

# Encapsulation of BFD for SRv6 Policy

draft-liu-bfd-srv6-policy-encap-01

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# Monitoring SRv6 Policy

- ❑ BFD session associated with segment list
  - BFD session down --->**segment list** fail---> stop forwarding packet with this segment list
  - All segment list fail of active **Candidate Path** ---> switchover to backup Candidate Path
  - All Candidate Path fail --->**SRv6 Policy** fail

## ❑ Choice of Address

### ◆ S-BFD

#### Headend Address:

- IPv6 Address of **headend**

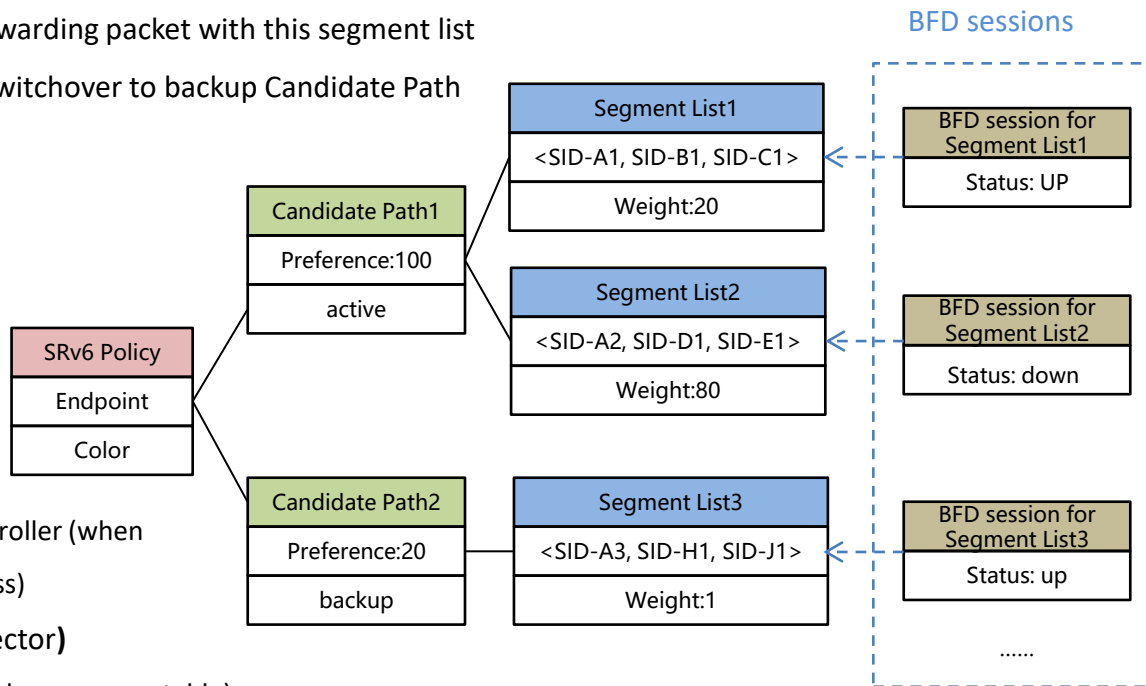
#### Tailend Address:

- endpoint of SRv6 Policy **or**
- specified by local configuration or network controller (when the endpoint of SRv6 Policy is the unspecified address)

### ◆ U-BFD (for echo packet's U-turn on the reflector)

**Headend Address:** IPv6 address of **headend** (routable or non-routable)

**Tailend Address:** routable IPv6 address of **headend**



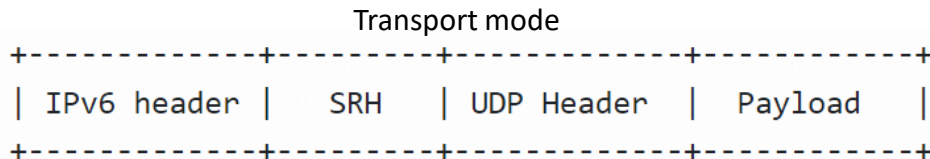
# Encapsulation of BFD packet

BFD packet needs to carry a Segment Routing Header(SRH), which contain a list of SRv6 SID associated with the BFD session.

There are two encapsulation mode:

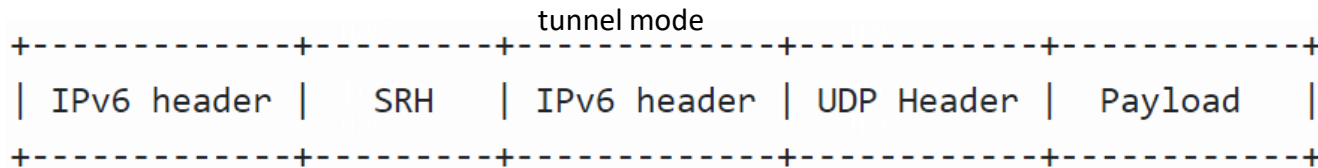
## ❑ transport mode

the SRH is inserted after the IPv6 header



## ❑ tunnel mode

an outer IPv6 header with an SRH is encapsulated, which looks like an BFD packet for plain IPv6 is steered into an SRv6 Policy.



# S-BFD(Control Packet) Encapsulation

## ✓ transport mode

- Encapsulate **one IPv6 header** and SRH.
- **Segment List[0]** should be the SRv6 SID or IPv6 address of the tail-end node.

## ✓ tunnel mode

- Encapsulate **inner IPv6 header** and **Outer SRv6** Encapsulation
- **Segment List[0]** should be the SRv6 SID or IPv6 address of the tail-end node.

```
+-----+
| IPv6 Header |
+-----+
| Source IP Address = Headend IPv6 Address |
| Destination IP Address = Segment List[SL] |
| Next-Header = SRH |
+-----+
| SRH |
+-----+
| Segment List[0] = Tail-end IPv6 Address, or |
| Last Segment of SRv6 Policy Segment-List |
+-----+
| Segment List[1] |
| Segment List[2] |
| ... |
| Next-Header = UDP |
+-----+
| UDP Header |
+-----+
| Payload |
+-----+
```

### Transport mode

- End.x segment of penultimate hop.
- Binding SID

### Tunnel mode

- End.x segment of penultimate hop without USD flavor
- Binding SID

In such cases,:

**Segment List[0]** = IPv6 address or SID of the tail-end node

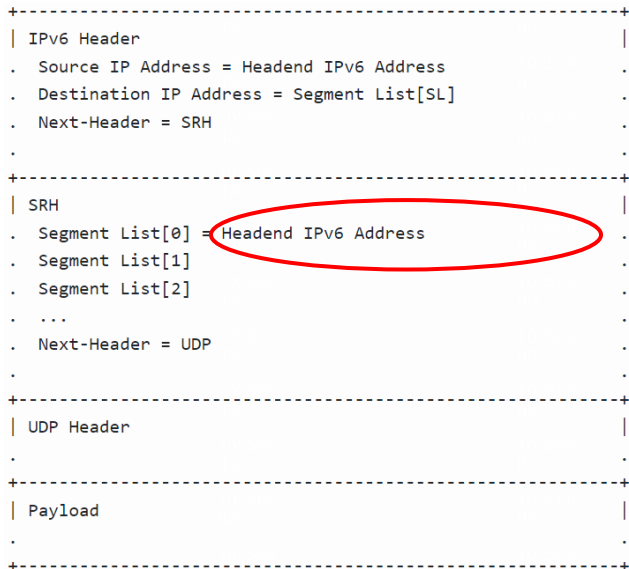
**Segment List[1]** = the last segment of the SRv6 Policy Segment-List

```
+-----+
| IPv6 Header |
+-----+
| Source IP Address = Headend IPv6 Address |
| Destination IP Address = Segment List[SL] |
| Next-Header = SRH |
+-----+
| SRH |
+-----+
| Segment List[0] = Tail-end IPv6 Address, or |
| Last Segment of SRv6 Policy Segment-List |
+-----+
| Segment List[1] |
| Segment List[2] |
| ... |
| Next-Header = IPv6 |
+-----+
| IPv6 Header |
+-----+
| Source IP Address = Headend IPv6 Address |
| Destination IP Address = Tail-end IPv6 Address |
| Next-Header = UDP |
+-----+
| UDP Header |
+-----+
| Payload |
+-----+
```

# U-BFD (Echo packet) Encapsulation

## ✓ transport mode

- Encapsulate **one IPv6 header** and SRH.
- **Segment List[0]** should be SRv6 SID or IPv6 address of the **Headend**



## ✓ tunnel mode

- Encapsulate **inner IPv6 header** and **Outer SRv6** Encapsulation
- The **DA** of the inner payload is the address of the headend node
- **Segment List[0]** should be the SRv6 SID or IPv6 address of the **tail-end** node.

### For Tunnel mode:

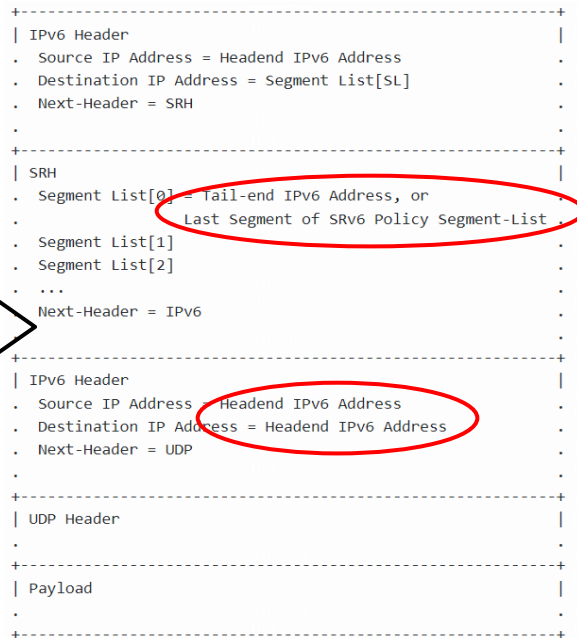
If the Last segment of SRv6 Policy segment list is :

- End.x segment of penultimate hop without USD flavor
- Binding SID

In this Case

**segment list[0]** = IPv6 address or SID of the tail-end node

**segment list[1]** = the last segment of the SRv6 Policy Segment-List



# Next Steps

- Questions or comments are Welcomed
- Seeking for feedback