

NLRI AppMetaData Path Attribute for 5G Edge Computing Service

draft-dunbar-idr-5g-edge-compute-app-meta-data-03

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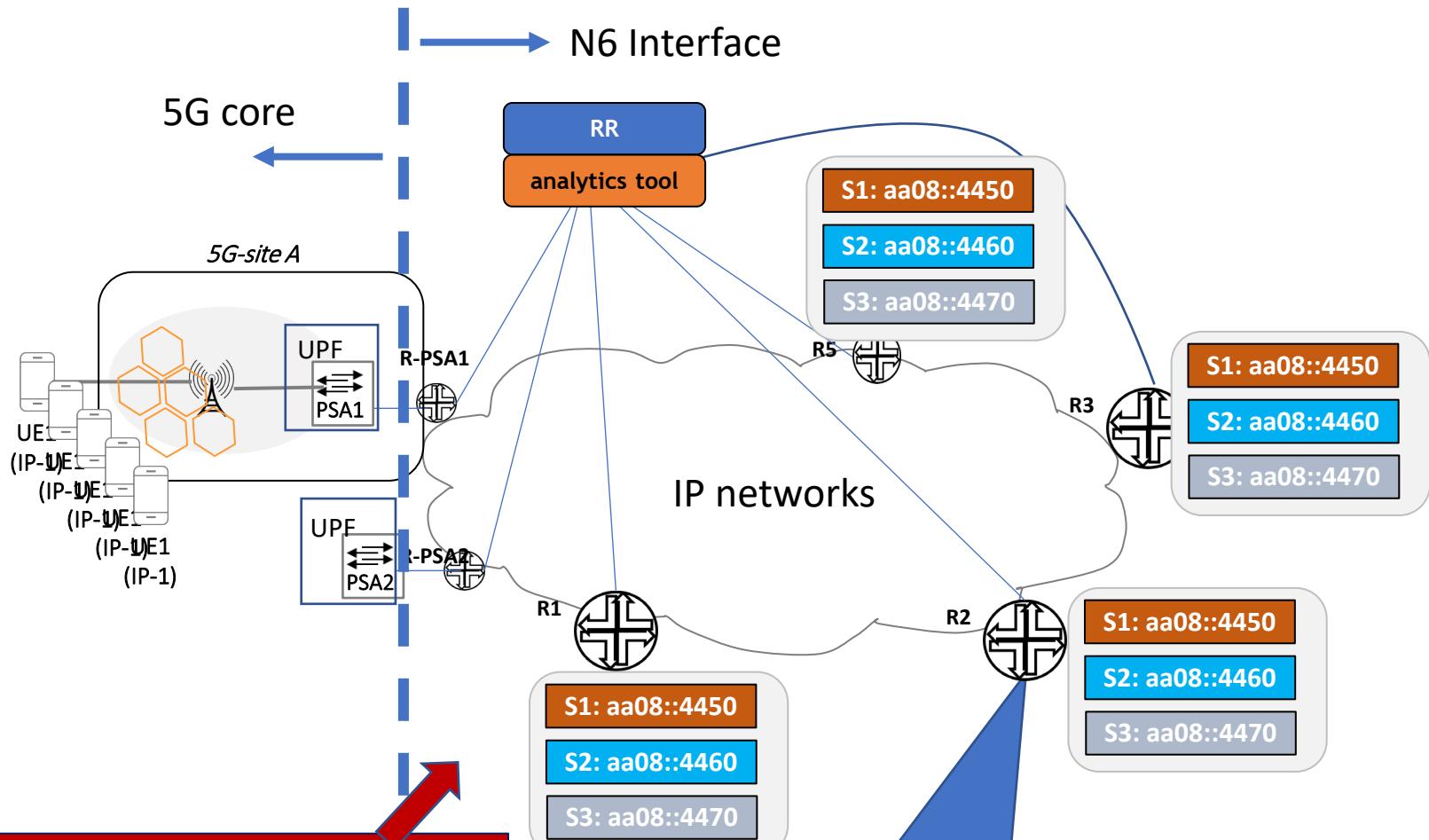
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IETF109 Recap: a new BGP NLRI Path Attribute: AppMetaData

NLRI BGP UPDATE:

Client route= S1:
aa08::4450

AppMetaData TLV
Load Measurement
subTLV
Capacity Index subTLV
Site Preference
subTLV



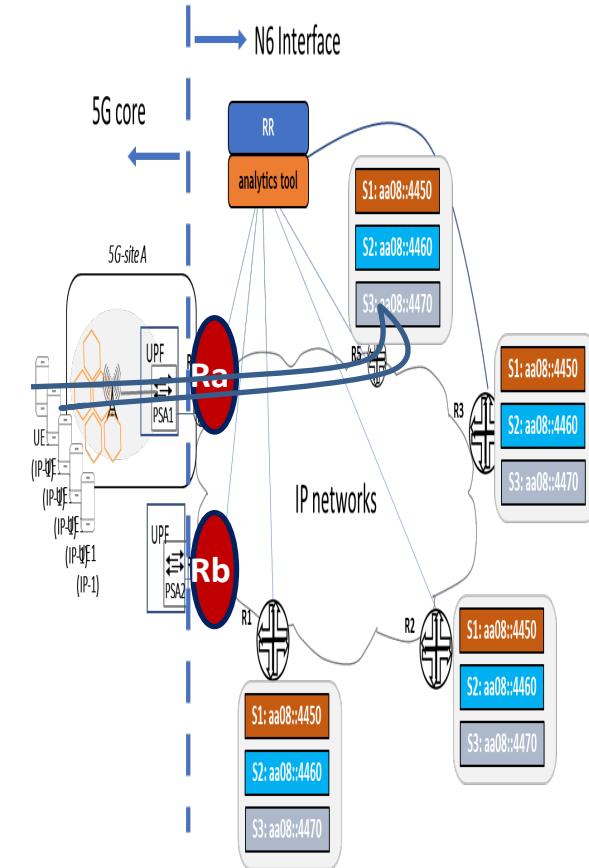
Network Assumption:

All the servers are directly attached to the egress routers,
The servers and the egress routers are co-located.
May have a layer of Virtual Switch or ToR between the egress routers and the servers

BGP UPDATE for its attached App Server ANYCAST address include:
Load Index, Capacity Index, and Site Preference

Issues Raised from IETF109 and IDR Mailing List

- 1) When a new flow comes to an ingress node (Ra), how to select the optimal egress router to reach an ANYCAST server,
- 2) How Ingress node keeps the packets from one flow to the same ANYCAST server,
- 3) When a UE moves to a new Cell Tower, method to stick the flow to the same ANYCAST server, which is required by 5G Edge Computing: 3GPP TR 23.748.
 - ❖ Out of scope for this draft. Covered by [5g-Sticky-Service]
[\(https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-dunbar-6man-5g-edge-compute-sticky-service/\)](https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-dunbar-6man-5g-edge-compute-sticky-service/)



Path Selection Behavior

➤ Assumptions:

- ✓ Only the registered Edge Computing services.
- ✓ Ingress routers are configured with the ACLs.
- ✓ The ingress routers' local BGP path compute algorithm can compute the path to the optimal Next Hop (egress router) based on the BGP AppMetaData value.

➤ AppMetaData Influenced BGP Path Selection

- ✓ Destination Address is resolved to multiple NextHop: R1, R2, R3.
- ✓ Higher weight is inserted for the path towards R1 if the local BGP compute finds R1 is the best.

➤ Forwarding Behavior

- ✓ Using the existing Flow Affinity feature: supported by many commercial routers.

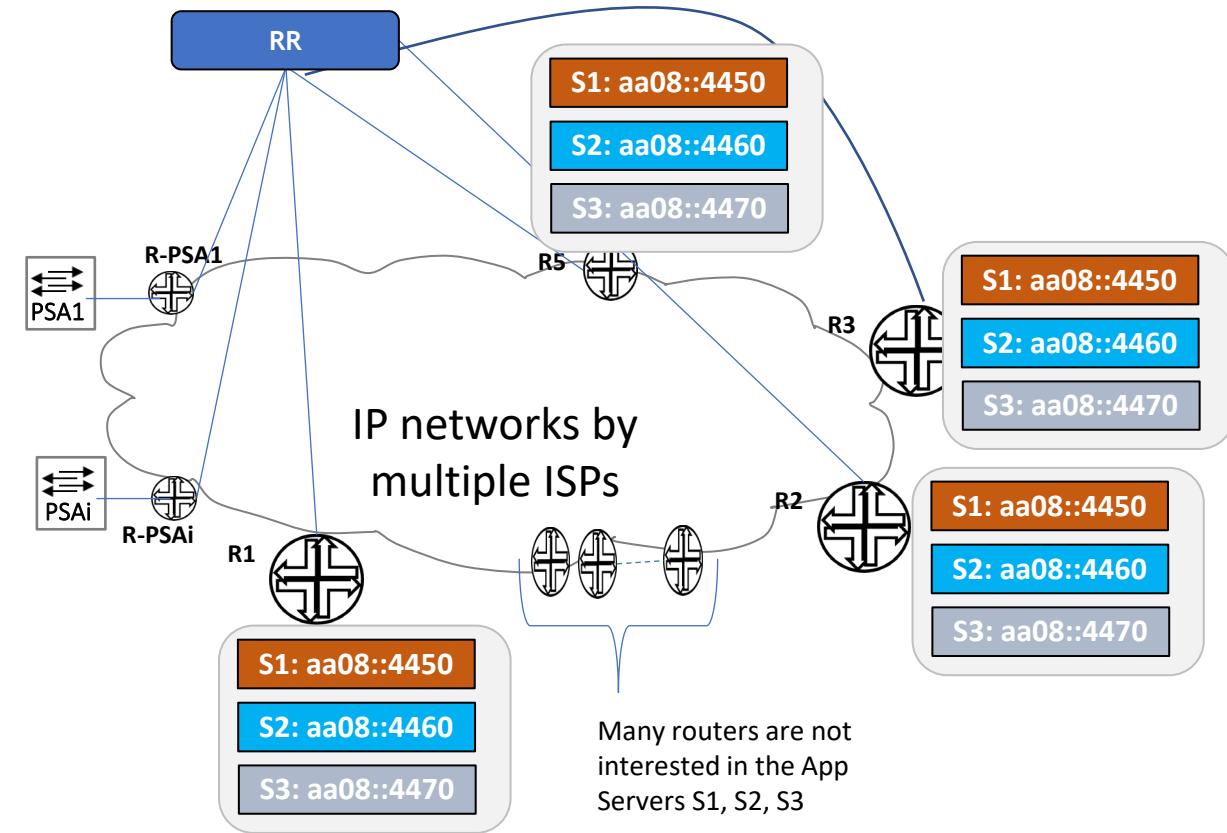
➤ Forwarding Behavior after a UE moves to a new 5G Site

- ✓ When a UE moves to a new 5G Site, [5G-Edge-Sticky] in 6MAN

AppMetaData Propagation Scope

- BGP RT constrained distribution (RFC4684)
 - there are much more App Servers than the number of routers
- Create a AppServer-Bound-Group
 - Based on the Edge Computing service ACL configured to each Ingress router

AppServer ID	Interested Routers	Time To Live	Other attributes
S1: aa08::4450	R-PSA1, R-PSA2		
S2: aa08::4460	R-PSA1,		



Explained in IETF 109

The NLRI Path Attribute for App Meta Data

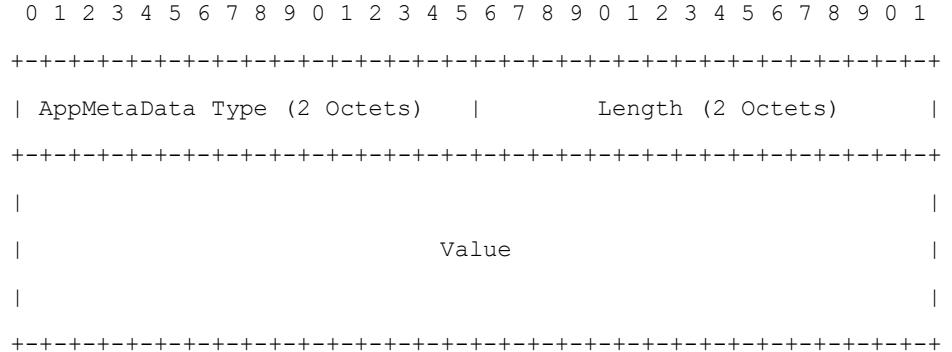


Figure 2: App Meta Data TLV Value Field

Load Measurement sub-TLV

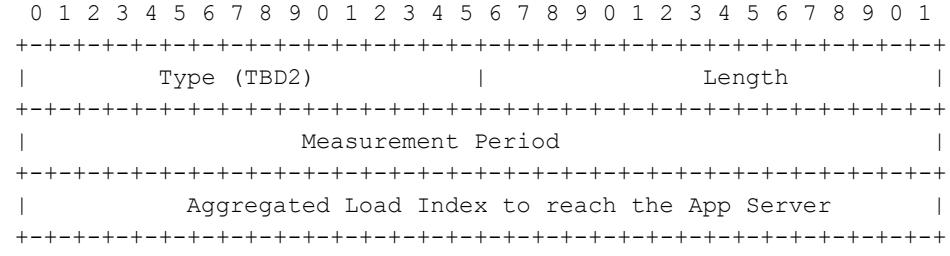


Figure 4: Aggregated Load Index Sub-TLV

Asking for WG Adoption

Raw Load Measurement sub-TLV:

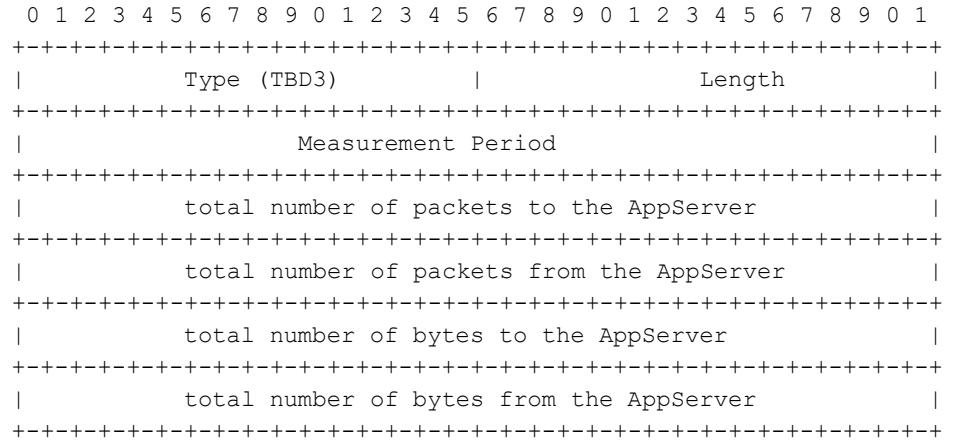
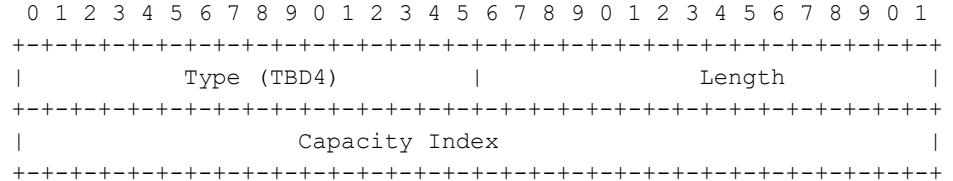
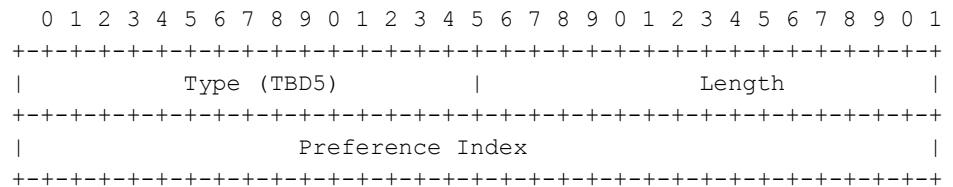


Figure 5: Raw Load Measurement Sub-TLV

The Capacity Index sub-TLV has the following format:



The Preference Index sub-TLV has the following format:



Backup slides

6MAN: Sticky Service

Case 1: without any assistance from 5G Core

