Can we improve certificate/JWT/CWT revocation?

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A lot has been said about certificate revocation already

- **Long-lived certificates** require a story for revocation. Solutions are available but usage remains "mixed".

- Certificate Revocation Lists (RFC 5280)

- Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP) + extensions for stapling in TLS (see RFC 6961) and other protocols

- CRLite (Mozilla)

- CRLSets (Google)

- Reducing the lifetime of certificates is also frequently being proposed (and used).

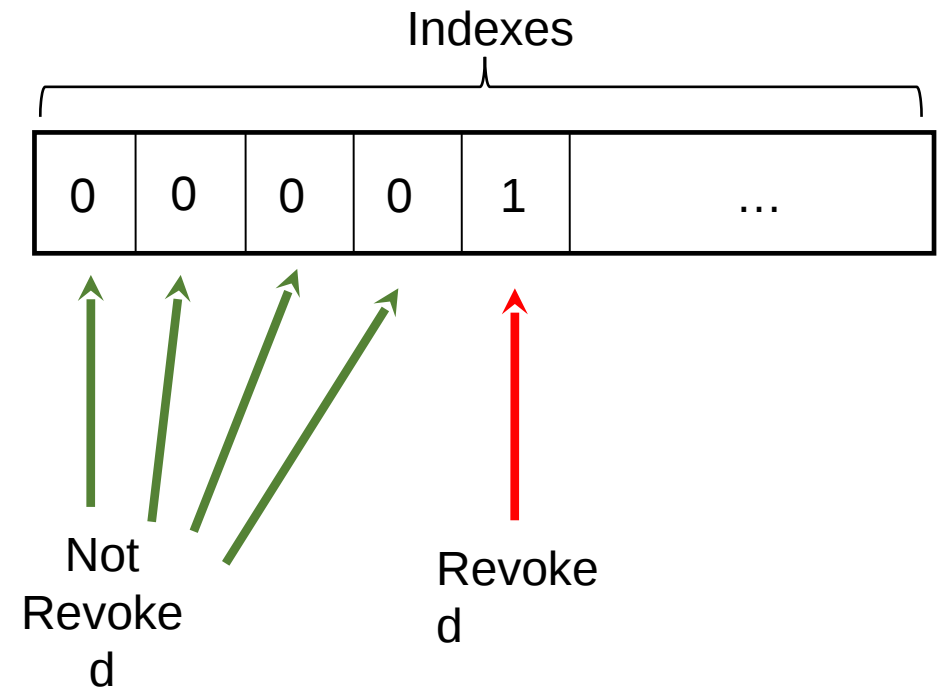# JSON Web Tokens (JWTs) have now become certificates as well

- With the proof-of-possession extension (see RFC 7800) JWTs (RFC 7519) have effectively become certificates.

- With OAuth, these JWTs (when used as access tokens) are generally short-lived and created for use with specific relying parties.

- The work on **Verifiable Credentials** turns them into long-lived certificates.

  → JWTs require revocation.

- Same is true for CBOR Web Tokens (CWTs, RFC 8392) and the proof-of-possession extension defined in RFC 8747.

Status Lists

- [New work](#) in OAuth WG to define **new revocation mechanism**.

- Mimics the "[Let's Revoke](#)" concept (academic publication, focused on X.509 certificates)

- Prior work also in the W3C on
  [Verifiable Credentials Status List v2021 (w3.org)](#)

What are Status Lists?

- Issuer adds a URL to the status list and an index to the JWT (or CWT)

- Issuer maintains information about revoked JWTs/CWTs in a bit string – called status list.

- Verifier fetches this status list by
  - Downloading the status list from the URL provided in the JWT/CWT
  - Retrieves the bit position based on the index value.

- The status list (containing the bit string) itself is again a JWT/CWT.

- To reduce the size of the bit string, apply GZIP.

- To make it bigger again then apply base64encoding ;-)

Indexes

| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | ... |

Not Revoked

Revoked

Your experience is needed!

- Is this a useful concept?

- If it is useful for JWTs/CWTs, should it be applied to X.509 certificates as well?

- Is there room for improvement?

Come to the OAuth WG and tell us!