Stream Control Transmission Protocol (SCTP) Network Address Translation Support draft-ietf-tsvwg-natsupp-23.txt

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Status

- After WGLC.
- AD Reviews from
 - Magnus Westerlund
 - Martin Duke
- Alternate proposal from Ericsson: <u>draft-porfiri-tsvwg-sctp-natsupp-01</u>

SCTP and NAT

- An SCTP endpoint has a list of IP addresses and a single port number.
- Port numbers can only be translated if it is done consistently.
- When not translating port numbers, how to handle port number collisions?
- How to handle multihomed scenarios? Specific behavior of endpoints.

Major Issues from AD Reviews

- 1. Handling of IP fragmentation at NAT
- Controlling of NAT friendly behavior of end point: Improve multihoming support of internal hosts. Provide examples for active and passive association setups.
- 3. Support of multiple external addresses.
- 4. Addition of remote address in NAT binding table (at least when restarts are not disabled).
- 5. Processing of SCTP packets by NAT (chunk parsing), handling of INIT, INIT-ACK, and ASCONF chunks, when to add state, when to send packets (if at all).
- 6. Change of definition of association (end point change).

Possible Ways Forward

- 1. Improve the current method (addresses 2 5)
 - a) Adding entries to NAT binding table will result in increased complexity, which was removed at some time
- 2. Always use the fallback mechanism (addresses 2 7)
 - a) Never disable restarts, don't use verification tags anymore
 - b) Add external and remote address to NAT binding table
 - c) Much like an SCTP unaware NAT, less complex than the current solution
 - d) Increases the chance of a collision resulting in association setup failures
- 3. Switch to draft-porfiri-tsvwg-sctp-natsupp
- 4. Drop the work on NAT for SCTP