IMAP PARTIAL (paged Search and Fetch) extension

draft-melnikov-imap-partial-00.txt Alexey Melnikov <<u>alexey.melnikov@isode.com</u>> and Yahoo team

Problem Statement

- How to handle large IMAP mailboxes in an efficient way?
- How "large" is "large"?
 - 50k+ messages
- What is exactly the problem?
 - Memory/resource usage of keeping msgno-to-UID map on the server
 - Some clients can't even provide user access to that many messages
 - Clients blindly doing [UID] FETCH 1:* FLAGS every so often, even if there are no changes
 - CONDSTORE/QRESYNC are your friends, but more can be done

Proposed PARTIAL extension

- New SEARCH return option for returning a "page" of search results at a time
 - This can reduce the amount of work a server has to do, as the server can stop processing SEARCH once the requested page is filled in
 - Also reduces the amount of data sent by the server over IMAP
- Similarly, a new UID FETCH modifier that can restrict the number of messages processed

Proposed PARTIAL extension: details (1 of 2)

- Paged SEARCH/UID SEARCH using PARTIAL search result option
 - Originally defined in RFC 5267 (part of CONTEXT=SEARCH)
 - Extended to allow Python-like negative ranges (e.g. "-1:-3" -- "the last 3" resulting messages)

Example:

A01 UID SEARCH RETURN (**PARTIAL -1:-100**) UNDELETED UNKEYWORD \$Junk

Proposed PARTIAL extension: details (2 of 2)

- Paged UID FETCH using PARTIAL FETCH modifier
 - Same syntax as for the SEARCH
 - Can be used to limit the number of messages in a UID set, when the number of messages is not known

Example:

10 UID FETCH *25900:26600* (UID FLAGS) (**PARTIAL -1:-15**)

Bonus Features

The draft clarifies interaction between PARTIAL and SAVE return options

Next steps

Ask for adoption in the EXTRA WG