## OSPF Transport Instance Extensions

IETF 110, Virtual

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## OSPF Transport Instance Refresher

- Separate OSPF instance for non-routing information dissemination.
- Packet differentiation
- RFC 6549, OSPFv2 Multi-Instance Extensions provides the necessary packet encoding for multiple OSPF instances.
- OSPFv3 supports separate instances within the packet encodings.
- Network prioritization
- By setting the IP/IPv6 precedence differently for OSPF transport instance packets, normal OSPF routing instances can be given priority during both packet transmission and reception. Up to implementation to support prioritization.
- Non-Routing Sparse Topologies
- Remote OSPF neighbor


## OSPFv2 Transport Instance Information Encoding

OSPFv2 Transport Instance Information (TII) opaque LSA is shown as following:


TII LSA can be advertised at any of the defined flooding scopes (link, area or AS).

## OSPFv3 Transport Instance Information Encoding

OSPFv3 Transport Instance Information (TII) LSA is shown as following:


Same as OSPFv2, TII LSA can be advertised at any of the defined flooding scopes (link, area or AS).

## Top-Level TII Application TLV



Application ID: An identifier assigned to this application via the IANA registry, as defined in RFC6823. Each unique application will have a unique ID.

Additional Application-Specific Sub-TLVs: Additional information defined by applications can be encoded as Sub-TLVs. Definition of such information is beyond the scope of this document.

## IANA Registry Summary

- OSPFv2 Opaque LSA type: Transport Instance Information (TII) LSA
- OSPFv3 LSA Function Code: Transport Instance Information (TII) LSA
- Create a registry for OSPF TII top-level TLVs:



## Next Steps

- Collect and address comments
- Request WG adoption

