

Usefulness of privacy pass APIs on the Web

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Agenda

- Related APIs
- Attester/Issuer Ecosystem
- Future Work

Related APIs

- Private Access Tokens
 - Split attester/issuer instantiation of privacy pass.
 - Rate-limited tokens.
- Private State Tokens
 - Joint attester/issuer model
 - Based on VOPRF-style tokens and format.
 - Does not implement privacy pass authentication scheme.
 - Previously had a private metadata variant.
- Chrome IP Protection
 - Using privacy pass style RSA tokens with metadata (see metadata discussion).

Attester/Issuer Ecosystem

- Single/Fixed-Set Attester/Issuers
 - Properties of the attester are well-known.
 - Limitations on amount of data based on the limited number of parties.
 - Private Access Tokens
 - IP Protection Tokens
 - Well understood meanings for tokens.
- Arbitrary Attesters/Issuers
 - Differing levels of trust in the parties in the ecosystem.
 - Mitigations at issuance/redemption time to avoid many issuers being used in the same context.
 - Private State Tokens
 - Fuzzier meanings for tokens.

Challenges

- Mitigations to limit redemptions across multiple issuers can cause issuer pinning.
 - Mechanisms to limit cross-issuer collusion without permanent pinning of issuers to each redemption context?
- Binding redemption to a particular context.
 - The challenge can help mitigate this, but in cases where there are lower traffic issuers, the timing correlation between an issuance and redemption event introduces additional side channels.

Open Questions/Future Work

- More nuanced analysis of how different issuers interact with each other in an ecosystem.
 - How to measure the privacy impact and how to support rotation.
- Technical mechanisms for classifying tokens/issuers and how they are used.
 - Governance vs centralization discussion.
- Changing meaning over time can result in additional complexity.
- How different issuer ecosystems interact.