

User Discovery Requirements

[draft-interop-mimi-discovery-requirements](#)

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Overview

- MIMI user discovery enables a message sender to locate messaging service providers on which a particular recipient can be reached
 - requires no prior knowledge of the recipient's provider
- The draft defines requirements for user discovery using globally unique identifiers
 - phone numbers
 - email addresses

Terminology

- **Cross-Service Identifier (CSI):** A globally unique identifier for a user across services (e.g., phone number, email address)
- **Cross-Service Identifier Provider (CSIP):** An entity that issues and manages CSIs (e.g., telco companies, email providers)
- **Messaging Service Provider (MSP):** An entity that provides messaging services (e.g., WhatsApp)
- **Service Specific Identifier (SSI):** A unique identifier for a user within a single messaging service (e.g., an X handle)
- **Discovery Provider (DP):** An entity that collects, stores, and facilitates the discovery of CSI to MSP mappings

The Discovery Problem

- Asserting verifiable mappings between CSIs and MSPs
- Looking up mappings to determine MSPs for which a CSI can be reached
- Additionally:
 - Prioritize user privacy
 - Allow users to control their discoverability
 - Integrate well with E2EE and other MIMI protocols

Requirements in -01

Authenticating Mappings



Preferences



Discovery Protocol



Operational



Security & Abuse Prevention



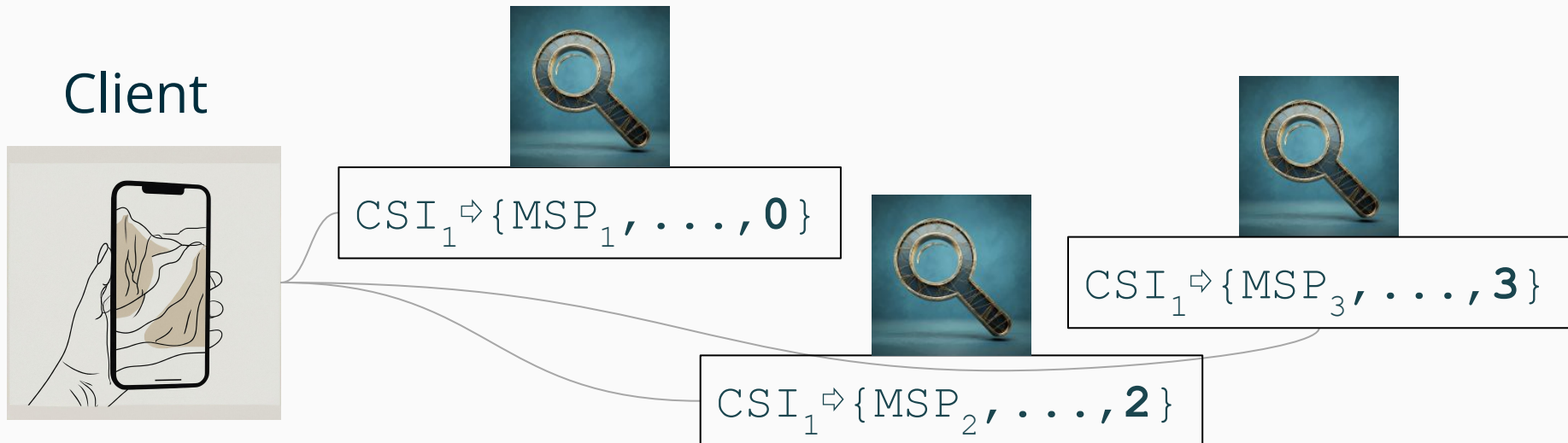
Authenticating Mapping Requirements

- 1 DP MUST verify user's CSI possession through proof-of-possession challenges through a CSIP, certificate authority or designated parties
- 2 MSP MUST confirm CSI reachability on its service
- 3 Client, MSP, and DP MUST jointly compute a verifiable mapping representation of CSI-to-MSP
- 4 DP MUST NOT be able to create a verifiable mapping without CSI holder and MSP involvement
- 5 DP MUST NOT be able to falsely claim user completed proof-of-possession
- 6 Other users MUST be able to verify CSI holder's participation in mapping creation



Basic Recipient's Preference Requirement

- 7 Authenticated mappings MUST include a preference index or string to allow recipients to control their preferred contact method



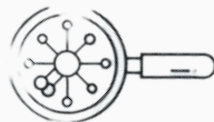
$CSI_1 \Leftrightarrow \{MSP_1, \dots, \text{"business"}\}$

$CSI_1 \Leftrightarrow \{MSP_2, \dots, \text{"basketball"}\}$



Discovery Protocol Requirements

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| 8 | Discovery requests MUST support any globally unique CSI with backing source of truth (CISP for telephone), ownership proof, and cross-service usability |
| 10 | Discovery requests MUST support federation, MSP filter, and DP list query parameters |
| 11 | DP MUST disclose default behavior and follow the agreed-upon federation default |
| 12 | DP MAY rate-limit non-default queries given their higher processing costs |
| 13 | DP MAY rate-limit requests sent to low-throughput DP endpoints |
| 14 | DP MUST protect at least the querier's identity or the target CSI in requests |
| 9 | Discovery responses MUST accommodate zero, one, or multiple MSPs in results |
| 15 | MUST define both verbose and compact response formats, where verbose responses include detailed mapping information and metadata, while compact responses provide a simple indication of CSI reachability on returned MSPs |



Operational Requirements

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| 16 | Discovery service MUST remove mappings made outdated by CSI re-assignment to a new user within a reasonable time |
| 17 | Older mappings generally take precedence over newer ones for the same CSI unless explicitly invalidated by the original CSI holder or superseded by a stricter proof of possession verification |
| 18 | DP MUST verify if a mapping is the first mapping for a given CSI and, if so, broadcast invalidation requests to other DPs to invalidate any existing mappings for that CSI |
| 19 | Users SHOULD be provided with mechanisms to invalidate existing mappings or create replacement mappings for their CSIs |
| 20 | New CSI mappings SHOULD be discoverable within some standardized maximum time limit (e.g., 24 hours) |



Security & Abuse Prevention Requirements

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| 21 | Discovery service MUST leverage contractual and technical means to prevent malicious MSPs from falsely claiming CSI association |
| 22 | Discovery service MUST incorporate anti-DDoS, anti-enumeration, and anti-spam mechanisms |
| 23 | All communication between clients, DPs, and MSPs MUST be encrypted in transit and authenticated |



Refined Requirements

Simplified the **initial 23** detailed requirements
into
10 broader, high-level requirements

Requirement roles

Recipient



- Possesses a CSI assigned by a CSIP
- Authorizes verifiable mapping of CSI to an MSP set
- Recipient of communications

Sender



- Knows of a CSI
- Discover mappings of CSI to MSP sets
- Sender of communications

Discovery Provider



- Aggregates verifiable mappings by recipients
- Retrieves mappings for CSIs of interest to senders



Recipient Requirements Preconditions

- The user possesses a valid CSI issued by a CSIP.
- The user has an active account with the MSP.
- The user associates the CSI with the account.

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Reference:

CSI (Cross-Service Identifier): Your globally unique ID across multiple services like your email addresses and mobile phone numbers

CSIP (Cross-Service Identifier Provider): The issuer of your globally unique ID, like your email provider and telecoms

MSP (Messaging Service Provider): The platforms we use to chat e.g.,
WhatsApp



Recipient Requirements



- 1 Any mapping of a CSI to an MSP set MUST only be verifiably authorized by the recipient
- 2 A mapping MUST allow for the inclusion of tags or similar constructs to indicate the recipient's preferences for using each included MSP
- 3 Authorization to remove existing mappings for a given CSI MUST be limited to either the recipient or the CSIP managing that CSI (in cases of reassignment)

Sender Requirements



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|---|--|
| 4 | During discovery, a sender MUST be able to retrieve all of the verifiable mappings that exist for a given CSI |
| 5 | Mappings MUST include means for senders to verify their authenticity |

Discovery Provider Requirements



- 6 Mappings discovery for a given CSI MUST support results with zero, one, or multiple mappings
- 7 The privacy of the sender's social graph MUST be protected using appropriate mechanisms. At a minimum, the privacy of one or both of the following MUST be preserved:
 - Source IP address, username, and other identifying attributes
 - Queried CSI and response mappings
- 8 If data is exchanged between two or more servers as part of processing discovery requests, it MUST NOT include any identifying information about the request source

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Discovery Provider Requirements



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| 9 | All data exchanged between clients and servers in the processing of a discovery request MUST be encrypted in transit |
| 10 | Any database with verifiable mappings MUST be protected against enumeration attacks aimed at extracting all or a substantial portion of its records |

Summary

- Reframed the initial requirements to be both comprehensive and high-level, ensuring flexibility for future design work
- **The authors express gratitude to the Working Group for their valuable feedback, with particular appreciation for the insightful feedback from Ekr on this iteration of the requirements**