draft-ietf-sidrops-signed-tal-07

$\bullet \bullet \bullet$

IETF 111 SIDROPS Working Group

1

Recap

- Signal to relying parties that the TA key or certificate URLs have changed, by way of a Trust Anchor Key (TAK) signed object
- Main goal is simplifying key rollover
 - If the client supports TAK objects, then the client can get new TAL data automatically - no need to wait for (or depend on) client upgrade, or custom TA update process
 - More confidence around key rollover helps with HSM vendor lock-in
- Secondary goal is the ability to update URLs
 - Gives more flexibility around deployment

Changes since 06

• Limit TAKs to two keys: current and successor

```
TAKey ::= SEQUENCE {
   certificateURIs SEQUENCE SIZE (1..MAX) OF CertificateURI,
   subjectPublicKeyInfo SubjectPublicKeyInfo
}
TAK ::= SEQUENCE {
   version INTEGER DEFAULT 0,
   current TAKey,
   successor TAKey OPTIONAL,
   revoked BOOLEAN
}
```

• ASN.1 module fixes (thanks to Russ Housley)

Phase 1



- TA publishes TAK object pointing to TA.cer as current key
- TAK contains updated URL set (compared with what's in the TAL)
- TA can determine which clients are relying on TAKs by observing which clients fetch from the new URLs
- (Same as for 06)

Phase 2



- TA.tak adds pointer to successor key
 - Current key (TA.cer) MUST be used for validation, though
 - No need for client using TA.tal to process TA2.cer, yet (just advisory)
- TA2.tak points only to TA2.cer
 - Unlike with 06, it can't be used to revoke TA.cer

Phase 3



- TA.tak revokes current key (sets revoked to true)
- TA publishes new TAL (TA2.tal) and withdraws previous TAL
- All RPs move to TA2.cer



 TA publishes long-lived TAK at TA.tak, along with CRL and manifest, and removes other objects, so that clients validating at TA.cer will still find TA2.cer

Testbed

- https://github.com/APNIC-net/rpki-signed-tal-demo
 - Takes a TAL path as its argument, prints debug information, and replaces the TAL if required
 - Can be used with existing RP clients
- https://rpki-testbed.apnic.net/signed-tal.html
 - Various TALs for testing
 - Single TA with TAK for current key
 - Single TA with TAK for current key, TAK has new URL
 - Two TAs with TAKs, first key unrevoked
 - Two TAs with TAKs, first key revoked
 - Single TA with TAK for current key, and key is revoked

Next steps

• Working group last call