

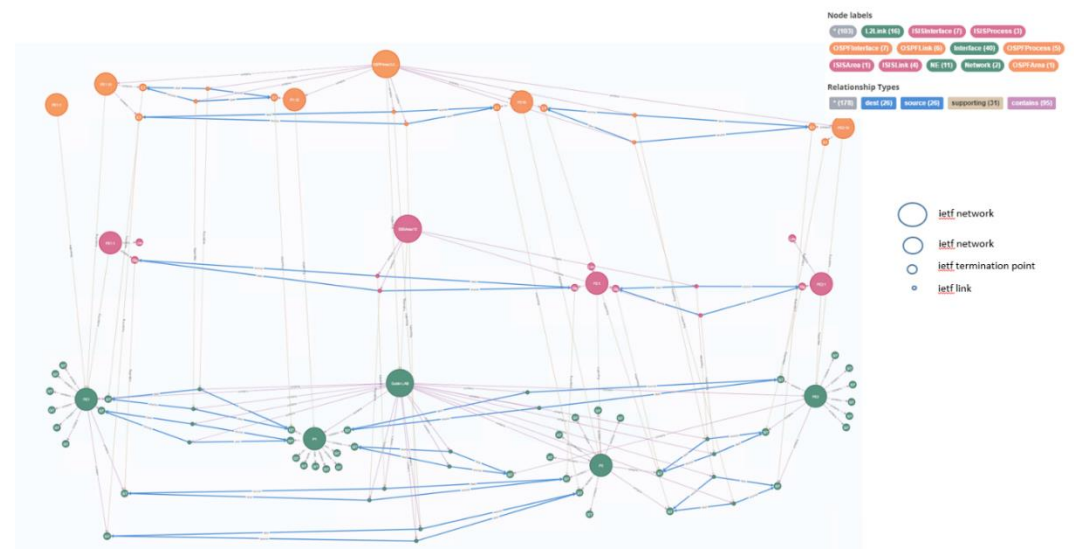
- *Modeling the Digital Map based on RFC8345: Sharing Experience*
 - IVY Relationship

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Digital Map Modelling Objectives

- Can RFC 8345 YANG model be a good basis to model a Digital Map?*
- How the different topology related IETF YANG modules fit (or not) together?*
- Modelling of digital map entities & relationships, how to build aggregated entities and relationships from the device view to the network-wide and service views*



- Does the base RFC 8345 model support the key requirements that emerge for a specific layer?*
- Modelling multiple underlay/overlay layers from physical to customer service layer. To what extent it is easy to augment the base model to support new technologies?*
- Can the base model be augmented for any new layer and technologies?*

Core Digital Map Use Cases and Requirements collected from Operators so far

Use Cases:

- Network Inventory Queries
- Service Placement Feasibility Checks
- Service->Subservice->Resource
- Resource->Subservice->Service
- Intent / Service Assurance
- Service E2R and Per-Link KPIs on the Digital Map (delay, jitter and loss)
- Capacity Planning
- Network Design
- Simulations
- Closed Loop

Requirements:

RFC8345-based

- | | | |
|-----|---|---------|
| 1. | Basic model with Network, Node, Link, Interface, Layers | Ok |
| 2. | Layered from physical to customer service (intent) | Ok |
| 3. | Open and programmable (read/write for what-if for DM) | Ok |
| 4. | Standard based Digital Map model and API | Ok |
| 5. | Cross-domain | Ok |
| 6. | Semantics for layered network topologies | Partial |
| 7. | Relationships | Partial |
| 8. | Extensible with metadata | |
| 9. | Pluggable for specific <u>functional modules</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• inventory, KPIs, ..• Note: not everything will be in YANG | |
| 10. | Optimized for graph traversal | |

Different users may use different layers and have different requirements

Our Process

Cluster by

organization

maturity

Show Organizations

ietf

bbf

Maturity level

ratified

adopted

latest-approved

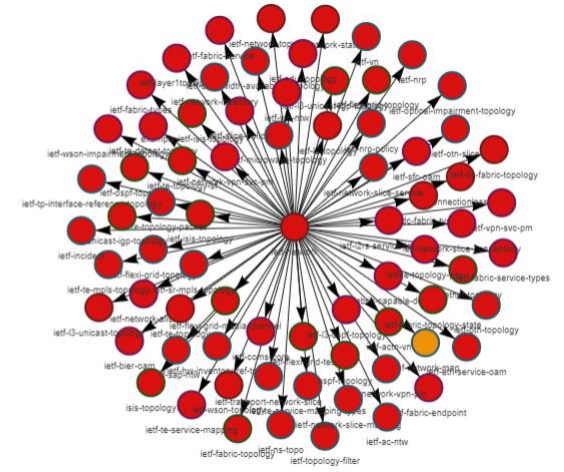
initial

Direction

dependencies

dependents

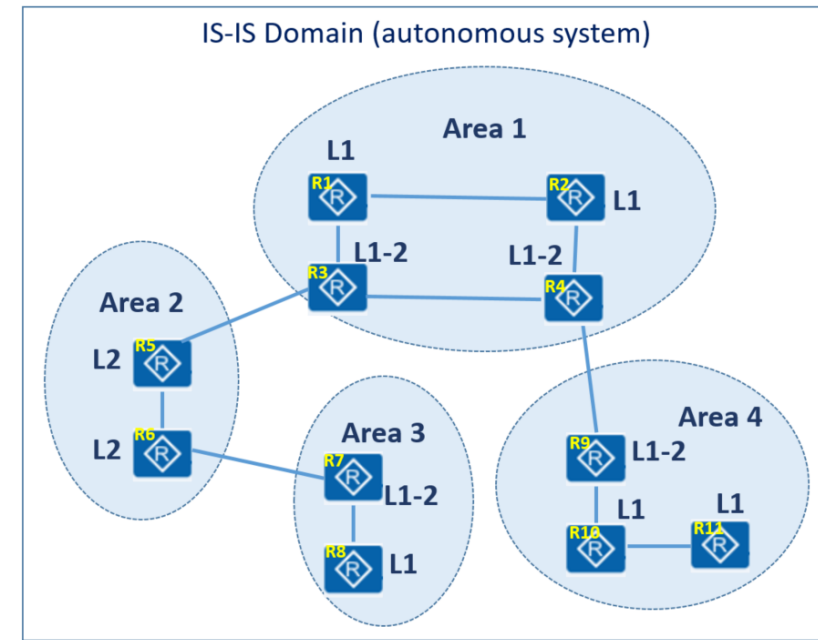
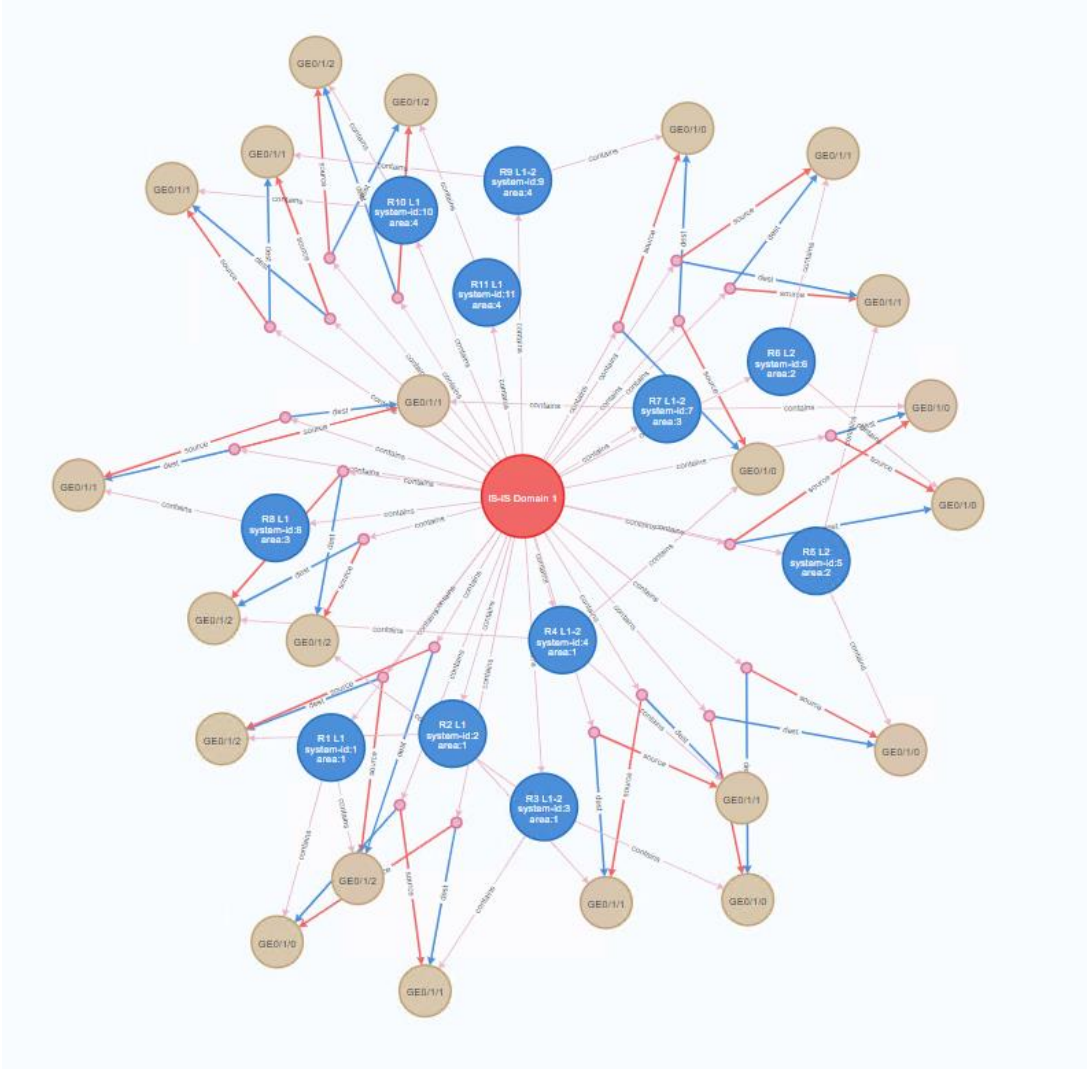
[Rearrange graph](#)



- Each Digital Map layer may be for a specific user, for some specific use cases
 - Ex: layer 3, for capacity planning, routing similar
- PoC'ed multiple technologies => strong focus on the IGP topology drafts, to start with
- By analyzing multiple layers, we will draw all conclusions:
 - Is RFC 8345 a good basis, should we do a bis, etc?
 - Should we have some guidelines on how to augment RFC8345? Interface, tp, etc.

Modelling IS-IS Areas (with RFC 8345 limitations)

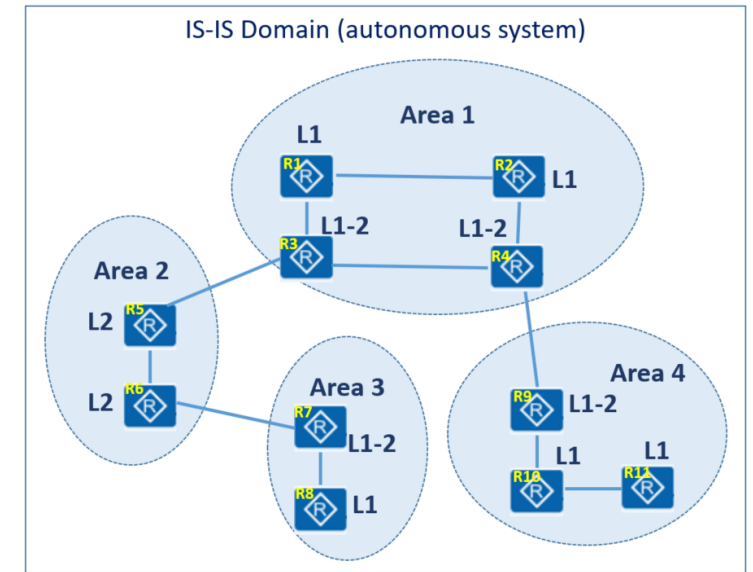
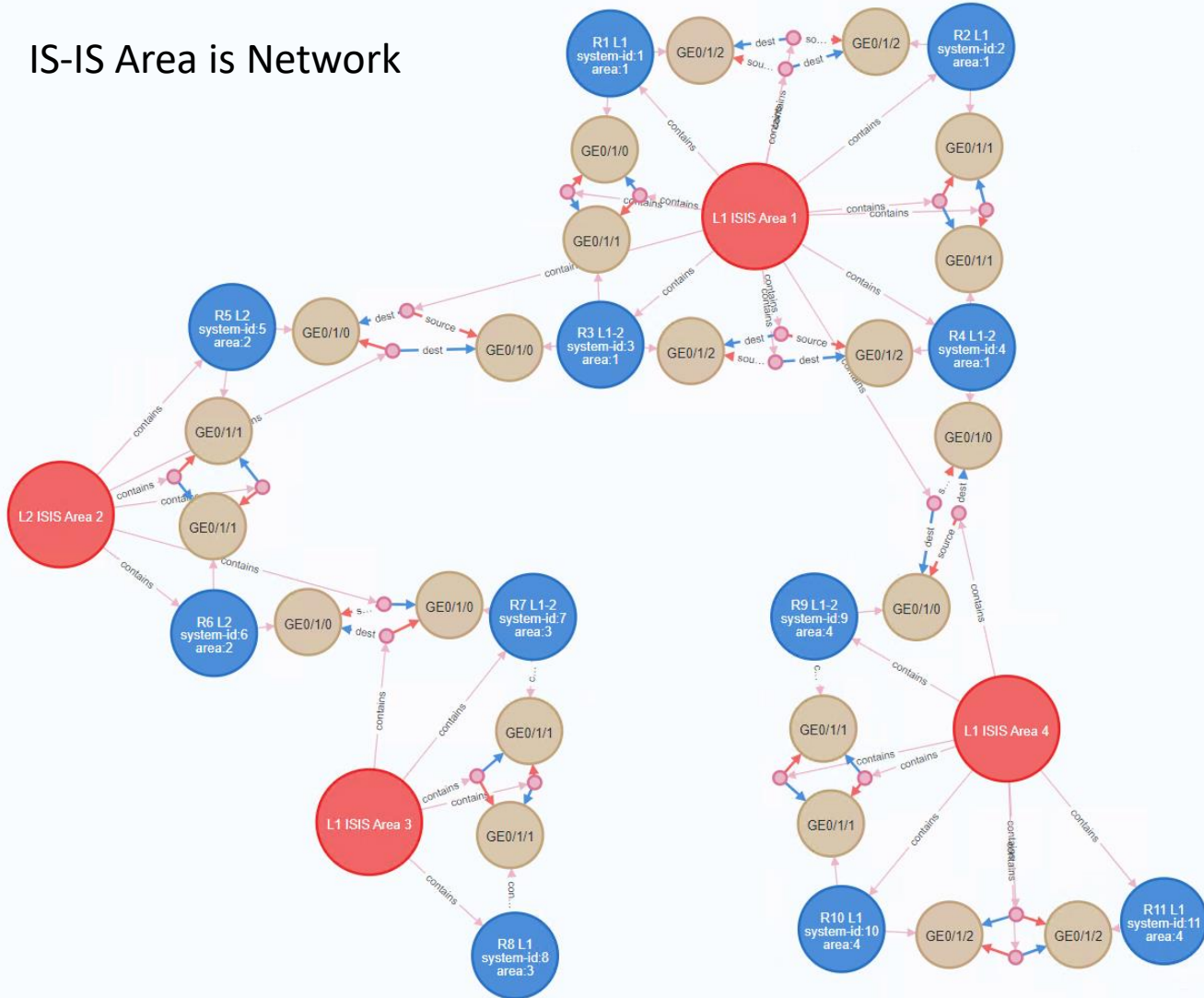
IS-IS Domain is network. IS-IS Areas info in attributes



- IS-IS processes grouped in the IS-IS area via the specific IS-IS attribute
- applications would need to understand the meaning of the specific IS-IS attributes in order to understand IS-IS topology
- does not represent the topology of the IS-IS Domain via entities - relationships


Modelling IS-IS Areas (without RFC8345 limitations)

IS-IS Area is Network




- aligned with the real topology
- allows drill down from the AS->Areas->Processes
- scale
- aligned with the IS-IS topology model and the IS-IS network view in the manuals and training material, IS-IS area entity exists in the model

RFC 8345 Limitations for Digital Map Modelling

- Bidirectional links
 - Multi-point connectivity (hub and spoke, full mesh, complex)
- 

Proposed solutions in:

draft-davis-opsawg-some-refinements-to-rfc8345

- Links between domains/networks
 - Networks part of other networks
 - Nodes, TPs and Links in multiple networks
- 

Implemented the IS-IS and OSPF using the drafts:

draft-ogondio-opsawg-isis-topology

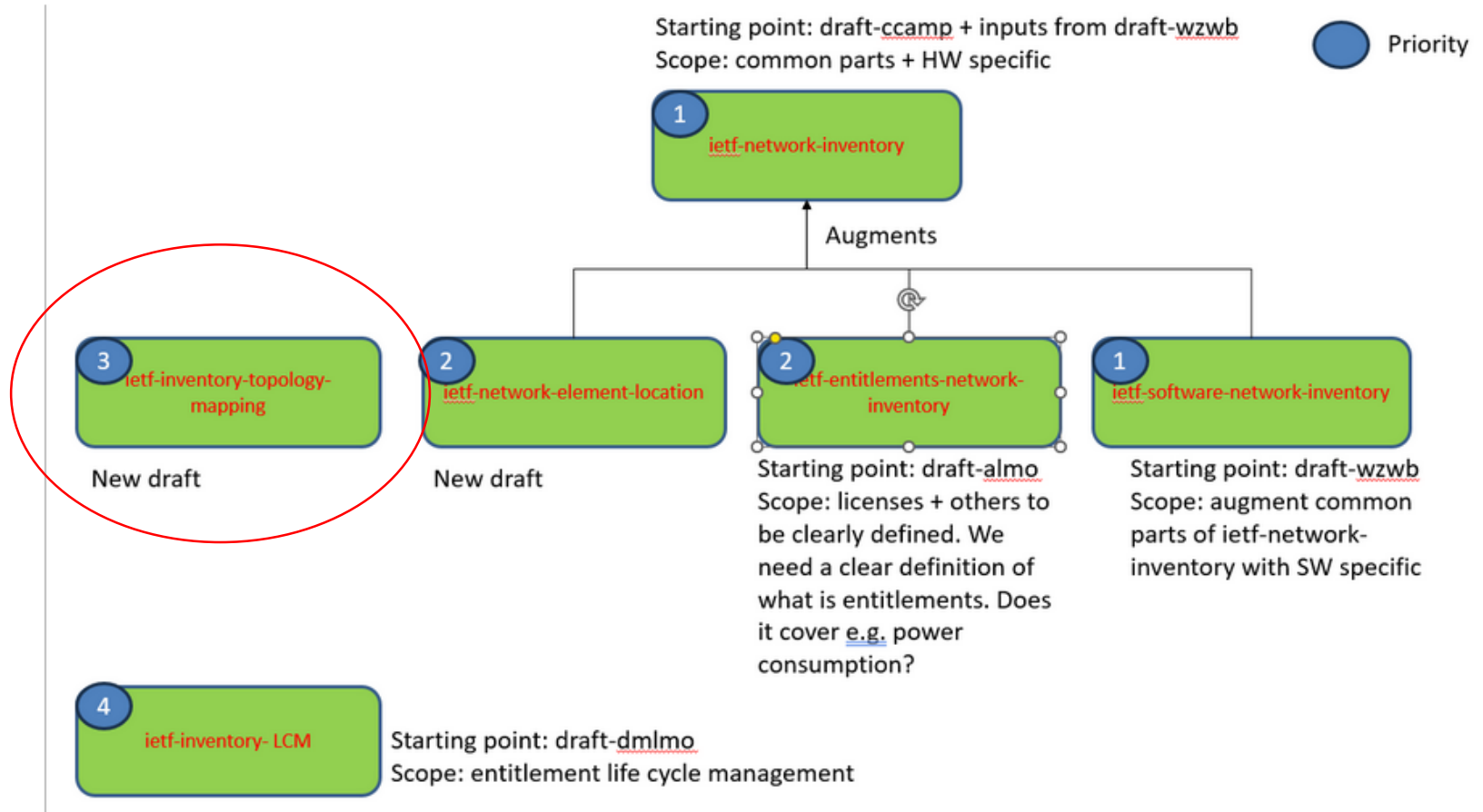
draft-ogondio-opsawg-ospf-topology

Identified the limitations

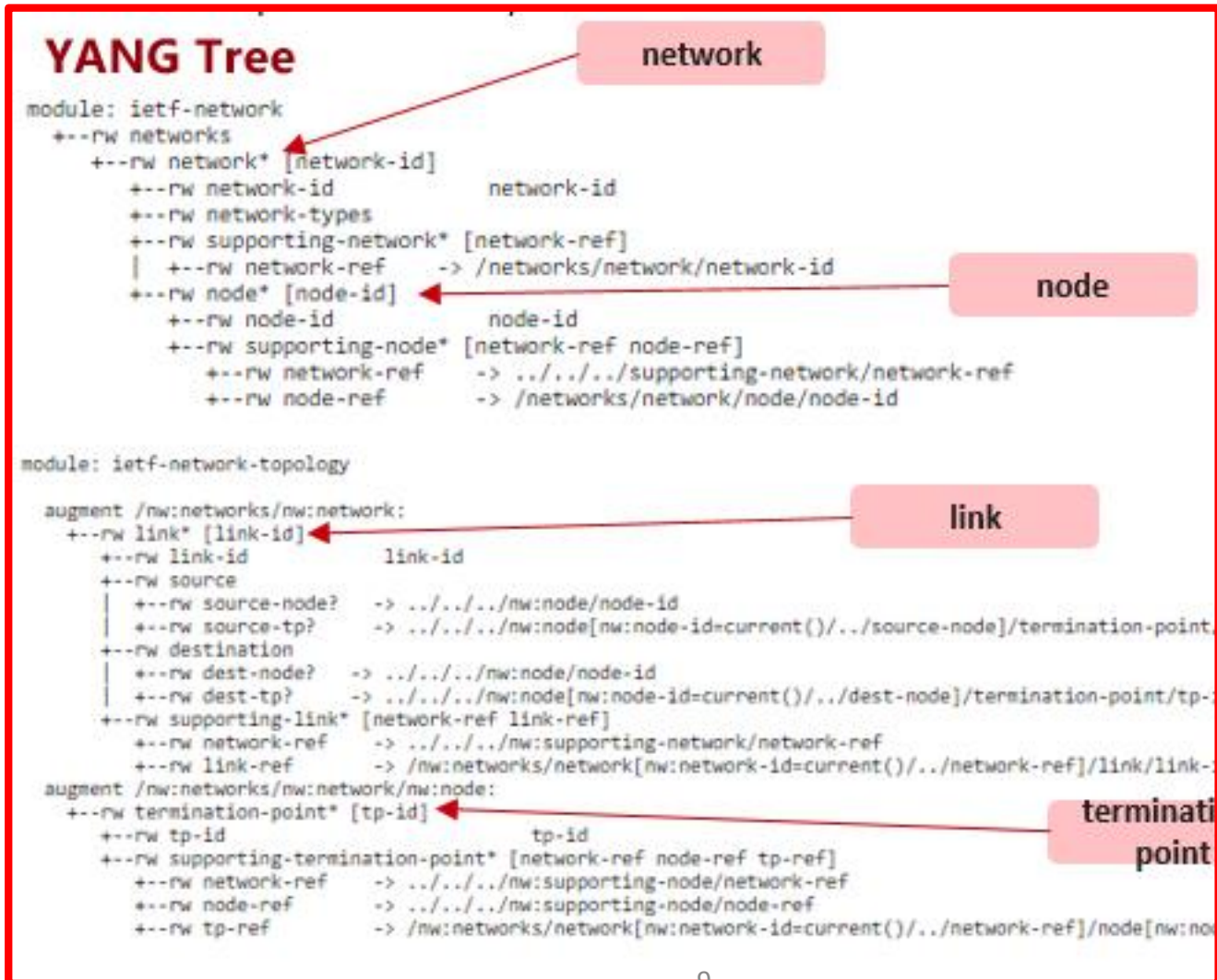
- We need additional supporting relationships (TP->Node, Node->Network)
- Relationship Properties
- Termination Point Roles
- Layers / Sublayers
- Tunnels and Paths. Further analysis for RFC8345 versus RFC8795

IVY and Digital Map Modeling Relationship?

What is ietf-inventory-topology-mapping?



Common: the 4 basic concepts & keys



Charter: « Mapping the inventory models that will be produced by the WG into existing IETF models (e.g., `ietf-network-topology`) is also in scope. »

IVY and Digital Map Modeling Relationship?

IVY, According to my reading

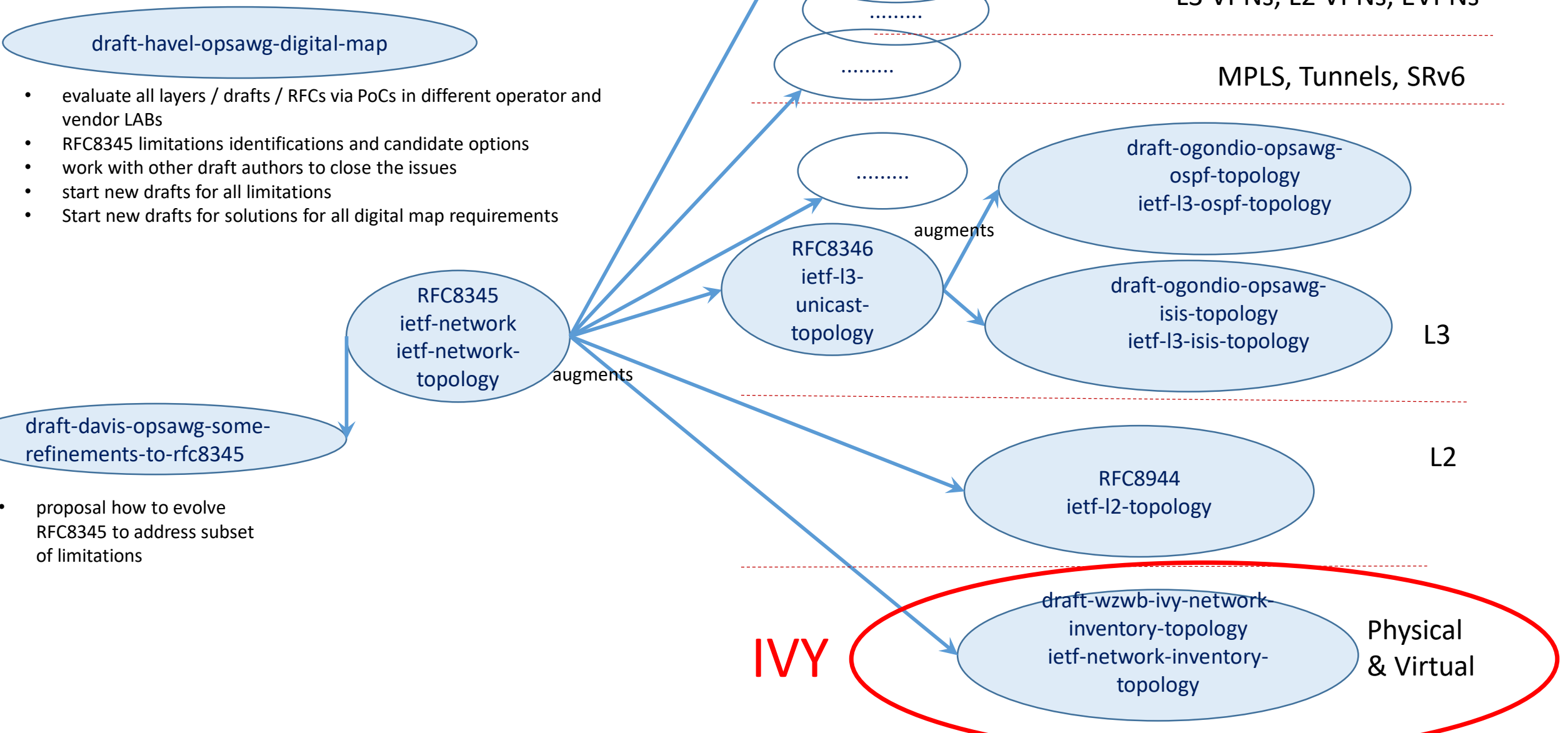
- The IVY effort focuses on the network inventory (as the charter says, "including a variety of information such as product name, vendor, product series, embedded software, and hardware/software versions").
- **Network Inventory is about « assets »**
 - Physical port, fiber, chassis
 - Note : could be virtual
- What is NOT about?
 - More than the bottom / asset layer => this is the scope of the digital map modelling aspect

Charter: « E. Mapping and correlation semantics: Correlating the inventory with existing IETF models e.g., topology, service attachment points (SAP), etc.»

=> I don't understand SAP in there, inventory is not about service in this charter

=> SAP should not be in IVY

Relationship with OPSAWG and IVY



Comments ? Questions?