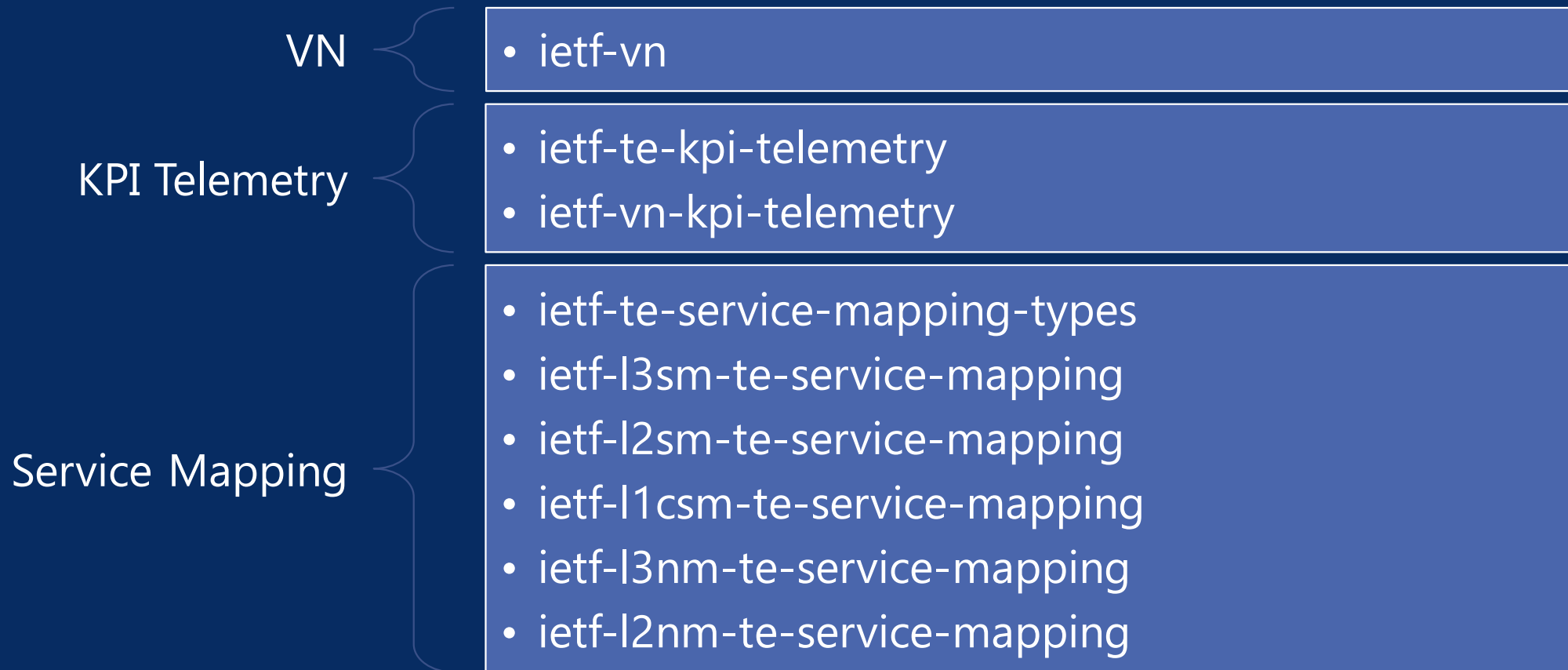


# ACTN/VN YANG Models

draft-ietf-teas-actn-vn-yang-11  
draft-ietf-teas-actn-pm-telemetry-autonomics-05  
draft-ietf-teas-te-service-mapping-yang-07

Dhruv Dhody, Young Lee, Daniele Ceccarelli, Igor Bryskin, Bin  
Yeong Yoon, Satish Karunanithi, Ricard Vilalta, Daniel King,  
Giuseppe Fioccola, Qin Wu, Jeff Tantsura

# YANG model overview

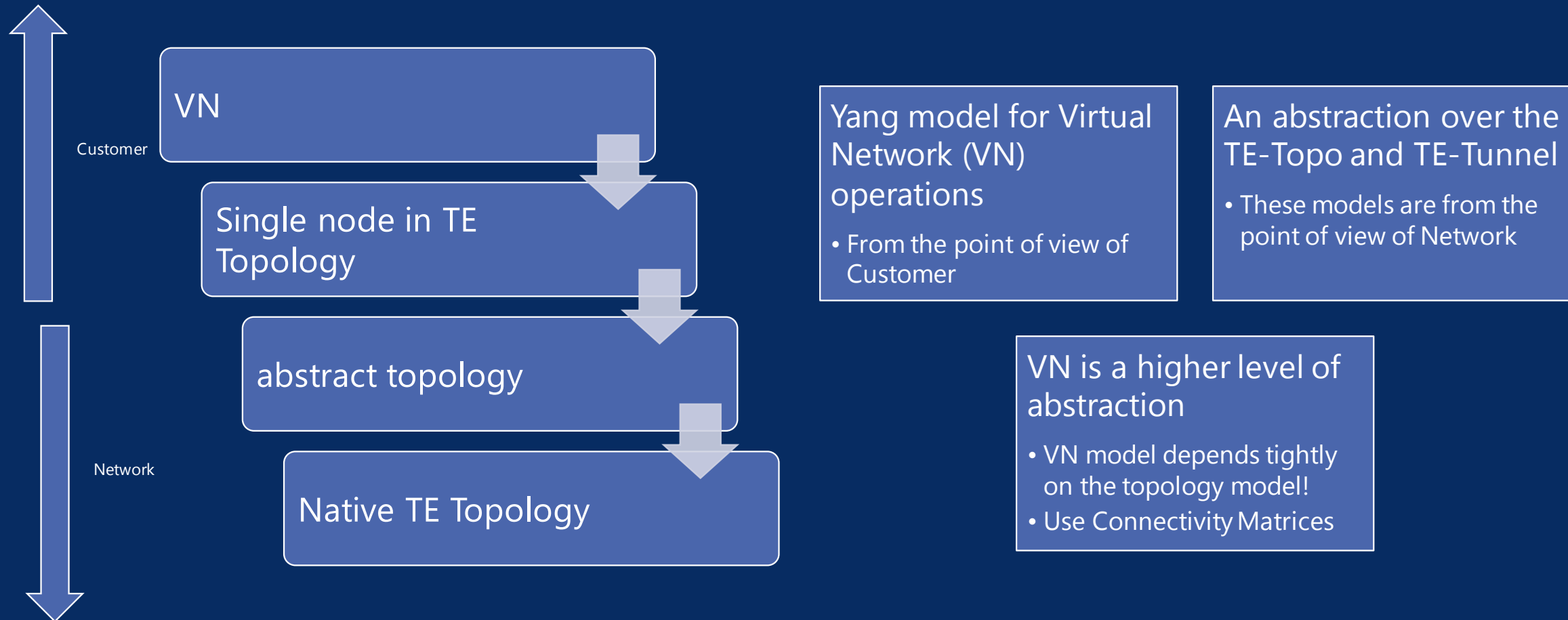


# VN YANG

draft-ietf-teas-actn-vn-yang-11

ietf-vn

# VN Yang



# Recent Changes

## Yang Doctor Review by Andy Bierman

- Added text to describe the handling of vn-compute rpc
  - Described error handling
- Removed redefinition of various status etc

## Comments from Tom Petch

## Suggested changes from Kenichi Ogaki incorporated for VN-Compute RPC

- Added figures to describe the interaction!

# Open Issue

## Naming Issue

- Was: /ap/access-point-list/access-point-id
- Current: /ap/ap/ap-id
- Proposal: /aps/ap/ap-id or /access-point/ap/ap-id ?
- Similar change at other places!

## Reusing te- types:te- common-status

- Proposal:
  - Add text description in the VN Yang model to state that some values (maintaince) may not be applicable for VN-compute and should be considered as unknown status.

# Discuss: VN, Topology, and SR Policy

- Requirement: Setting up a VN with a VN-member realized by SR paths (SR Policy)
- Currently, VN uses the TE-Topology model based on the abstract node concept and connectivity matrix which can identify underlay TE tunnel
- Query: Can the TE Topology underlay mapped to SR paths (or SR Policy)? Does SR topology play any role?
- What is the best approach here?

# KPI Telemetry Yang

draft-ietf-teas-actn-pm-telemetry-autonomics-05

ietf-te-kpi-telemetry

ietf-vn-kpi-telemetry



# YANG models for VN/TE Telemetry & Network Autonomics

YANG data models that support: Performance Monitoring (PM) Telemetry and scaling intent mechanism for TE-Tunnels and VNs to allow customers to subscribe to certain KPI PM.

- ietf-te-kpi-telemetry
- ietf-vn-te-kpi-telemetry

Customer to subscribe and monitor KPI of interest on a particular TE tunnel or a VN.

Customer could also program autonomic scaling intent

# Recent Changes

## Scaling

- Added operation: the scaling operation to be performed when the scaling condition is met (bandwidth capacity up or down)
  - As an identity
- Added scale: value by which scaling operation is performed
  - Generic value to be interpreted as per the operation

## Open Issue

- Name of the model, suggestions welcome!

# TE Service mapping YANG

draft-ietf-teas-te-service-mapping-yang-07

ietf-te-service-mapping-types

ietf-l3sm-te-service-mapping

ietf-l2sm-te-service-mapping

ietf-l1csm-te-service-mapping

ietf-l3nm-te-service-mapping

ietf-l2nm-te-service-mapping

# TE Service Mapping Model

The role of TE-service Mapping model is to create a mapping relationship between

- Services
  - L3SM, L2SM, L1CSM, etc.
- Or, Network
  - L3NM, L2NM, with
  - TE topo, TE tunnel, or VN

This mapping facilitates a seamless service operation with underlay-TE network visibility and control

Allow monitoring and diagnostics on how the service request are mapped to underlying TE resources

Support for various map-types

# Recent Changes

Requirement from  
Kenichi

- Allow mapping the LxSM site and site-network-access per QoS profile to VNAP
  - Discussed at 109
  - *Further need some text description for this!*

Comments from  
Tom

- Thank You!

Modeling Changes

- Site and site-network-access mapped to VNAP
- Te-mapping-templates moved outside of choice

TE Policy

- A new container to group various policy requirements such as color, protection, availability while mapping!

# Some Examples

Example 1: An L3VPN service with an optimization criteria for the underlying TE as delay can be set in the mapping template and then augmented to the L3SM service.

```
{
  "te-mapping-template": [
    {
      "id": "delay",
      "map-type": "select",
      "optimizations": [
        {
          "algorithm": {
            "optimization-metric": [
              {
                "metric-type": "path-metric-delay-average"
              }
            ]
          }
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```

Example 2: An L2VPN service with a bandwidth constraint and a hop-limit criteria for the underlying TE can be set in the mapping template and then augmented to the L2SM service.

```
{
  "te-mapping-template": [
    {
      "id": "bw-hop",
      "map-type": "new",
      "path-constraints": {
        "te-bandwidth": {
          "generic": 10000
        },
        "path-metric-bounds": {
          "path-metric-bound": [
            {
              "metric-type": "path-metric-hop",
              "upper-bound": 10
            }
          ]
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

The L2SM service can map it to a new TE resources in form of a VN or TE-tunnels.

# Some Examples

Example 3: A VN (VN1) could be created before hand and then explicitly mapped to the L2VPN service as shown below.

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<l2vpn-svc xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-l2vpn-svc">
  <vpn-services>
    <vpn-service>
      <vpn-id>VPN1</vpn-id>
      <te-service-mapping>
        <te-mapping>
          <map-type>select</map-type>
          <te>
            <vn>VN1</vn>
          </te>
        </te-mapping>
      </te-service-mapping>
    </vpn-service>
  </vpn-services>
</l2vpn-svc>
```

Example 4: A VPN service may want different optimization criteria for some of its sites.

The template does not allow for such a case but it can be achieved by creating the TE resources separately and then mapping them to the service.

# Further Discussion

- While the support to bind a tunnel to the VPN is supported. We do not have a mechanism to map traffic to a path. The input can come from the user.
  - E.g. the enterprise customer can tell, the traffic from source X on port Y should go with delay less than Z.
- Support for Calendaring and scheduling TE resources.
- Further discussion is required on how and where to model these.



# Thank You!

# Backup

```
augment /l3vpn-svc:l3vpn-svc/l3vpn-svc:sites/l3vpn-svc:site
  /l3vpn-svc:service/l3vpn-svc:qos/l3vpn-svc:qos-profile
  /l3vpn-svc:qos-profile/l3vpn-svc:custom/l3vpn-svc:classes
  /l3vpn-svc:class:
  +--rw (te)?
    +--:(vn)
    | +--rw vn-ap* -> /vn:ap/ap/vn-ap/vn-ap-id
    +--:(te)
    +--rw ltp?    te-types:te-tp-id

augment /l3vpn-svc:l3vpn-svc/l3vpn-svc:sites/l3vpn-svc:site
  /l3vpn-svc:site-network-accesses
  /l3vpn-svc:site-network-access/l3vpn-svc:service
  /l3vpn-svc:qos/l3vpn-svc:qos-profile
  /l3vpn-svc:qos-profile/l3vpn-svc:custom/l3vpn-svc:classes
  /l3vpn-svc:class:
  +--rw (te)?
    +--:(vn)
    | +--rw vn-ap* -> /vn:ap/ap/vn-ap/vn-ap-id
    +--:(te)
    +--rw ltp?    te-types:te-tp-id
```