BGP SR Policy Extensions to Enable IFIT

draft-ietf-idr-sr-policy-ifit-01

Online, Mar 2021, IETF 110

Fengwei Qin (China Mobile)
Hang Yuan (UnionPay)
Tianran Zhou (Huawei)
Giuseppe Fioccola (Huawei)
Yali Wang (Huawei)

Background and Motivation

- □ In-situ Flow Information Telemetry (IFIT) refers to dataplane on-path telemetry techniques, including In-situ OAM (IOAM) (draft-ietf-ippm-ioam-data) and Alternate Marking (RFC8321, RFC8889)
- A headend may be informed about a candidate path for an SR Policy by using BGP (draft-ietf-idr-segment-routing-te-policy).



This document defines **extensions to BGP to distribute SR policies** carrying **In-situ Flow Information Telemetry** (IFIT) information.

So data plane on-path telemetry methods can be enabled automatically when the SR policy is applied

Changes after WG Adoption

Comments during IETF 109 and Adoption Call

- Inputs from Dhruv Dhody during WG adoption
 - More text about error handling actions, IFIT start/stop/update and backward compatibility
- Comment from Ketan Talaulikar: what types of Steering would be possible to be used for such SR Policies and how it is handled by the SRPM.
- Comment from Gyan Mishra: Alignment with "SR Policy and Tunnel Encapsulation Attribute" of draft-ietf-idr-segment-routing-te-policy
- Mike Koldychev: consider the case of different IFIT methods for each Segment Lists (<u>draft-koldychev-pce-multipath</u>).
- It has been added the AltMark Mode (HbH, DOH).

Summary of the changes in -01

Steering into an SR Policy

Once the IFIT attributes are signalled, if a packet arrives at the headend, based on the types of steering described in <u>draft-ietf-spring-segment-routing-policy</u>, it may get steered into an SR Policy where IFIT methods (IOAM or Alternate Marking) are applied.

IFIT possible cases: conservative strategy

- ✓ In case of empty IFIT Attributes Sub-TLV or more than one instance of the same sub-TLV, IFIT methods will not be activated.
- ✓ If two conflicting IOAM sub-TLVs are present it means that they are not usable and none of the two methods will be activated.

IFIT Attributes Validation

✓ The validation of the individual fields of the IFIT Attributes sub-TLVs are handled by the SRPM.

Backward compatibility

✓ An implementation that does not understand IFIT Attributes Sub-TLV can simply ignore it.

Error handling actions

As described in <u>draft-ietf-idr-segment-routing-te-policy</u>, a BGP Speaker MUST perform the syntactic validation of the SR Policy NLRI to determine if it is malformed, including the TLVs/sub-TLVs.

In case of any error detected, the "treat-as-withdraw" strategy MUST be applied.

IFIT Attributes in SR Policy

The SR Policy encoding structure has been updated according to draft-ietf-idr-<u>segment-routing-te-policy</u>.

IFIT attributes can be attached at the candidate path level as sub-TLVs

```
SR Policy SAFI NLRI: <Distinguisher, Policy-Color, Endpoint>
Attributes:
   Tunnel Encaps Attribute (23)
      Tunnel Type: SR Policy
          Binding SID
                                                            The format of the general IFIT Attributes Sub-TLV
          SRv6 Binding SID
          Preference
                                                                                             Type
                                                                                                          Length
          Priority
          Policy Name
          Policy Candidate Path Name
          Explicit NULL Label Policy (ENLP)
         IFIT Attributes
          Segment List
              Weight
              Segment
                                                             sub-TLVs currently defined:
              Segment
```

- * IOAM Pre-allocated Trace Option Sub-TLV
- * IOAM Incremental Trace Option Sub-TLV
- * IOAM Directly Export Option Sub-TLV
- * IOAM Edge-to-Edge Option Sub-TLV
- * Enhanced Alternate Marking (EAM) sub-TLV

IOAM Sub-TLVs

When IOAM is enabled, the IOAM header will be inserted into every packet of the traffic that is steered into the SR paths:

IOAM Pre-allocated Trace Option Sub-TLV

	Namespace ID 	
race Type		Rsvd

IOAM Incremental Trace Option Sub-TLV

İ	Type=2		Length=6	İ	Namespace	ID		İ
		•	е Туре			Flags	•	İ

IOAM Directly Export Option Sub-TLV

	Type=3 Length=12
Namespace ID	Flags
IOAM Trace Type	Rsvd
Flow IC)

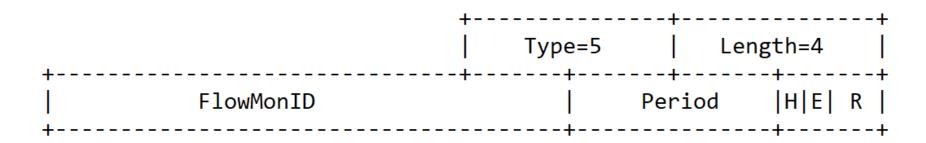
IOAM Edge-to-Edge Option Sub-TLV

4		•	Type=4	+ Length=4
	Namespace ID		IOAM E	2E Type

Alternate Marking Sub-TLVs

When Enhanced Alternate Marking is enabled Alt-Mark is applied to the traffic that is steered into the SR paths

Enhanced Alternate Marking (EAM) sub-TLV



New fields added:

H: A flag indicating that the measurement is Hop-By-Hop.

E: A flag indicating that the measurement is end to end.

SR Policy Operations with IFIT Attributes

This document complements SR Policy Operations described in **draft-ietf-idr-segment-routing-te-policy** by adding the IFIT Attributes.

- The addition of IFIT Attributes Sub-TLVs for the SR Policy NLRI is considered by a BGP speaker, but the implementation MAY ignore the unrecognized or unsupported IFIT sub-TLVs.
- SR Policy NLRIs that have been determined acceptable, usable and valid can be evaluated for propagation, including the IFIT information.
- The error handling actions are also described in draft-ietf-idr-segment-routing-te-policy.
- The validation of the IFIT Attributes sub-TLVs introduced in this document MUST be performed to determine if they are malformed or invalid. This is done by the SRPM.

Discussion & Next Steps

- Work in progress to make the draft stable
- Welcome questions, comments

Thank you