EVPN layer-3 multi-homing load-balancing

draft-mackenzie-bess-evpn-l3mh-proto

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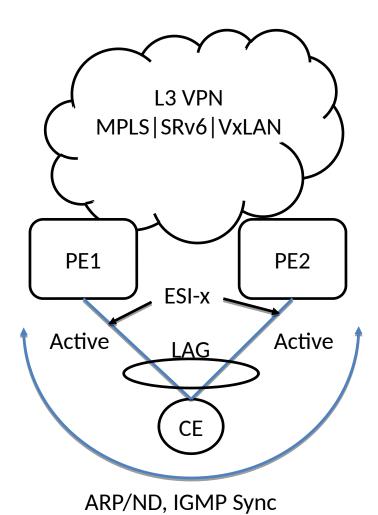
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Overview

- Bring higher network availability and load balancing benefits of EVPN MC-LAG to various L3 services

 No need for ICCP, LDP, or ICL Link between PEs
- Transparent to a CE device, and uses existing BGP L3 service control plane
- Signalling will be limited to the redundant service PEs sharing an ESI.
- Will synchronize ARP/ND, multicast Join/Leave, and customer IGP routes

L3 Service Sync



- EVPN Instance per L3-VRF
- The layer-3 VRF is derived from the matching EVI
- The main interface is derived from the ESI
- The VLAN / sub-interface is derived from the AC-ID provided in the Attachment-Circuit-ID extended community

Route Types

- ARP/ND Sync
 - CE may hash ARP/ND response to single PE
 - Both PEs attracting traffic. Adjacency required for FWD
 - RT-2 IP/MAC (MAC only not needed)
- IGMP Sync
 - CE may hash IGP join to non Multicast DR
 - RT-7, RT-8
- Customer IGP route Sync
 - CE IGP protocol will form adjacency with one PE
 - Cannot take advantage of other PE for remote LB
 - RT-5

No new signaling required

- EVI-RT Extended Community

 I-D.ietf-bess-evpn-igmp-mld-proxy
- Attachment Circuit ID Extended Community — I-D.sajassi-bess-evpn-ac-aware-bundling
- Applicable to RT-2, RT-5, RT-7 and RT-8

Advantages

- Open standards based per interface all-active redundancy

 Eliminates the need to run legacy solutions with ICCP and LDP.
- Benefits over legacy solutions
 - Fast convergence with mass-withdraw
- Removes the burden of requiring ICL link
- Agnostic of underlay technology (MPLS, VXLAN, SRv6)
- Agnostic of associated services (L3, L3-VPN)
- Signaling already defined in existing EVPN RFCs and drafts
 - I-D.ietf-bess-evpn-igmp-mld-proxy
 - I-D.sajassi-bess-evpn-ac-aware-bundling
 - I-D.ietf-bess-evpn-prefix-advertisement

Next Steps

Request WG feedback and comments
 Further study into BGP PE to CE protocol support