

# Immutable Metadata Annotation

draft-ma-netmod-immutable-flag-00

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# Motivation and Goal

- Motivation
  - This idea is derived from “system-defined configuration” work
  - Some system configurations are generated to be non-modifiable to clients, while others are not
  - Allowing some configurations modifiable while others not is inconsistent and introduces ambiguity
- Goal
  - A standard mechanism to see what system configuration is read-only to clients

# Solution Overview

- A metadata annotation [RFC7952] called “immutable” is defined to indicate the immutability of a data node.
  - The “immutable” concept can be used without being restricted to system config.
  - It’s used to annotate instance of YANG data nodes rather than schema nodes.
  - After it is created, any data node annotated with immutable=“true” is read-only to clients.
    - However, the following operations should be allowed:
      - Create an immutable data node with a same value initially set by the system if it doesn’t exist in the datastore;
      - Delete the parent node of an immutable data node unless the parent node is also annotated with immutable=“true”.

# Examples

```
<interfaces
xmlns:ianaift="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:iana-if-type"
xmlns:im="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-immutable">
  <interface>
    <name>eth0</name>
    <type im:immutable="true">ianaift:ethernetCsmacd</type>
    <mtu>1500</mtu>
  </interface>
</interfaces>
```

The client is not allowed to modify the interface type for interface "eth0", but the following operation should be allowed:

```
<rpc message-id="101"
xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0"
xmlns:xc="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <edit-config>
    <target>
      <running/>
    </target>
    <config>
      <interface xc:operation="merge"
xmlns:ianaift="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:iana-if-type">
        <name>eth0</name>
        <type>ianaift:ethernetCsmacd</type>
      </interface>
    </config>
  </edit-config>
</rpc>
```

```
<nacm xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-netconf-acm"
xmlns:im="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-immutable">
  <groups>
    <group>
      <name>admin</name>
      <user-name im:immutable="true">admin</user-name>
    </group>
    <group>
      <name>visit</name>
      <user-name im:immutable="true">guest</user-name>
    </group>
  </groups>
  <rule-list im:immutable="true">
    <name>admin-acl</name>
    <group>admin</group>
    <rule>
      <name>permit-all</name>
      <module-name>*</module-name>
      <access-operations>*</access-operations>
      <action>permit</action>
    </rule>
  </rule-list>
  <rule-list>
    <name>visit-acl</name>
    <group>visit</group>
    <rule>
      ...
    </rule>
  </rule-list>
</nacm>
```

Predefined NAC rules in <system>

# Open Issues

- Backward-compatibility: What if legacy clients receive some annotations they don't understand?
  - Option 1: Annotations always return, but the client ignore unknown annotations silently
  - Option 2: Define a parameter in the operation request to indicate including an "immutable" annotation in the response
- How would the client know if "immutable" is applied to the whole list, the list entries, or both? same applies to the leaf-list.
- When should the server reject modifications to immutable data node?
  - The current draft says the error reporting is performed at various different time according to the selected target ds:
    - If the target ds is <running> or <startup>, it should be in an <edit-config>/<edit-data> operation time
    - If the target ds is <candidate>, it's delayed until a <commit> or <validate> operation takes place.
- Should we allow the client to delete an "immutable" system instantiated node in <running>?
  - There is no way to actually delete system config in <system>
    - We already define that deletable system config must be defined in <factory-default>
    - Non-deletable system configuration must be defined in <system>

Comments, Questions, Concerns?