IETF 116 SAVNET WG

SAV Open Playground & the Real Path Discovery Protocol

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Problem with SAV Research

When researching SAV, we find that we, and maybe the entire SAV community, is in need of:

Goals & Requirements

For students to learn about SAV

platform

	Goals & Requirements	
A reference/starter project	For development of new SAV technologies	
	Ideally built with open-source software router with high scalability	
An experimentation environment	For network operators to test their configurations	
	Container-based virtual network topologies	
A visualization tool	For networking professionals to understand different SAV mechanism	
	Ideally a web application	
An education	For reproducible SAV experiments	

SAV Open Playground (SAVOP)

- A development and simulation platform for new SAV technologies
- ☐ An experimentation environment for network operators to test their configuration
- ☐ A web application that helps networking professionals understand different SAV mechanism
- ☐ An education platform for students to learn about SAV

SAV Open Playground (SAVOP)

- We develop SAV Open Playground (SAVOP) project to close these gaps.
- SAVOP is open-source: https://github.com/SAV-Open-Playground/savop
- Four core components:

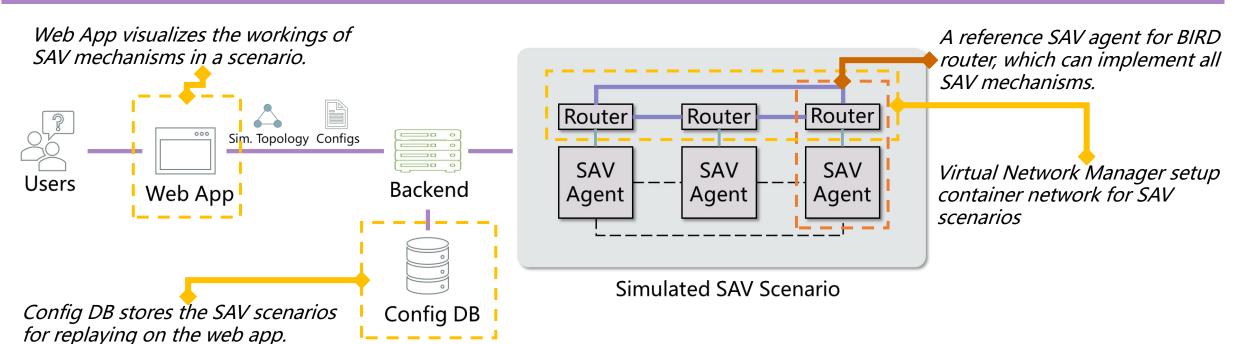
SAV Reference Router

Virtual Network Manager

Browser-based Visualization

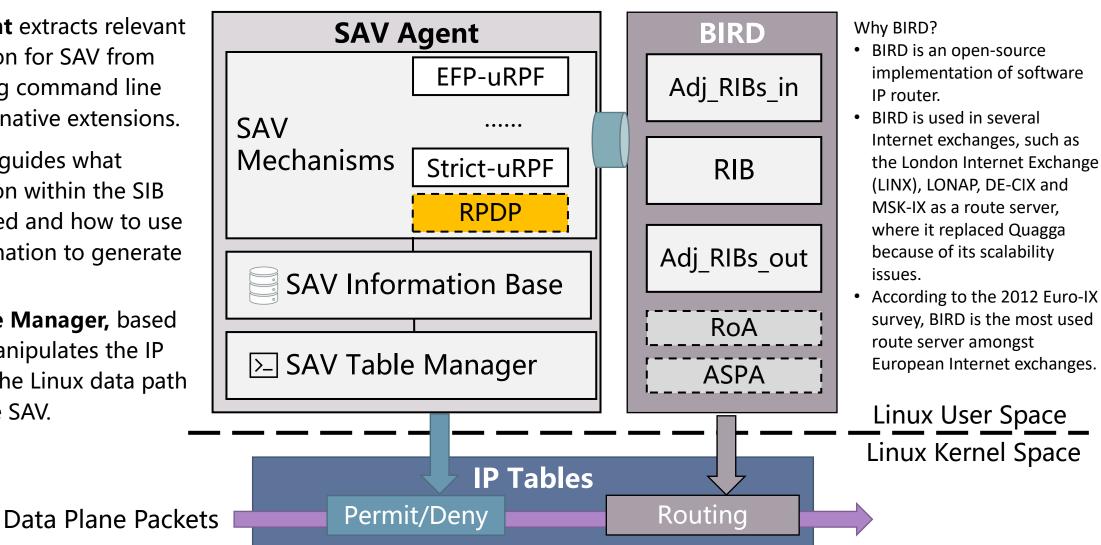
Scenario Replay

SAVOP Architecture



SAV Agent with BIRD

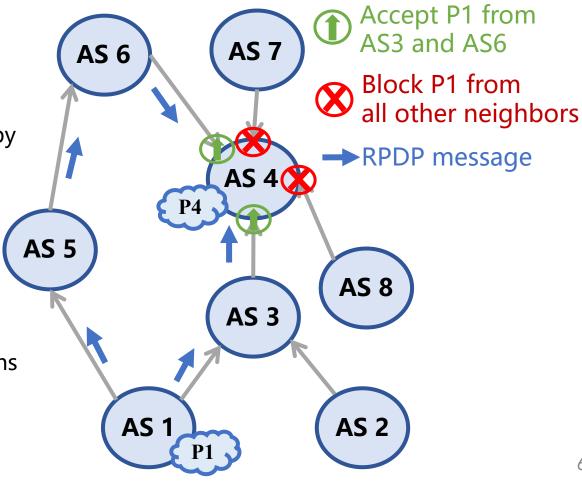
- **SAV Agent** extracts relevant information for SAV from BIRD using command line and BIRD native extensions.
- **SAV App** guides what information within the SIB will be used and how to use the information to generate SAV rules
- SAV Table Manager, based on SIB, manipulates the IP tables in the Linux data path to achieve SAV.



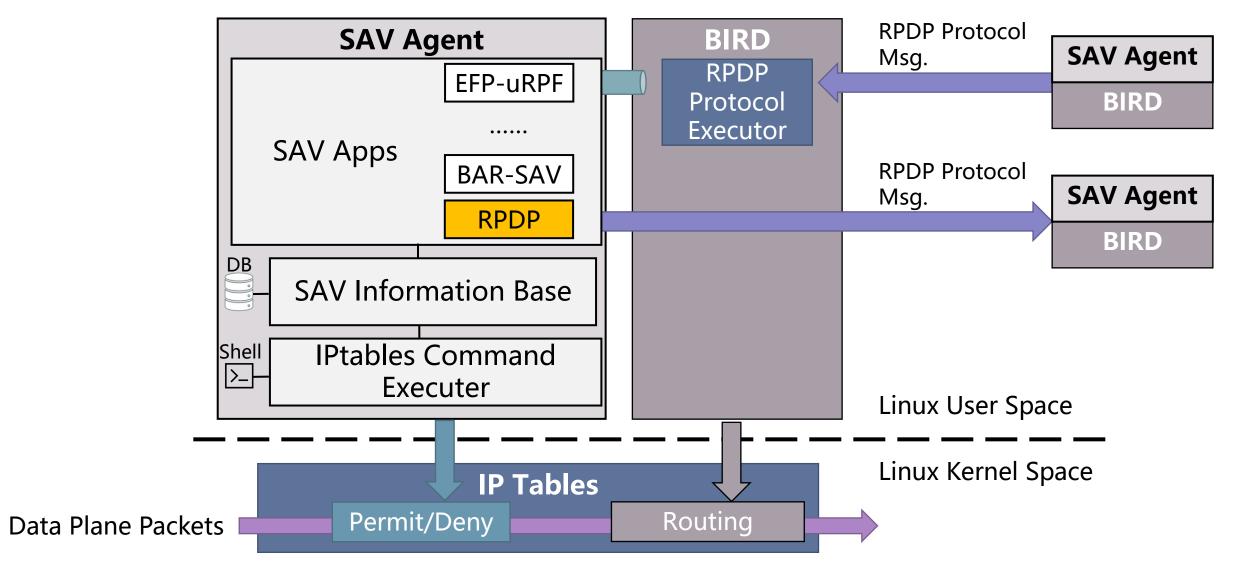
Real Path Discovery Protocol (RPDP)

- ☐ SAV agent enables quick development of new SAV mechanisms.
 - ◆Real Path Discovery Protocol (RPDP) is a good example.
- Main idea
 - ◆RPDP is A hop-by-hop SAV information propagation protocol.
 - ◆Origin AS advertises its preferred AS paths to other ASes by RPDP messages
 - ◆ Other ASes learn the incoming directions of the origin AS through received RPDP messages
- ☐ The illustration of RPDP process
 - ◆AS1 selects AS paths [AS1, AS3, AS4] and [AS1, AS5, AS6, **AS4**] to P4
 - ◆AS1 sends RPDP messages hop by hop to tell AS4 the paths
 - ◆AS4 learns that AS3 and AS6 are valid incoming directions for P1, and all other neighbors are invalid

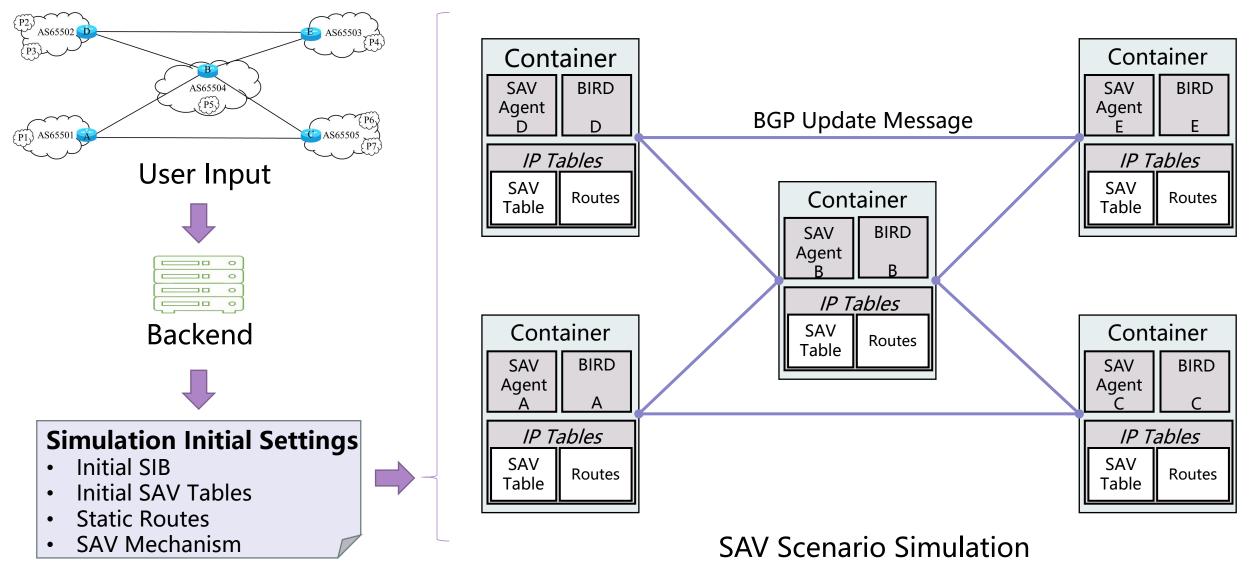
Relationships of AS4 and its neighbors: any one of c2p, p2c, or p2p



Developing RPDP in SAVOP SAV Agent



Virtual Network Manager



Visualization & Scenario Replay

- □ Network Model 1: https://ki3.org.cn:45679/#/sav?id=62b075de-41e9-4d2e-b458-db5d84f8ee2a
- Network Model 2: https://ki3.org.cn:45679/#/sav?id=4f69374c-df10-4a59-af46-d9fc7a9ddf81
- ☐ The nodes, RIB, FIB, SIB in Network Model 1 are listed below

```
{
    "createtime": "Wed, 22 Mar 2023 07:33:06 GMT",
    "direction": null,
    "id": 1,
    "interface": "b_d",
    "neighbor_as": 65502,
    "prefix": "192.168.2.0/24",
    "source": "bird_client"
},
{
    "createtime": "Wed, 22 Mar 2023 07:33:06 GMT",
    "direction": null,
    "id": 2,
    "interface": "b_d",
    "neighbor_as": 65502,
    "prefix": "192.168.3.0/24",
    "source": "bird_client"
},
```

Part of RIB on the node 1

```
:~/savnet_bird/logs/1# docker ps
CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND

COMMAND

CONTAINER ID IMAGE

COMMAND

CONTAINER ID IMAGE

COMMAND

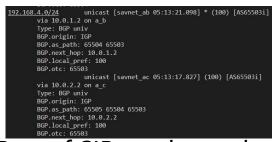
COMMAND

CONTAINER ID IMAGE

COMMAND

COMMAND
```

Nodes of network model 1



Part of SIB on the node 1

Destination	Gateway	Genmask	Flags	Metric	Ref	Use	Iface
10.0.1.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0					a_b
10.0.1.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0					a_b
10.0.2.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0					a c
10.0.2.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0					a_c
10.0.4.0	10.0.1.2	255.255.255.0	UG				a_b
10.0.5.0	10.0.1.2	255.255.255.0	UG				a_b
10.0.6.0	10.0.1.2	255.255.255.0	UG				a_b
10.0.7.0	10.0.1.2	255.255.255.0	UG				a_b
192.168.1.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0					
192.168.2.0	10.0.1.2	255.255.255.0	UG				a_b
192.168.3.0	10.0.1.2	255.255.255.0	UG				a b
192.168.4.0	10.0.1.2	255.255.255.0	UG				a_b
192.168.5.0	10.0.1.2	255.255.255.0	UG				a_b
192.168.6.0	10.0.2.2	255.255.255.0	UG				a_c
192.168.7.0	10.0.2.2	255.255.255.0	UG	32	0	0	a_c

FIB on the node 1

SAVOP Future Development

- More SAV mechanisms
 - ◆Done: RPDP, strict uRPF, loose uRPF
 - ◆To do: FP-uRPF, VRF uRPF, EFP-uRPF, BAR-SAV, ...
- More protocol extensions
 - ◆Partially done: BGP
 - ◆To do (following WG Charter): BGP-LS, OSPF, ISIS, RIFT
- More routers
 - ◆Open source software router: Quagga
 - ◆Commercial routers: Huawei, H3C, Cisco, etc.

Thanks!