IPv6-only capable resolver utilising NAT64

draft-momoka-v6ops-ipv6-only-resolver

Momoka YAMAMOTO (momoka.my6@gmail.com) Yasunobu TOYOTA (yas-nyan@sfc.wide.ad.jp)

Motivation

- IPv6-only iterative resolvers are currently unusable 🙁 🙁 🙁
- Because there are IPv4-only authoritative servers
- All other applications can use DNS64, but a resolver can't



How IPv6-only capable resolver works

When there is only a A record for an authoritative server, the resolver perform address synthesis to the IPv4 address and make it IPv6

- Apply the Pref64::/n to the IPv4 address to construct IPv4-converted IPv6 addresses as defined in RFC6052
- This way the IPv6 packet will be translated to an IPv4 packet at the NAT64.

draft-momoka-v6ops-ipv6-only-resolver

Let's take away IPv4 from resolvers

- This draft is aimed to servers that do not have a CLAT.
- Deploying IPv4 as a service is tricky. Deploying DNS64/NAT64 is easy.
- Most applications can reach IPv4 Internet via DNS64/NAT64.
- The resolver will not need to have an IPv4 address with this implementation.

Implementations

Not yet merged, but popular DNS software are implementing these features.

BIND

https://gitlab.isc.org/isc-projects/bind9/-/merge_requests/6334/commits

Unbound

https://github.com/NLnetLabs/unbound/pull/722

Is this worth documenting?

WG Adoption?

draft-momoka-v6ops-ipv6-only-resolver

- Either static configuration or
- Discovery mechanisms. (The Port Control Protocol [RFC7225] or Router Advertisements [RFC8781].
- Using the mechanisms described in [RFC7050] or
 [draft-hunek-v6ops-nat64-srv] may not function because these need a resolver to work.)

Reference RFC3901 BCP91

4. DNS IPv6 Transport recommended Guidelines

In order to preserve namespace continuity, the following administrative policies are recommended:

every recursive name server SHOULD be either IPv4-only or dual stack,

This rules out IPv6-only recursive servers. However, one might design configurations where a chain of IPv6-only name server forward queries to a set of dual stack recursive name server actually performing those recursive queries.

- every DNS zone SHOULD be served by at least one IPv4-reachable authoritative name server.

This rules out DNS zones served only by IPv6-only authoritative name servers.