Private Access Tokens Crypto draft-private-access-tokens-01

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Setting Problem statement





Issuer

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Setting Problem statement





Requirements **Problem statement**

Such that

- The Mediator only learns y if the client engages in the protocol with x;
- The Client cannot engage in the protocol for private input $x' \neq x$; and
- The Issuer does not learn x, nor when two requests have the same x.

Compute deterministic value y over private Client input x and private Issuer input k y = F(k, x)



Building Blocks Solution sketch



Assume prime-order group with generator G and order q, where x and k are private scalars, and X = xG a non-hiding commitment to x $\pi = NIZK(DL(x, y) = z)$ is non-interactive Schnorr proof that $\log_7(x) = y$



- VerifyNIZK(x, y, π) outputs 1 for $\pi = NIZK(DL(x, y) = z)$, and 0 otherwise

Client x $r \leftarrow Z_q$ P = rX

(r, P)







Client

 ${\mathcal X}$

 $r \leftarrow Z_q$ P = rX $\pi = \mathsf{NIZK}(\mathsf{DL}(P, x) = rG)$

 (r,π)







VerifyNIZK (rG, P, π) V = kP = krX = krxG

 $y = r^{-1}V = xkG$

Client

 $\boldsymbol{\chi}$

 $r \leftarrow Z_q$ P = rX $\pi = \mathsf{NIZK}(\mathsf{DL}(P, x) = rG)$

 (r,π)



Issuer

 $y = r^{-1}V = xkG$

Mediator

Questions **Future work**

Does the problem make sense? Is the security model sensible? Does the sketched protocol meet the desired security goals?