
DDoS trends and defense issues

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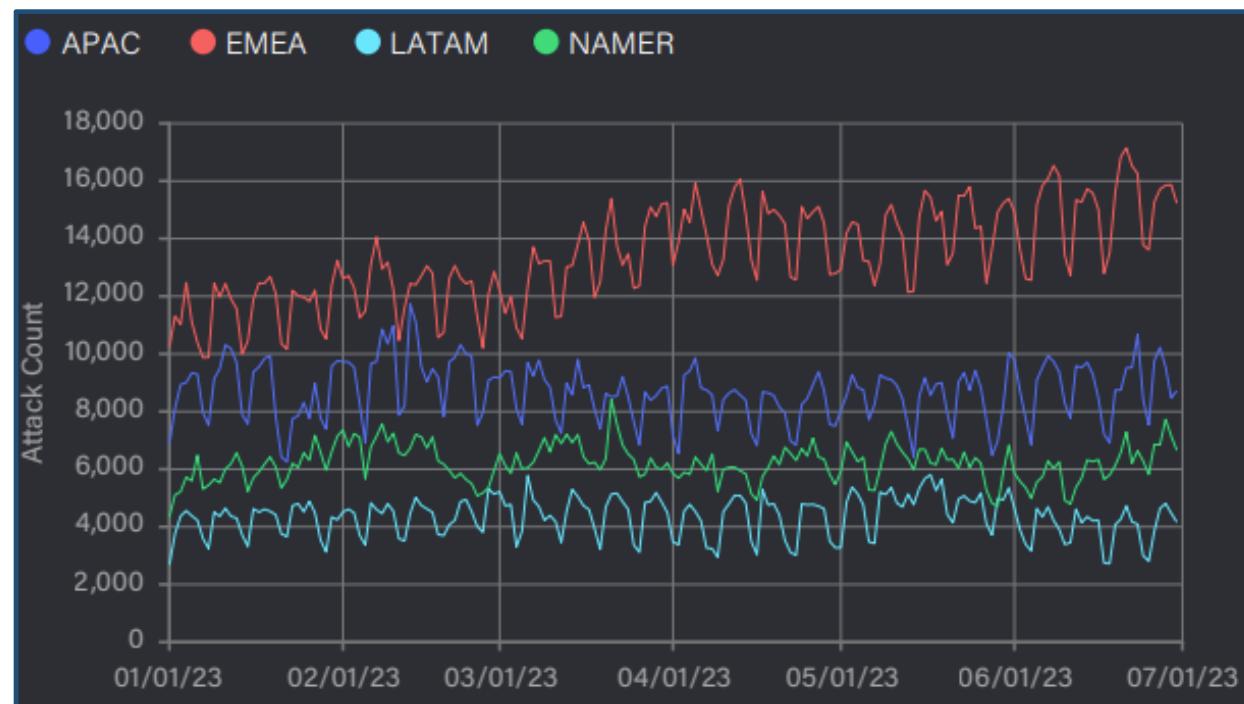
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DDoS Attack Trends and Problems

➤ More frequent

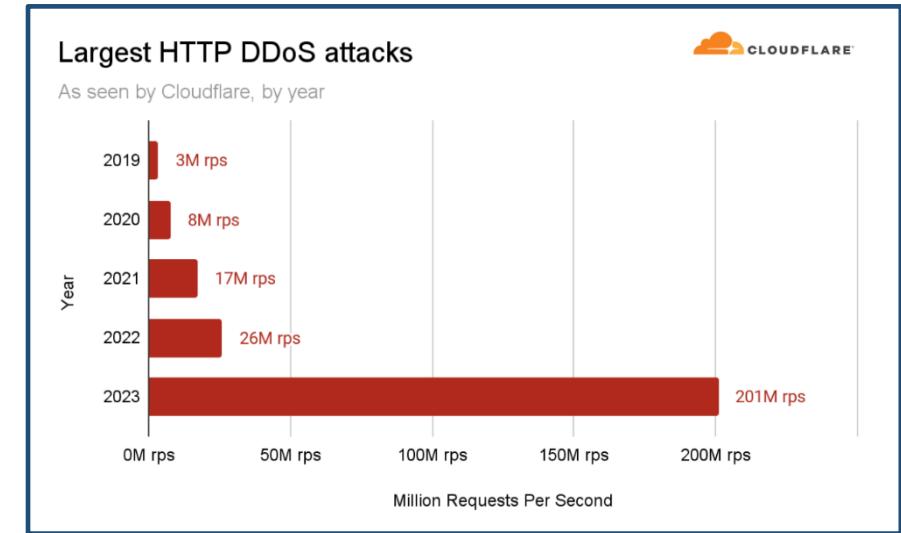
- 7.9 million DDoS attacks happened in the first half year of 2023, 31% increase year over year.



DDoS Attack Trends and Problems

➤ Hyper-volumetric

- The largest attack in 2023 — **201M requests per second (rps)**, almost 8 times larger than 2022's.



➤ High defense costs

- To counter randomly occurring DDoS attacks, **long-term procurement and operation of large-scale DDoS defense resources** come at a very high cost.

DDoS Attack Trends and Problems

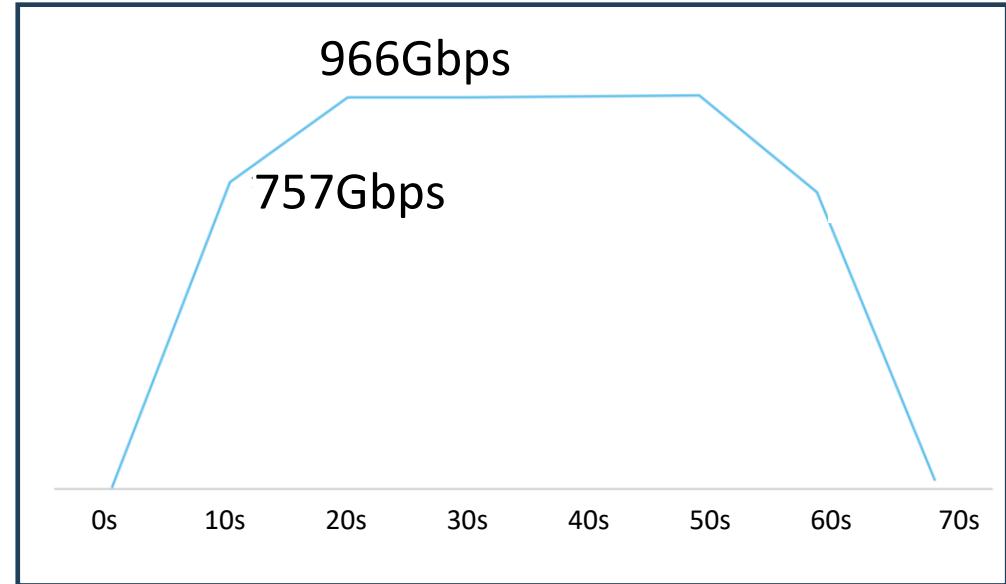
➤ More Intelligent

- 50% of DDoS use **more than two vectors**.
- “**Fast Flooding**” can suddenly spike to a high level for a short duration.
- New means using HTTP2.0, Coap, ...

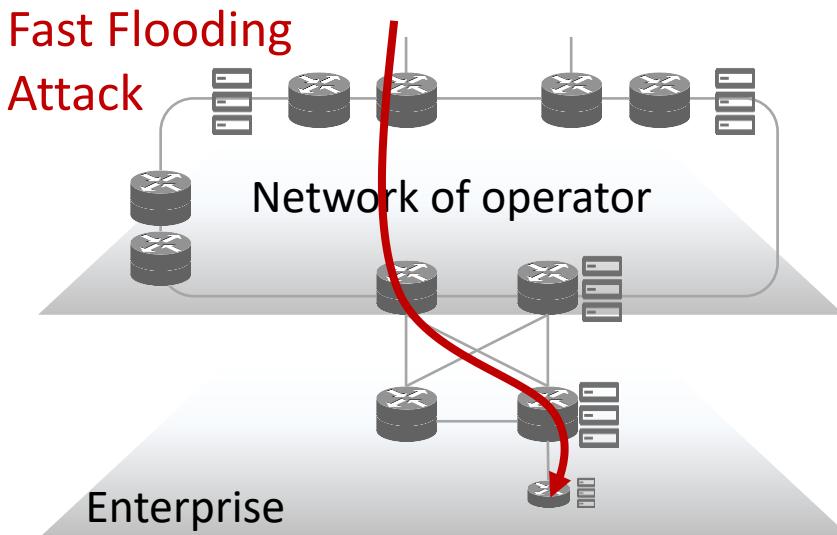


➤ Hard to detect

- For ISP, Sampling-based attack detection usually takes **more than 1 minute**.
- New types of attacks are emerging, and intelligent attacks occur more frequently, both are difficult to detect.



A Case

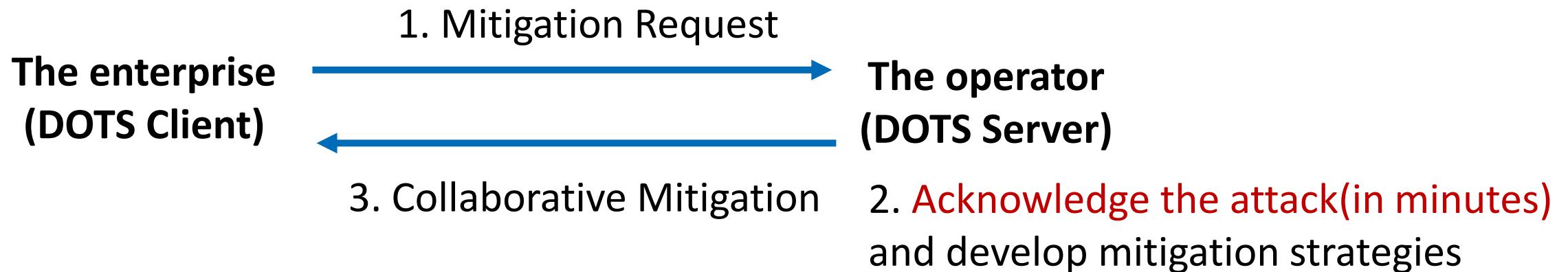


For operator:

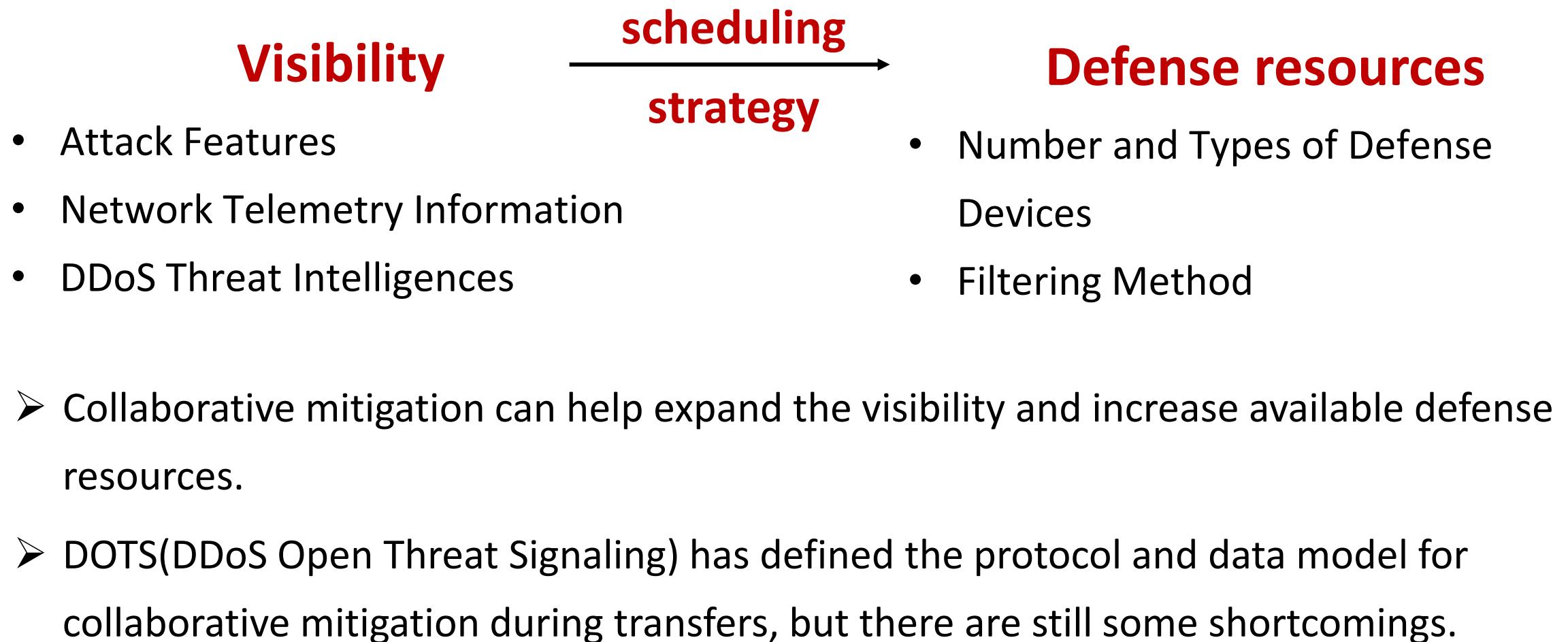
- Detect attacks in minutes (sampling based)
- Have enough resources

For enterprise:

- Detect attacks in seconds
- Limited resources, can not mitigate Gbps-level attack traffic



Key elements of defense



We are looking for cooperators!

We are building a collaborative defense architecture and signaling:

- Extended Yang data model of DDoS Open Threat Signaling
 - Alldispatch: IETF-Wide "Dispatch" Session
 - 8:30-11:30 Monday, Plaza Terrace Room
- SAV-based Anti-DDoS Architecture(SAV-D)

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Thanks!