Improving the Robustness of Stateless Address Autoconfiguration (SLAAC) to Flash Renumbering Events

(draft-ietf-6man-slaac-renum)

F. Gont, SI6 Networks J. Zorz, 6connect R. Patterson, Sky UK

> 6man WG. IETF 114 July 23rd-29th, 2022

Introduction

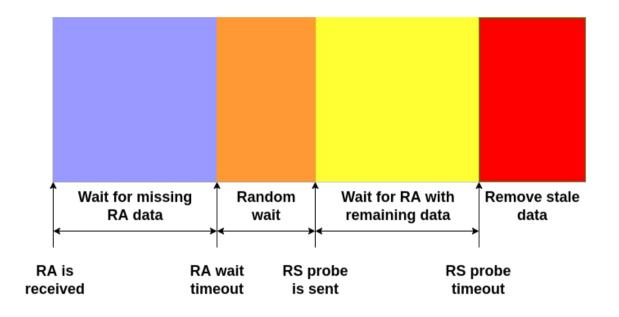
- RFC 8978: Problem statement for SLAAC flash renumbering
- RFC 9096: CE Router recommendations (Updates RFC7084)
- draft-ietf-6man-slaac-renum: Protocol improvements

Progress on draft-ietf-6man-slaac-renum

- Incorporating contents from draft-gont-6man-slaac-renum
- Recently polled the 6man wg on:
 - Recommending lifetimes for ND options
 - Conveying information in Router Advertisements
- Remaining feature to incorporate:
 - Heuristics to deprecate stale information
- We have improved the algorithm from draft-gont-6man-slaac-renum
 - Resulting algorithm is simpler
 - Avoids false positives

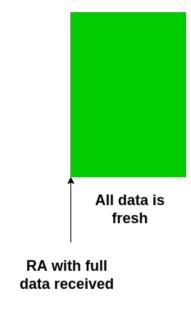
Concept

Probe the local router when missing data is detected in received RA



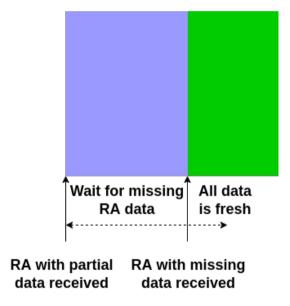
Fresh data: Normal case

Received RA contains all previous information



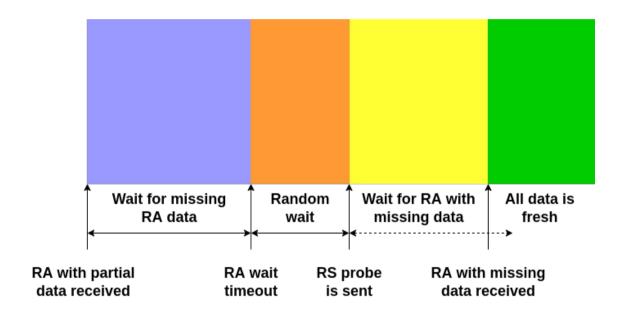
Fresh data: Corner case

Local router splits information into multiple RAs



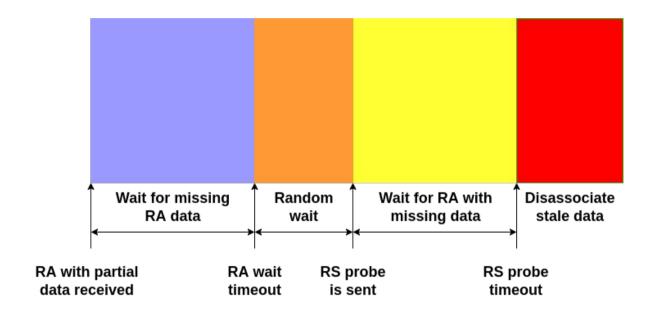
Fresh data: Corner case with packet loss

Local router splits data into multiple RAs, and some are lost



Stale data: Flash renumbering event

Data has become stale (flash-renumbering event)



Moving forward

• Comments/questions?