EVN6: A Framework of Mapping of Ethernet Virtual Network to IPv6 Underlay
draft-xls-Intarea-evn6-00

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Overview

• EVN6 is Layer-2 network model built on top of the IPv6 underlay to provide connectivity between dispersed customer sites.
  
  • Ethernet frame is directly copied in the payload of IPv6 packet with encapsulation.
  • Stateless mapping is used to generate IPv6 addresses from the MAC addresses, Virtual Network Identifier and site prefixes.

• This draft was firstly proposed in October 2023 to 6man WG, it has been discussed in 6man and v6ops several rounds.
Overall Architecture

VEI: 32-bits Virtual Ethernet Identifier
Pref6: Site Prefix/IPv6 Mapping Prefix
MAC-VRF:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MAC Address</th>
<th>VEI</th>
<th>Length of Pref6</th>
<th>Pref6</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pref6:Site Prefix</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Encapsulation of Ethernet Frame into IPv6 Packet

- The Ethernet frame is directly placed in the payload of IPv6 packet by the E-ADPT of ingress PE.
- The field of ‘Next header’ in IPv6 header is set as 143, to indicate that the payload is Ethernet frame.
IPv6 Address Generation by Mapping

Stateless mapping is used to generate IPv6 addresses from the MAC addresses, Virtual Network Identifier and site prefixes.

IPv6 Source Address

IPv6 Destination Address
MAC-VRF and Control Layer

• The data in MAC-VRF should be available before encapsulation of Ethernet frame, so the sites needs to pre-send MAC/Pref6 mapping of each hosts to other sites.

• The exchange of MAC/Pref6 mapping can be implemented at the existing control layer. This has been out of the scope of this document.
Revisions made since IETF 119(1/2)

• Based on the suggestion of Eric Vyncke, multicast in EVN6 is added in section 5.1, which illustrates how to process multicast traffic.
• The section of broadcast is revised in section 5.2.
• Jibin Sun is added as one co-author.
• Several editorial changes.
Revisions made since IETF 119(2/2)

Justification and Benefits Analysis

• Forward efficiency
  • L2 frame is encapsulated into IPv6 packet without extra encapsulation headers, encapsulation and processing cost can be reduced.

• Delivery flexibility
  • Service can be provisioned as long as access to IPv6 Internet is available.
  • There is no specific requirement for the interworking between ISPs, it can be easily deployed in multi-operator environment

• Secure
  • As there is no pre-configured static tunnel endpoint address, the risk of DDOS attack can be reduced.

• Traffic load-balancing(ECMP)
  • Load balancing can be implemented based on the source IPv6 addresses, different host within the same site has different IPv6 addresses.
System Implementation and Lab Test

IPv6 Network

Site Mapping Prefix:
- Pref6-1: 2001::/64
- Pref6-2: 2002::/64
- Pref6-3: 2003::/64
- Pref6-4: 2004::/64
- Pref6-5: 2005::/64

Host Address:
- H1: 2401::1/64
- H2: 2401::2/64
- H3: 2401::3/64
- H4: 2401::4/64
- H5: 2402::1/64
- H6: 2402::2/64

Eth. Virtual Network 1

VEI: 1000

Eth. Virtual Network 2

VEI: 2000
Show MAC-VRF/MMDs of PE1, PE2 and PE3

PE1

root@ivi:~$ /evn6_ctrl -o 3 -d evn61
Prefix6:2002::/64 VEI:1000 MAC:00:00:00:00:00:00
Prefix6:2003::/64 VEI:1000 MAC:00:00:00:00:00:00

PE2

root@ivi:~$ /evn6_ctrl -o 3 -d evn61
Prefix6:2001::/64 VEI:1000 MAC:00:00:00:00:00:00
Prefix6:2003::/64 VEI:1000 MAC:00:00:00:00:00:00

PE3

root@ivi:~$ /evn6_ctrl -o 3 -d evn61
Prefix6:2001::/64 VEI:1000 MAC:00:00:00:00:00:00
Prefix6:2002::/64 VEI:1000 MAC:00:00:00:00:00:00
Ping Host of the Same EVN6 Instance

ping H2, H3, H4 from H1

```
root@ivi:/install# docker exec H1 ping 2401::2
PING 2401::2(2401::2) 56 data bytes
64 bytes from 2401::2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.571 ms
^C

root@ivi:/install# docker exec H1 ping 2401::3
PING 2401::3(2401::3) 56 data bytes
64 bytes from 2401::3: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.537 ms
^C

root@ivi:/install# docker exec H1 ping 2401::4
PING 2401::4(2401::4) 56 data bytes
64 bytes from 2401::4: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.543 ms
64 bytes from 2401::4: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.561 ms
^C
```

2024/7/23
File Transfer within EVN6 Instance

Copy File from H1 to H2 and H4

```
root@b96f30b59a4c:~# echo helloword_test > test
root@b96f30b59a4c:~# scp test docker@[2401::2]:
docker@2401::2's password:
100% 15 21.1KB/s 00:00
root@b96f30b59a4c:~# scp test docker@[2401::4]:
The authenticity of host '2401::4 (2401::4)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:Coq9QKRKhEhC/q54n88Um+QBvoriwOkf7KNOjXNY0VyU.
This host key is known by the following other names/addresses:
- /etc/ssh/known_hosts:1: [hashed name]
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '2401::4' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
docker@2401::4's password:
100% 15 24.2KB/s 00:00
root@b96f30b59a4c:~# 
```
Snapshot of Frame-mapped IPv6 Packet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hop Limit: 63</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payload Length: 86</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Type: IPv6 (86dd)                       |

Internet Protocol Version 6, Src: 2401::4, Dst: 2401::5
Test of Isolation between different EVN6 Instances: Ping H6 (VEI 2000) from H1 (VEI 1000)

```
root@vi:~# docker exec -it H1 bash
root@b96f30b59a4c:/# ip a
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
ing 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
    valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
inet6 ::/128 scope host
    valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
37: eth0@if38: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc noqueue state UP group default
    link/ether 02:22:33:11:22:01 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff link-netnsid 0
    inet 172.18.0.2/16 brd 172.18.255.255 scope global eth0
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
        inet6 fe80::22:33ff:fe11:2201/64 scope link
            valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
root@b96f30b59a4c:/# ping 2402::2
PING 2402::2(2402::2) 56 data bytes
From 2401::5 icmp_seq=1 Destination unreachable: Address unreachable
From 2401::5 icmp_seq=2 Destination unreachable: Address unreachable
From 2401::5 icmp_seq=3 Destination unreachable: Address unreachable
--- 2402::2 ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 0 received, +3 errors, 100% packet loss, time 4075ms
```
Next Steps

• Comments and suggestions are welcome, and make further refinement to improve the document.

• Authors would like to ask for WG adoption of this document.
Thank you!

Q&A