

# An update on the SAV using BGP UPDATE messages, ASPA, and ROA (BAR-SAV)

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“Source Address Validation Using BGP UPDATEs, ASPA, and ROA (BAR-SAV),”  
<https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-ietf-sidrops-bar-sav/>

## Changes in v-06 relative to v-05

- Detailed algorithm for BAR-SAV on Provider Interface (BAR-SAV-PI)
- Minor tweak to the existing algorithm for BAR-SAV on customer/lateral peer interface
- Clarification: Direct Server Return (DSR) AS can be a customer or lateral peer

# Pre-Condition for BAR-SAV on Provider Interface (BAR-SAV-PI)

The pre-condition for BAR-SAV-PI is that the following basic prerequisites for BAR-SAV in the customer cone (CC) of the AS must be met:

- An AS within the CC attaching NO\_EXPORT must have ASPA registration
- A prefix within the CC associated with DSR must have ROA registration

The customer cone (CC) of the AS is determined using the BAR-SAV algorithm for customer interface (Section 4 in the draft).

# Principles of BAR-SAV-PI

Refine ingress SAV by starting with loose uRPF allowlist for the provider interface at the AS and removing prefixes that meet the following criteria:

- Prefix is known to originate exclusively within the AS's CC
  - That is, the prefix has ROA(s) and no ROA indicates an origin AS outside of the CC
- AND every feasible route from the prefix origin to the AS is known to propagate exclusively within the AS's CC
  - That is, all ASes in the AS path of the route have ASPAs and no ASPA indicates a provider AS outside the AS's CC

# Illustration of BAR-SAV-PI

## ROAs:

p1, AS1

p2, AS2

p3, AS3

p4, AS4

## ASPA's:

AS1, {AS4}

AS2, {AS4}

AS3, {AS6, AS8}

AS4, {AS6}

p1 and p4 are deleted  
using the criteria on the  
previous slide

p2, p3, and p5 do not meet the criteria and are allowed

Loose-uRPF based  
candidate allowlist  
prefixes for SAV:

p1, p2, p3, p4, p5,  
+ many

provider interface  
in consideration

p2 {7 9 5 2}

p5 {7 9 5}

+ many

p2 {9 5 2}

p5 {9 5}

p3 not sent

p1 {4 1}

p2 {4 2}

p4 {4}

p3 {3}

p2 {5 2}

p5 {5}

p1 {1}



p2 {2}

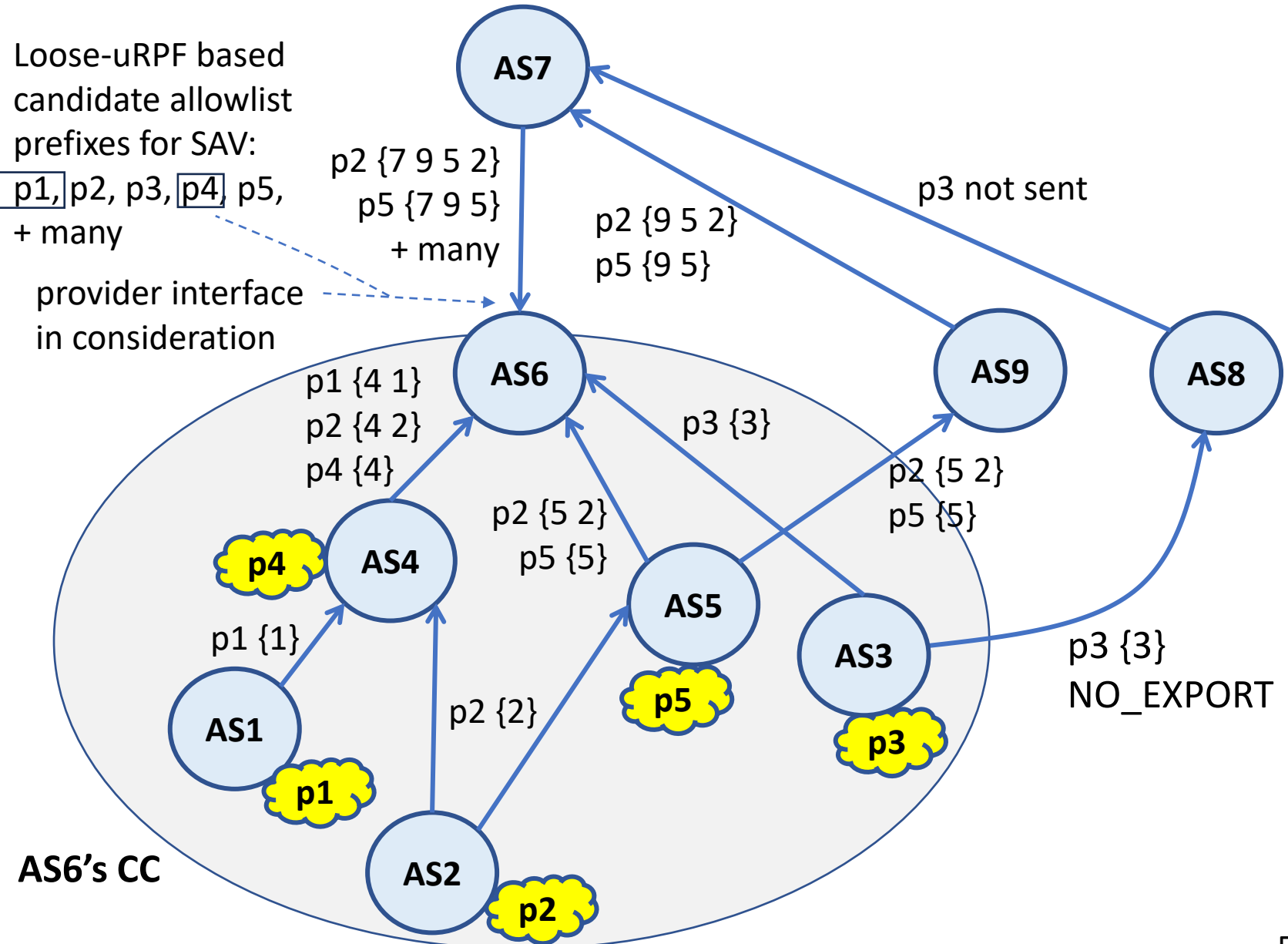
~~p2 {5 2}~~

p5 {5}

p3 {3}

NO EXPORT

## AS6's CC



## Added a sanity check step in the existing algorithm for BAR-SAV on customer/lateral peer interface

5. Create AS-set  $A(i)$  of all ASNs whose ASPA data declares at least one ASN in AS-set  $Z(i-1)$  as a Provider.
6. If AS-set  $A(i)$  contains AS 0 or any ASes with IANA special purpose AS numbers [IANA-sp-ASN], remove such ASes from the set and proceed.
7. Create AS-set  $B(i)$  of all customer ASNs each of which is a customer of at least one ASN in AS-set  $Z(i-1)$  according to unique AS\_PATHs in Adj-RIBs-In of all interfaces at the BGP speaker computing the SAV filter.

# Clarification: Direct Server Return (DSR) AS can be a customer or lateral peer

Responding to a question at the last IETF

- DSR AS can be a customer or lateral peer of the AS doing BAR-SAV
- The BAR-SAV procedure works fine in either case
- The anycast prefix is required to have a ROA with the DSR AS as origin AS

**Thank you!**

**Q & A**

