

Wrapped ESP v2

draft-klassert-ipsecme-wespv2-01

Steffen Klassert

Why a new security protocol?

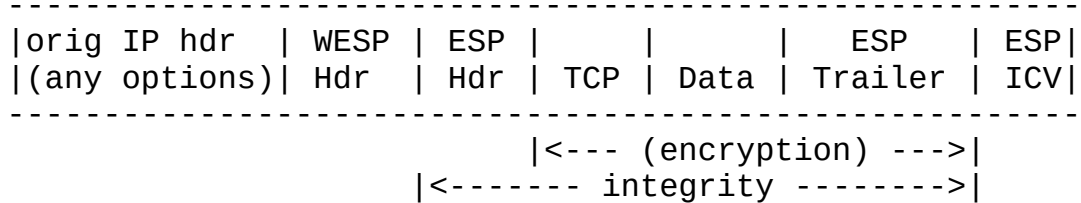
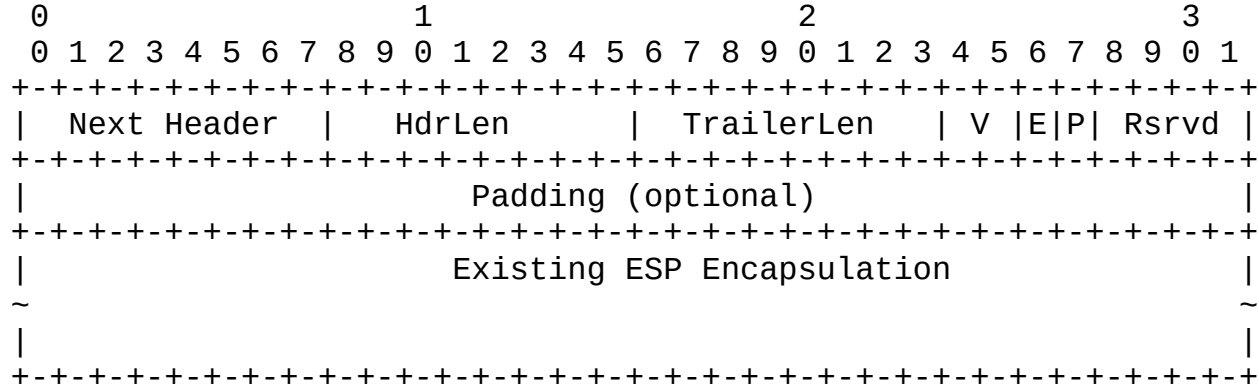
- ESP is inflexible
 - No version number
 - New features must be negotiated
 - Not transparent to the network
- Lot of proposals to extend ESP
 - Suffer from ESP limitations
- Need to be HW offload friendly: Google PSP
 - Similar to ESP but more flexible
 - No standard!

Wrapped ESP (WESP)

WESP

- RFC 5840
- ESP wrapper
- AH replacement
- Has an encryption (E) Flag
 - If set: Packet is authenticated **and** encrypted
 - If not set: Packet is authenticated **but not** encrypted
- Inner packet can be parsed if E is not set
- Has 2 bit version number (version 00 currently)

WESP

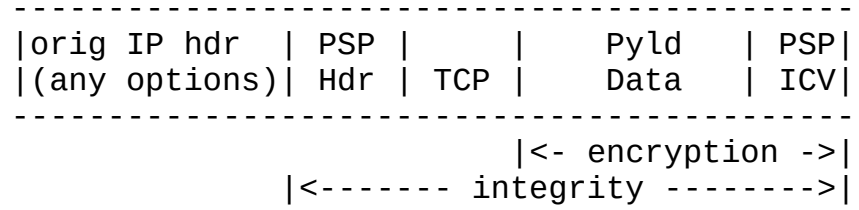
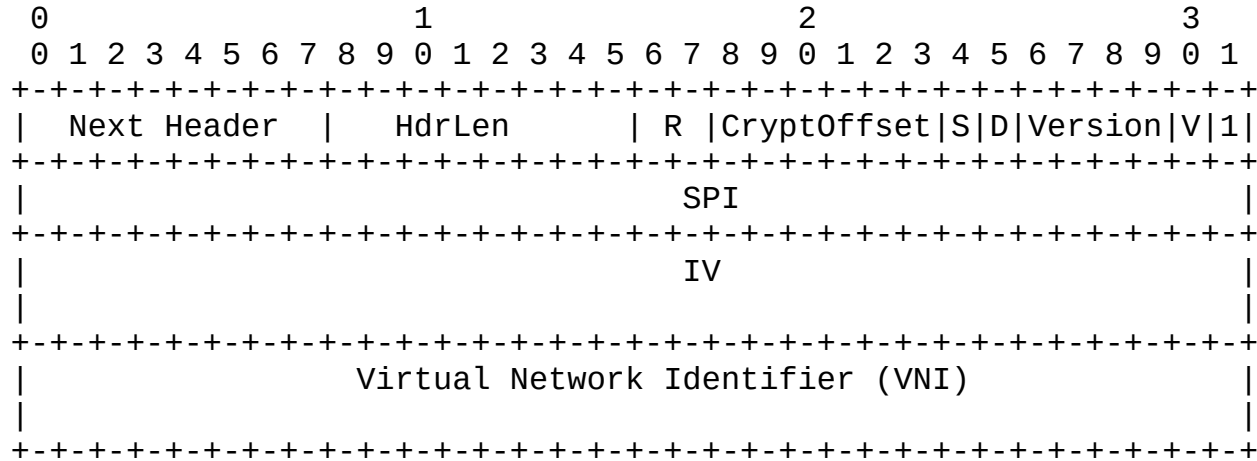


Google PSP

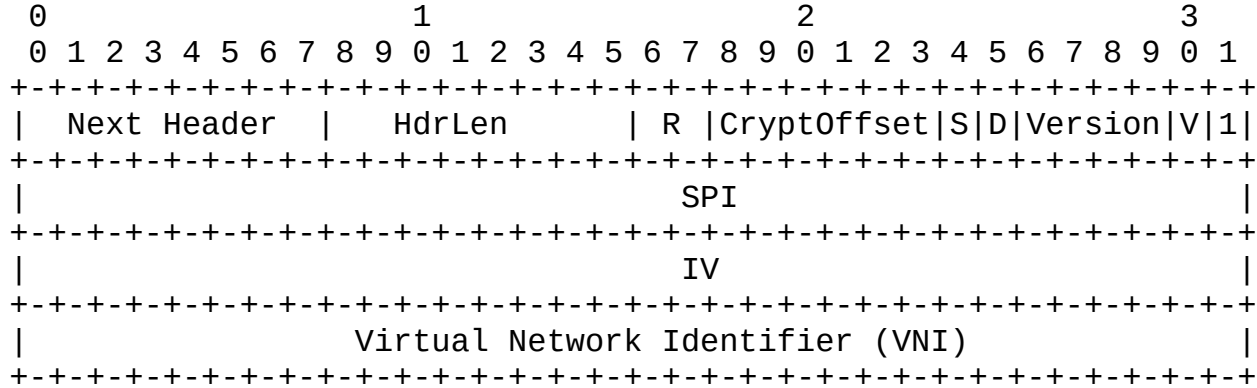
PSP

- Inspired by IPsec/ESP
- Hardware offload friendly
- Used for datacenter security
- Widely deployed at datacenters

PSP



PSP



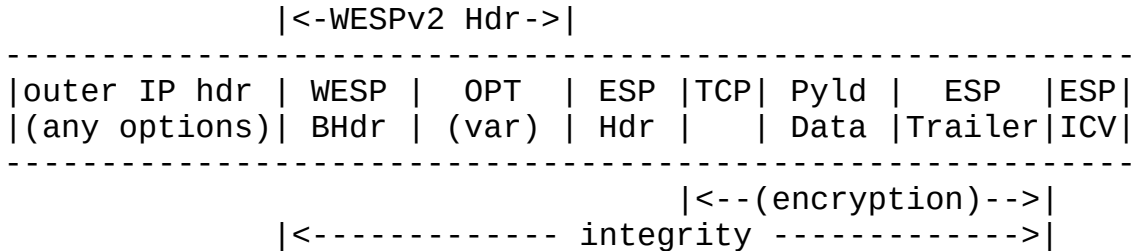
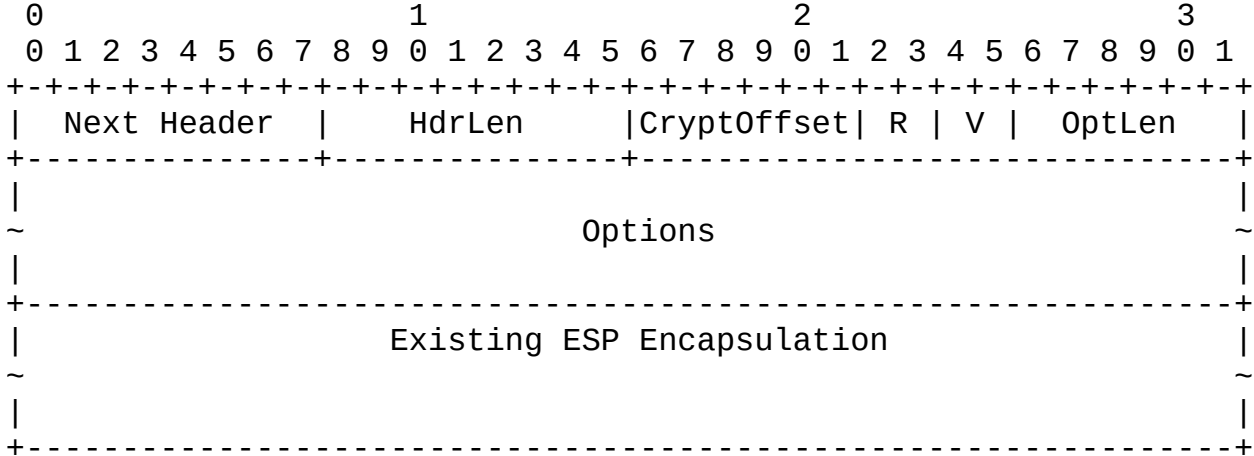
- CyptOffset - Can expose inner headers
- Version - Crypto parameters (algorithm type, keylen)
 - Stateless decryption on RX side
- VNI - Flow Identifier
- No sequence number
 - No replay protection

Wrapped ESP v2 (WESPv2)

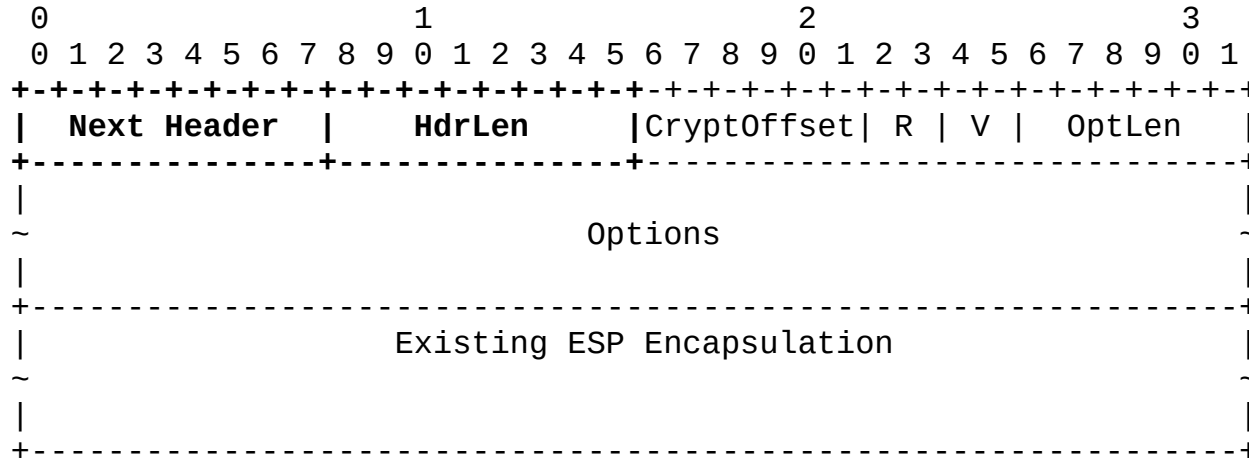
WESPv2

- WESP not widely used
- Has protocol number (141)
- Has version number
- Can match all PSP usecases
- Can carry integrity protected flow information
- Preserves original WESP usecase (partially)

WESPV2



IPv6 Extension Header Style



- Compliant to RFC 8200 Section 4.8 (Defining new IPv6 Ext. Headers)

CryptOffset

```
|<-WESPV2 Hdr->|  
-----  
|outer IP hdr | WESP |  OPT  | ESP |TCP| Pyld |  ESP  |ESP|  
|(any options)| BHdr | (var) | Hdr |   | Data |Trailer|ICV|  
-----  
|<-- encryption -->|  
|<----- integrity ----->|
```

CryptOffset zero

```
|<-WESPV2 Hdr->|  
-----  
|outer IP hdr | WESP |  OPT  | ESP |TCP| Pyld |  ESP  |ESP|  
|(any options)| BHdr | (var) | Hdr |   | Data |Trailer|ICV|  
-----  
|<-encryption->|  
|<----- integrity ----->|
```

Cryptoffset positive

WESPv2 Options

```
+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+ - - - - - - - - -  
| Option Type | Opt Data Len | Option Data  
+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+ - - - - - - - - -
```

- * Option Type: 8-bit identifier of the type of option.
- * Opt Data Len: 8-bit unsigned integer. Length of the Option Data.
- * Option Data: Variable-length field. Option-Type-specific data.

- Options are Type Length Values (TLV)
- Adapted from IPv6 Extension Header Options (RFC 8200 Section 4.2)
- Multiple Options can follow the header
- Future documents can define new Options
- Reserved space for private Options

Option Types

- Padding Options
- Flow Identifier Options
- Private Options
- Future documents can define new Option Types

Padding Options

- Used to align following header (4 byte IPv4, 8 byte IPv6)
- Future usecase: Ciphertext alignment (for SIMD, AVX)

Flow Identifier Options

- Must carry characteristic information of the inner flow
- Detailed specification of Flow Identifiers not in this draft
 - Must be provided by future documents
- Can be used by intermediate devices
 - ECMP
 - RSS

Private Options

- Reserved for private use
- Used for any purposes that are out of scope for standardization
- Can be used to encode hardware specific information

Usecases for Options

- Sequence number subspaces
 - draft-ponchon-ipsecme-anti-replay-subspaces-03
- VPN IDs
 - draft-he-ipsecme-vpn-shared-ipsecsa-00
- Padding for ciphertext alignment

Takeways from IPsec Workshop and Netdev Conference

Takeaways

- WESPV2 design fits the PSP usecases
- PSP users are willing to migrate to a standardized packet format
- Cryptooffset is needed for telemetry
 - Mandatory for PSP usecase
 - Need to parse L4 headers
 - Never parses more then L4 header

Questions, suggestions?