

IETF-69 Autoconf WG

A Common Framework for Autoconfiguration of Stand-Alone Ad Hoc Networks

Draft-mase-autoconf-framework-03

Draft-mase-autoconf-framework-04 (to be submitted)

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Aims

- Autoconfiguration of MANET local address for a stand-alone MANET.
- Give a framework or guidelines for solutions.

Background:

- Address uniqueness issues are stated in the PS draft.
- Pre-service issues and in-service issues are identified.
- This draft gives four phases models for address uniqueness issues in terms of pre-service DAD and in-service DAD.



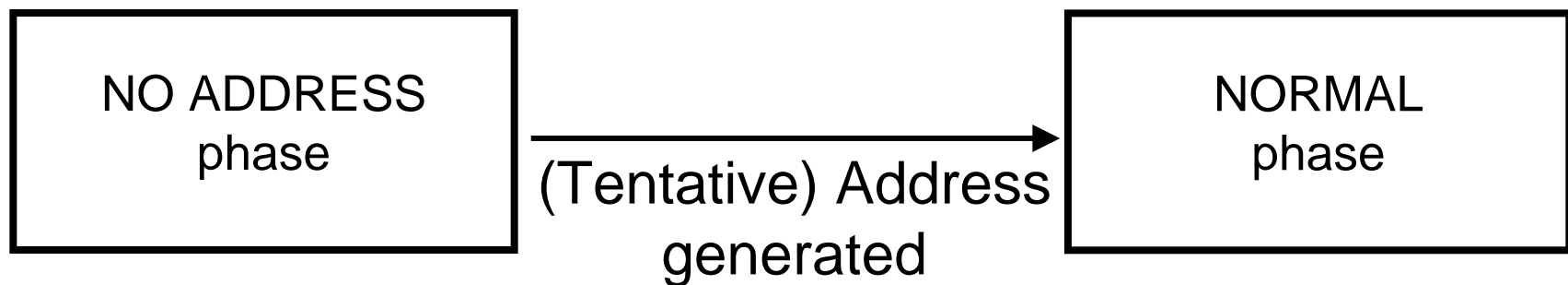


Fig. 1 Phases model without DAD.



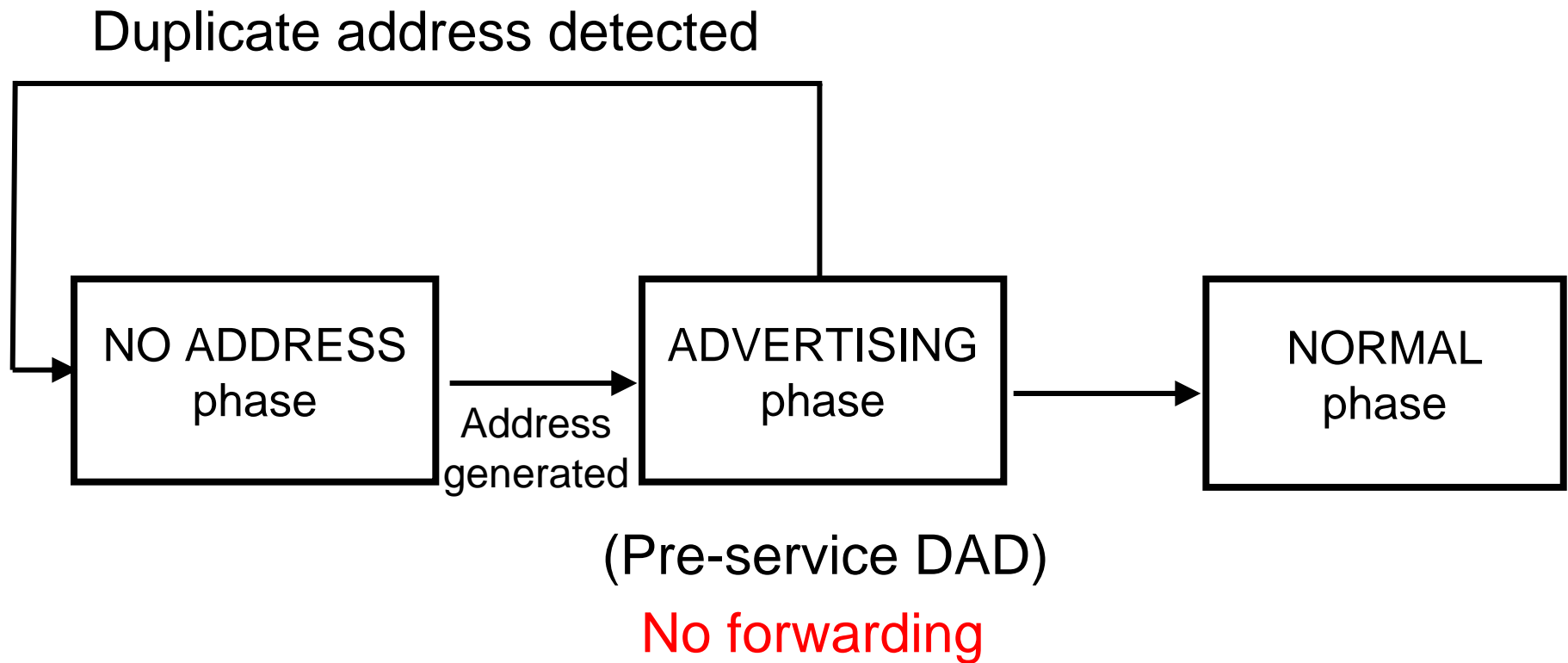


Fig. 2 Phases model with pre-service DAD.

Duplicated address detected



Fig. 3 Phases model with in-service DAD.

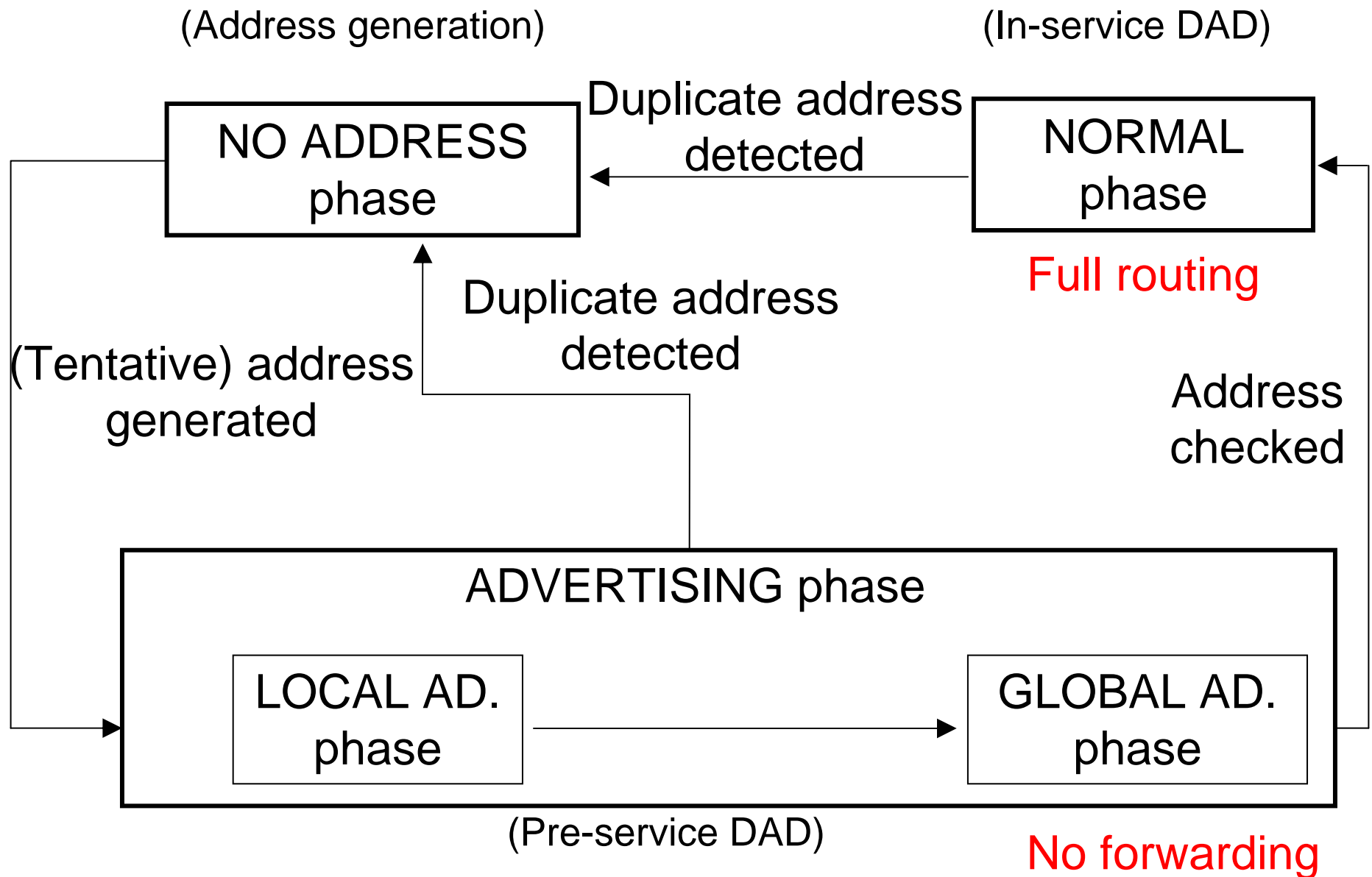


Fig.4 Phases model with full DAD.

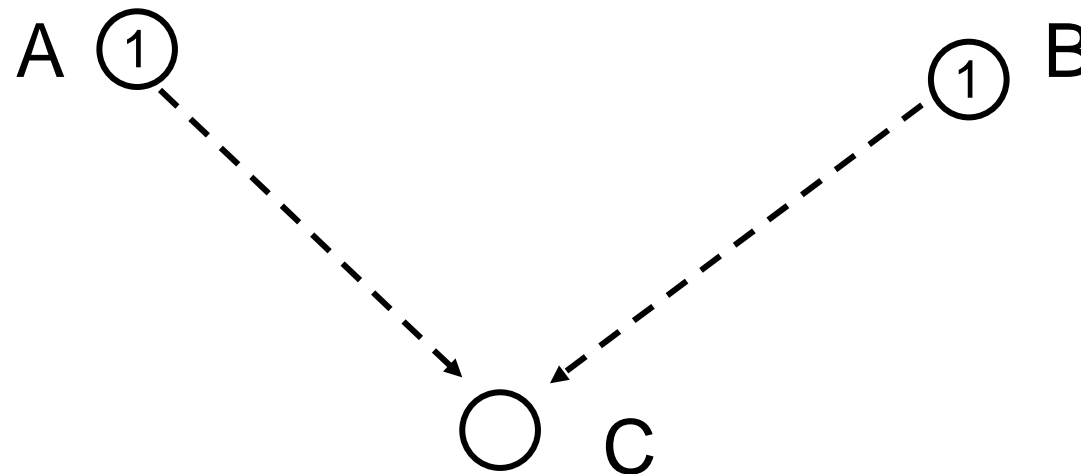


Change from ver.02

- Ver.02 Only full DAD phases model
- Ver.04 Four phases models



Duplicate address advertisement (DAA)



Detect a duplicate address → Advertise the detected address

Aims

- Notify node A and B about address conflict.
- Notify other nodes about address conflict.



The baselines of the framework

- Each node MAY perform “pre-service DAD” and “in-service DAD”, before and after address assignment, respectively.
- A node, that detects duplicate address between other nodes, MAY perform “DAA”.
- Pre-service DAD, in-service DAD and DAA functions could be embedded in routing control messages.

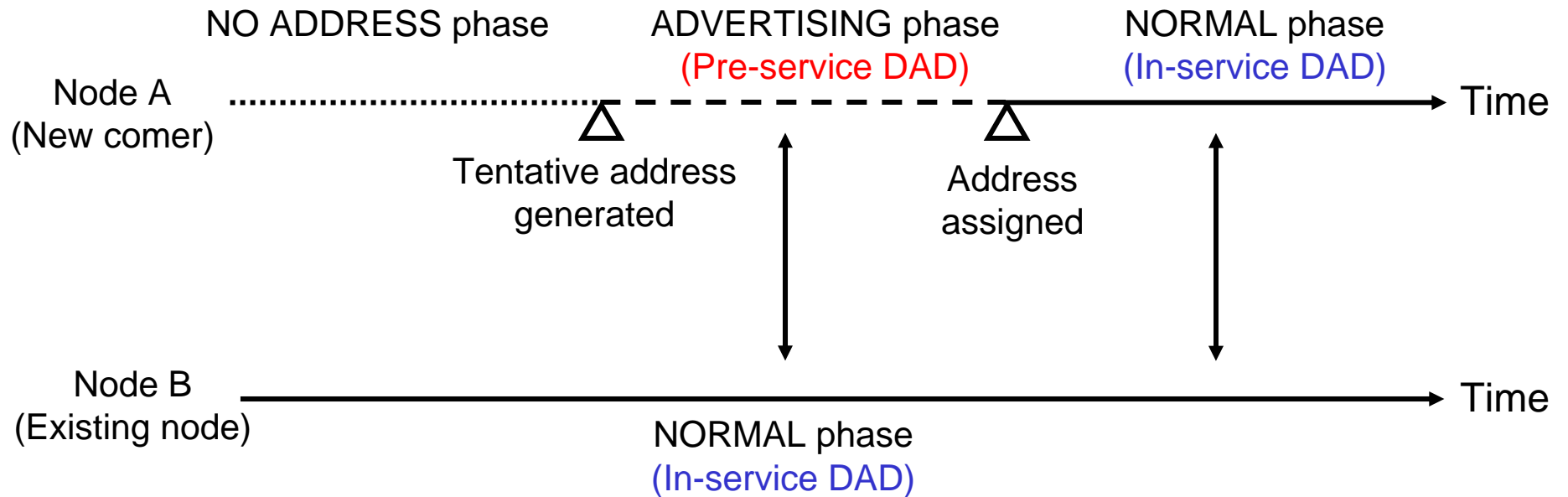


Appendix



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DAD Interaction between Nodes



- Generalized routing control messages can be used both for pre-service and in-service DAD
- **Nodes in ADVERTISING phase and those in NORMAL phase can interact to each other with regard to pre-service and in-service DAD**

Benefits

- Minimize DAD overhead
- Minimize erroneous route formulation

