Open issues for DAP

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#436, 409, 405, 316, 259 Collecting a batch many times

- We sometimes want to collect a batch multiple times: drill-down (#489); heavy-hitters (Poplar1)
 - Requirements: Enforce aggregation parameter validity, per <u>draft-irtf-cfrg-vdaf</u>, <u>Section 5.3</u>
 - Problem: No one has implemented this (not required for Prio3), so we don't know yet if the spec is correct
 - Sub-optimal communication (#409, 405)
 - Potential bugs (#436, 316, 259)
 - Incomplete definitions ("batch" is ill-defined in the context of multiple collections)
 - **Proposal #1**: Someone implement it and propose a PR to address any issues
 - Proposal #2: Remove support for collecting a batch multiple times (i.e., don't support heavy-hitters)

#519 Batch selection as Collector-Leader "business logic"

- DAP needs a way for the Aggregators to partition reports into batches
 - Different Batching strategies formalized as "query types" (Time-interval, Fixed-size, ...?) that give the Collector some in-band control over batch selection
 - Problem: Supporting multiple query types adds complexity for implementations
 - Observation: Fixed-size is general enough to support many batching strategies as out-of-band "business logic" implemented Collector and Leader
 - Proposal #1: Remove query types and adopt Fixed-size semantics (Leader arbitrarily assigns reports to batches identified by batch IDs)
 - O What do implementers think?
 - Proposal #2: Do nothing (implementations are free to ignore query types)

#489 Supporting drill-down

- Use case: Collector wants to split aggregate result by arbitrary "labels" (user-agent, geolocation, etc.)
 - Problem: Currently requires configuring a task for each label ⇒ lacks flexibility, doesn't scale, we miss out on data for "unpopular" labels
 - Proposal #1: Add <u>labels to report metadata</u>, enrich queries to support label sets
 - Problem: Labels are fingerprintable
 - Problem: Still need to enforce the same minimum batch size
 - Proposal #2 (not mutually exclusive with #1): Do per-label aggregation in MPC (draft-mouris-cfrg-mastic)
 - Perhaps not as flexible as we need (can do label1=="value1" && label2=="value2" but can't do label1=="value1" || label label2=="value2")

#500 Agreement on task parameters

- Desirable property: Honest parties that execute a task agree on the parameters of that task.
 - Requirement: Successful completion of the upload, aggregation, or collect sub-protocol should imply agreement on task configuration.
 - Proposal #1: draft-wang-ppm-dap-taskprov derives task ID from serialized task config
 ⇒ agreement on task ID implies agreement on task parameters
 - **Proposal #2**: Add specific parameters to AAD for HPKE encryption
 - Proposal #3: "The application MUST implement some mechanism for enforcing agreement on the task configuration."

#141 Recovering after batch mismatch

- Batch mismatch (Leader and Helper don't agree on the set of reports in the batch) is currently fatal.
 - Proposal #1: Do nothing, since (1) we can detect batch mismatches and (2) batch mismatch is unlikely
 - Can happen if: one Aggregator's storage gets corrupted; other reasons?
 - Proposal #2: Add mechanism allowing the Leader to find the missing reports and retry them

#446 Cheaper checksum

- During collection, the Aggregators check for batch mismatch by computing a checksum over the reports.
 - Problem: The current checksum looks more expensive than necessary. Can't just get rid of it because it has been useful for <u>detecting issues in implementations</u>.
 - Question: If the attacker controls a subset of Clients and can trigger a network error that causes a batch mismatch, then it can choose report IDs such that the Aggregators compute the same checksum (and thus fail to detect the batch mismatch). Do we care?
 - **Requirement**: Checksum computation must be independent of the <u>order of reports</u>.
 - Proposal #1: Make it cheaper
 - Proposal #2: Make it optional
 - Proposal #3: Do nothing because it's <u>relatively inexpensive</u>

#472 Deviations from TLS-syntax

- Protocol messages are specified in "TLS-syntax" from <u>RFC 8446, Section 3</u>.
 - **Problem**: We deviate from a strict interpretation of this spec
 - Proposal #1: Extend TLS-syntax to meet our needs
 - Proposal #2: Fully comply with TLS-syntax as it is (explain things in prose as needed)
 - Proposal #3: Explain deviations when they arise and limit them as much as possible

```
struct {
   PrepareStepState prepare_step_state = 2; /* reject */
   ReportId report_id;
   ReportShareError report_share_error;
} PrepareStep;
```

draft-ietf-ppm-dap-07, Section 4.5.1.2

```
struct {
   MessageType type;
   select (Message.type) {
   ...
     case continue:
        opaque prep_msg<0..2^32-1>;
        opaque prep_share<0..2^32-1>;
        case finish:
   ...
    };
} Message;
```

#459 GET {aggregator}/hpke_config

- Idea: Make this endpoint "look like" the others
 - Proposal #1 (PR <u>#510</u>): Add task ID ⇒ {aggregator}/tasks/{task-id}/hpke_config
 - **Proposal #2**: Do nothing, as this issue is more aesthetic than anything.

#450 PUT or POST {leader}/tasks/{task-id}/reports

- We currently PUT, which contradicts <u>RFC 9110, Section 9.3.4</u> (we're not "replacing" the resource of the request path)
 - Question: Is this an issue for upload only, or is it also an issue for aggregation and collection?
 - If so, then Proposal #1: Add the report ID to the request path

Backup slides

Poplar1 versus Mastic (<u>draft-mouris-cfrg-mastic</u>)

	Poplar1	Mastic
heavy hitters	yes	yes*
weighted heavy hitters	no	yes
"Prio with labels"	no	yes
primitives	IDPF + "secure sketch"	"verifiable" IDPF + FLP
number of aggregators	2	2
prep rounds	2	1
overall communication (bits)	_	a little higher*
overall computation	_	about the same

*VIDPF-proof aggregation 12