier
exit
router ospf4 3
vrf right
router-id 1.1.1.222
traffeng-id 1.1.1.222
bier 256 1024
area 0 enable
area 0 traffeng
area 0 bier
exit
interface loopback2
no description
vrf forwarding left
ipv4 address 2.2.2.111 255.255.255.255
router ospf4 2 enable
router ospf4 2 area 0
router ospf4 2 traffeng bandwidth 1000000000
router ospf4 2 bier index 111
no shutdown
no log-link-change
exit
interface loopback3
```

the static BIER encap tunnels with the setdel filter :)

Session Manager

Command Manager

✓ local ✕ ✓ safe ✕ ✓ safe (1) ✕ ✓ safe (3) ✕ ✓ nas ✕

```
delete interface pwether2 log-link-change
set interface pwether2 exit
set interface tunnel2
delete interface tunnel2 description
set interface tunnel2 tunnel key 111
set interface tunnel2 tunnel vrf left
set interface tunnel2 tunnel source loopback2
set interface tunnel2 tunnel destination 9.9.9.9
set interface tunnel2 tunnel domain-name 2.2.2.222
set interface tunnel2 tunnel mode bier
set interface tunnel2 vrf forwarding left
set interface tunnel2 ipv4 address 3.3.3.1 255.255.255.252
delete interface tunnel2 shutdown
delete interface tunnel2 log-link-change
set interface tunnel2 exit
set interface tunnel3
delete interface tunnel3 description
set interface tunnel3 tunnel key 222
set interface tunnel3 tunnel vrf right
set interface tunnel3 tunnel source loopback3
set interface tunnel3 tunnel destination 9.9.9.9
set interface tunnel3 tunnel domain-name 2.2.2.111
set interface tunnel3 tunnel mode bier
set interface tunnel3 vrf forwarding right
set interface tunnel3 ipv4 address 3.3.3.2 255.255.255.252
delete interface tunnel3 shutdown
delete interface tunnel3 log-link-change
set interface tunnel3 exit

sid#show config-differences | setdel
```


BIER info from the vMX's left and right sides

Session Manager
Command Manager

✓ local ✖ ✓ safe ✖ ✓ safe (1) ✖ ✓ safe (3) ✖ ✓ nas ✖

sid#show ipv4 bier left

2021-02-20 10:04:27

prefix	index	base	oldbase	size
2.2.2.123/32	123	800000	800000	3-256
2.2.2.222/32	222	800000	385064	3-256

sid#show ipv4 bier right

2021-02-20 10:04:28

prefix	index	base	oldbase	size
2.2.2.111/32	111	800000	202310	3-256
2.2.2.123/32	123	800000	800000	3-256

sid#show mpls forwarding | include bier|targ

2021-02-20 10:04:41

label	vrf	iface	hop	label	targets	bytes
202310	left:4	null	null	unlabelled	bier	0
202311	left:4	null	null	unlabelled	bier	0
202312	left:4	null	null	unlabelled	bier	0
202313	left:4	null	null	unlabelled	bier	0
385064	right:4	null	null	unlabelled	bier	0
385065	right:4	null	null	unlabelled	bier	0
385066	right:4	null	null	unlabelled	bier	0
385067	right:4	null	null	unlabelled	bier	0
656330	v1:4	null	null	unlabelled	bier	0
656331	v1:4	null	null	unlabelled	bier	0
982822	v1:6	null	null	unlabelled	bier	0
982823	v1:6	null	null	unlabelled	bier	0

sid#

rare/freertr's forwarding info from the vMX's left side

Session Manager

Command Manager

✔ local ✖

✔ safe ✖

✔ safe (1) ✖

✔ safe (3) ✖

✔ nas ✖

982823

v1:6

null

null

unlabelled

bier

0

sid#show mpls forwarding 202310

2021-02-20 10:05:14

category

value

label

202310

key

20-ospf4 bier

working

true

forwarder

left:4

interface

null

nexthop

null

remote label

unlabelled

need local

false

bier base

202310

bier bsl

3-256

bier si

0

bier sis

0

bier idx

111

bier idx2

0

bier local bs

00 40 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

0 00 00

bier peer

1.1.1.2 pwether1 lab=800000 bs= 00 00 00 00 20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 04 00 00

00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

pwe iface

null

pwe del

0

pwe add

n/a

counter

tx=0(0) rx=0(0) drp=0(0)

hardware counter

null

sid#

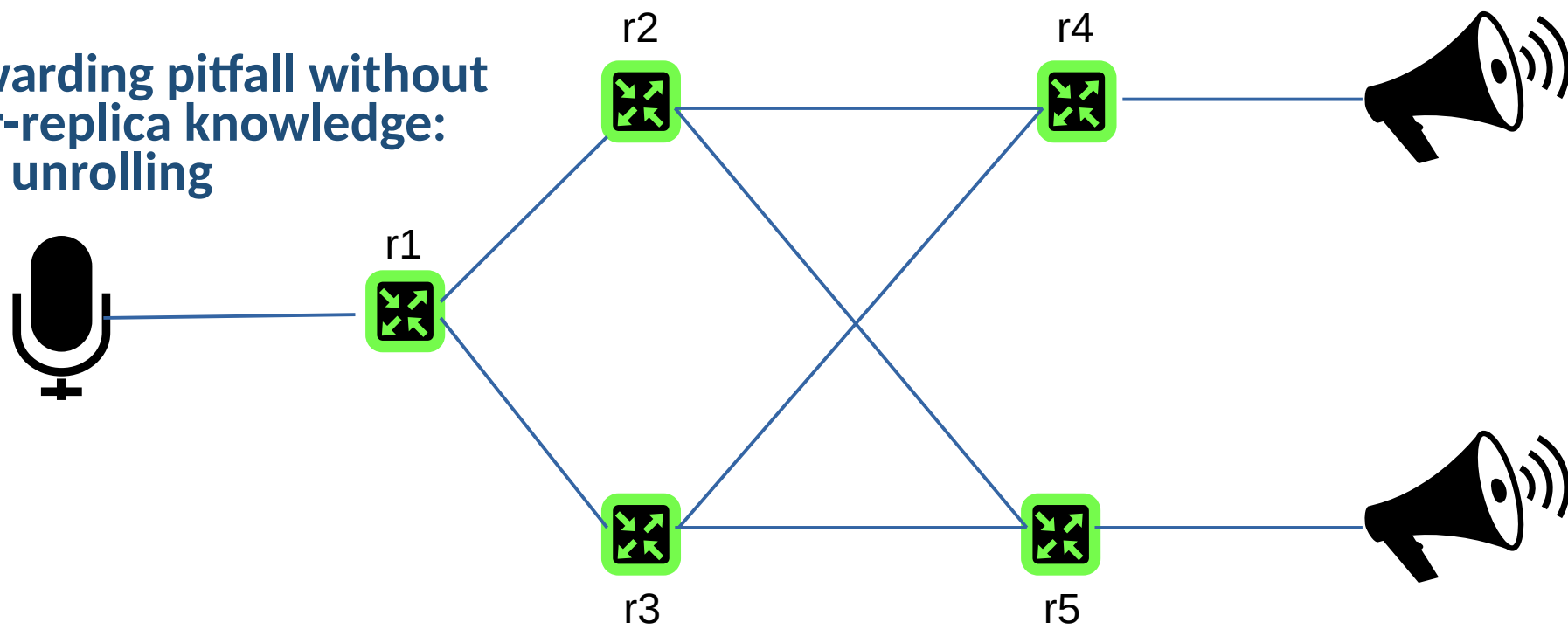
first packets to the tunnel, the counters seems ok, so the vMX forwards perfectly!

The screenshot shows a terminal window with a dark background and light-colored text. At the top, there are five status indicators: "local", "safe", "safe (1)", "safe (3)", and "nas". The main content of the terminal is as follows:

```
2021-02-20 10:05:59
pinging 3.3.3.2, src=null, vrf=left, cnt=111, len=111, tim=1000, gap=0, ttl=255, tos=0, fill=0, sweep=false, multi=false, detail=false
!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
!!!!!!
result=100%, recv/sent/lost/err=111/111/0/0, rtt min/avg/max/total=0/0/2/105
sid#show interfaces summary
2021-02-20 10:06:01
```

interface	state	tx	rx	drop
loopback0	up	648	0	0
loopback2	up	66	0	0
loopback3	up	66	0	0
loopback42	up	0	0	0
loopback65535	up	0	0	0
template1	admin	0	0	368
bundle9	up	50532	53922	0
bundle9.11	up	2526	836	0
bundle9.12	up	46810	51858	0
bvi1	up	0	0	0
bvi2	up	0	0	0
bvi3	up	0	0	0
bvi4	up	0	0	0
ethernet1	up	48512	4341	0
ethernet2	up	2020	49441	0
ethernet8	up	0	0	0
ethernet9	up	0	0	0
pwether1	up	17497	17427	0
pwether2	up	17497	17427	0
tunnel2	up	12543	0	0
tunnel3	up	12543	0	0

Forwarding pitfall without inter-replica knowledge: loop unrolling



- r4 and r5 got the IGMP report from the connected VLCs
- both looked up the group's source in mrib, both decided to send PIM in BIER to r1
- both looked up r1 loopback's bfid from the rib and sent the PIM in BIER join
- first I tried the plain old PIM behavior: r1 sent the BIER encapped mcast on the same interface where it got the PIM in BIER join from, but r4 and r5 was able to hash to different incoming interfaces
- then I tried to do a rib lookup on r1 for r4 and r5's loopbacks, but r1 was able to hash to different outgoing interfaces
- so for now, I use only the first path on r1 from the rib lookup and for now, duplication happens on the last possible hop
- RFC 6754 does not apply as r2 and r3 are unaware of the s,g. better idea?



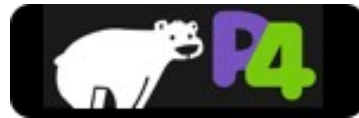
Key take-away – We are ready to roll into production

- Automated testing: www.freertr.net/tests.html
- 3rd party testing via Spirent usage
 - (thanks PSNC@WB team)
- P4 profile calibration
- DPDK is in operation
- Production instance



- Someone else? :)

Special thanks ...



And others ...
Who makes this possible !

Thank you

Any questions?

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