Common Access Token

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2022-03-22

Outline

▶ Who is doing this?
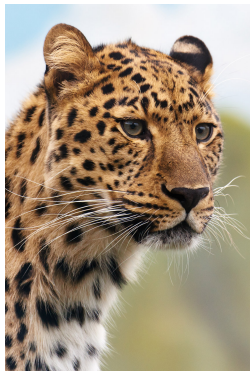▶ What are they doing?
▶ Why do we care?

Who

- ▶ Consumer Technology Association (CTA)
- ▶ Web Application Video Ecosystem (WAVE)
- ▶ Primary Use Case: Streaming Media
- ▶ Goal: Single token that covers existing usage

How is this different?

▶ CWT-based
▶ Receivers get more MUSTs
▶ No built-in support for delegation
▶ Generally more claims and greater complexity

Encrypted Claims

- ▶ Uses a COSE object directly instead of a base64ed string
- ▶ Avoids repeated base64ing
- ▶ Can't use sub claim, because that's a string
- ▶ Must encrypt sensitive claims:
  - ▶ Network/IP Address
  - ▶ Subject
  - ▶ Detailed Geography

Additional Claims

▶ HTTP Method
▶ ALPN
▶ Headers
▶ Geography claims
▶ TLS Public Key (a la OAUTH mTLS)
▶ Nestable Compositions (and, or, nor)
▶ Actions that modify rejections

Claims with Types

- ▶ Critical Claim: Array
- ▶ Encrypted Claims: COSE_Encrypt or COSE_Encrypt0
- ▶ Network Claim: Array of RFC9164 tags

Some Very Generic Claims

▶ ALPN, Method, Headers, and Compositions
▶ Encrypted Subject
▶ Critical Claim
▶ These are potentially generally useful
▶ Maybe try to define them generally?

Some Overlapping Utility

▶ All URI Signing Tokens can be represented as CATs
▶ Any successor token is likely to use at least some of these claims

Takeaway

- ▶ No real takeaway
- ▶ No action items
- ▶ Just food for thought
- ▶ And some Public Domain cats