

EVPN Fast Reroute

draft-burdet-bess-evpn-fast-reroute

L. A. Burdet

P. Brissette

Cisco

T. Miyasaka

KDDI Corporation

J. Rabadan

Nokia

draft-burdet-bess-evpn-fast-reroute

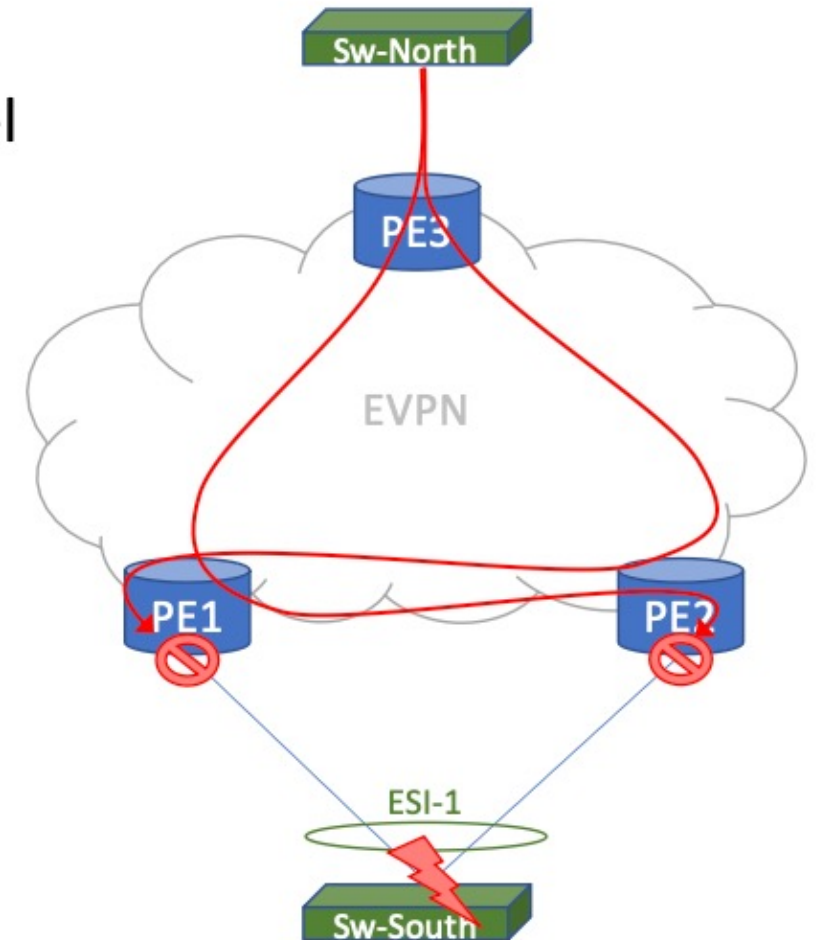
- EVPN convergence is control plane driven
 - Route-scale and topology dependant (route-reflector delays, network delays etc.)
- Using peer's service label (straightforward solution) :
 - May lead to loops in the network or extra dataplane work
 - Does not work for all EVPN load-balancing modes (A/A, S/A, P/A, SF/A)
- EVPN convergence cannot reasonably be expected to meet more stringent requirements (sub-second)
- Support for SRV6 underlay transport recently added:
 - new End.DT2U.Reroute and End.DX2.Reroute

No further reroute : Terminal disposition

- Downstream-allocated Service-Label, Reroute-Label
- Standard Service-Label disposition:
AC state-based forwarding chain
 - AC-Up: send to CE
 - AC-Down: re-encap with peer's Reroute-Label

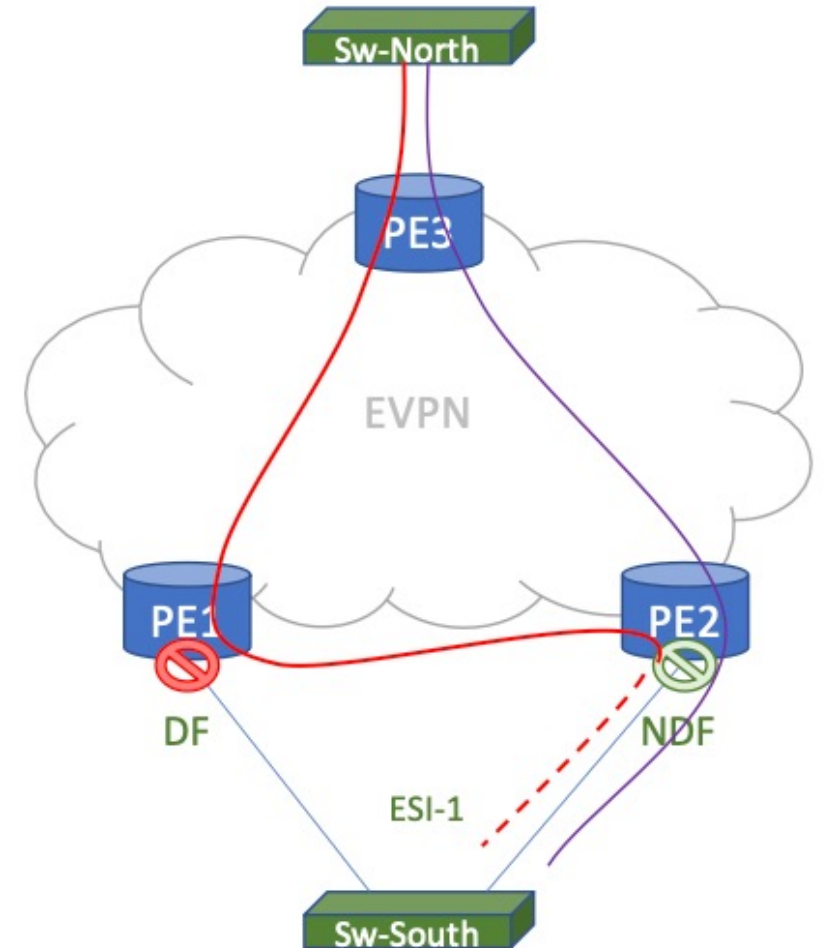
Failure

- Disposition of Reroute-Label is terminal (**final**)
 - Local knowledge. Applies **regardless of AC state**
 - Once-rerouted packets are **not rerouted again**
- No dataplane modifications required
 - No extra label on the stack to prevent further reroutes
 - Reroute-Label replaces Service-Label



Bypassing Designated-Forwarder Election

- PE1's AC down: drop until Control plane DF-Elects PE2, and PE3->PE2 forwarding created
- Applying a Reroute at PE1 results in redirection to PE2 which is still **NDF and drops**.
- DF-Election Bypass on Reroute-Label
 - Traffic is rerouted much faster than EVPN DF-Election may unblock ports (control plane)
 - DF-Election results do not apply to Reroute-Label traffic (unidirectional bypass)
 - Especially applicable to **Single-Active load-balancing**



SRv6 Support

New *End.DT2U.Reroute* and *End.DX2.Reroute* signaled alongside base behaviour

BGP Prefix SID Attr:

SRv6 L2 Service TLV:

SRv6 SID Information sub-TLV:

SID: 2001:db8:b:1:fb1::

Behavior: **End.DT2U**

SRv6 SID Structure sub-sub-TLV:

LBL: 48, LNL: 16, FL: 16, **AL: 0**, TPOS-L: 0, TPOS-O: 0

SRv6 SID Information sub-TLV:

SID: 2001:db8:b:1:fb1:aaaa::

Behavior: **End.DT2U.Reroute**

SRv6 SID Structure sub-sub-TLV:

LBL: 48, LNL: 16, FL: 16, **AL: 16**, TPOS-L: 0, TPOS-O: 0

SRv6 Support

- Backwards-compatibility is specifically addressed
 - Priority between 2 SIDs, Applicability at Node role, Unrecognized SIDs
- Supports per-Attachment Circuit granularity redirection with Arg
- Reachability (IGP) via single advertisement of the base End.DT2U or End.DX2 SIDs
 - Base End.DT2U / End.DX2 can be extracted when Arg=0 is forced
- Important draft representing easy way to achieve fast convergence for EVPN Services

Seeking Spring WG feedback on SRV6 procedures