Update of C2C-CC Requirements for NEMO Route Optimization

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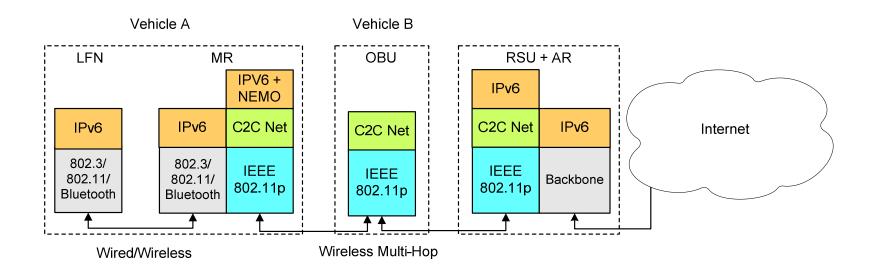
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Outline

- Deployment Scenario
- Summary of Changes from -00
- RO Scenarios
- Requirements
- Conclusions

Deployment Scenario

- NEMO to be used for non-critical safety applications and for infotainment
 => relaxed requirements
- sub-IPv6 C2C Network Layer provides ad-hoc routing with geographical broadcast domain
 - => IPv6 is not aware of multi-hop network (single link from IPv6 perspective)
 - => RO design is not directly affected and requirements are more general



Summary of Changes from -00

- Requirements restricted to the RO scope
- Removed requirements that are too specific to the C2C-CC technical approach
- Refined definition of requirements
- First cross-check with aviation industry requirements (draft-eddy-nemo-aero-reqs-00)

RO Scenarios

- Reference: RO Solution Space Analysis (RFC 4889)
- non-nested NEMO RO case (RFC 4889, Section 3.1)
- RO between MR and Correspondent Entity. CE can be:
 - 1. a NEMO MR. E.g. vehicles or other mobile networks
 - 2. a NEMO RO-enabled router. E.g. newly deployed routers that serve dedicated CN.
 - 3. a NEMO RO-enabled CN. E.g. RSUs installed along the road.
 - 4. a MIPv6 RO-enabled CN
- Case 4 might blow up solution complexity => it was assigned a lower priority as compared with 1,2,3

Req 1 - Separability

"A RO technique, including its establishment procedure, MUST have the ability to be bypassed by applications that desire to use bidirectional tunnels through the HA."

 In other words, RO can be triggered and does not start automatically for every data traffic

Motivation:

 in some cases, it might not be beneficial to activate RO (delay due to setup procedure, privacy, security ...)

Considerations:

- design or implementation issue?
- also required by aviation industry

Req 2 - MNN IPsec



"A RO technique SHOULD allow MNNs connected to the MR to use IPsec as if they were connected to a regular access router."

 In other words, nodes of the mobile networks should be able to use full IPsec functionalities

Motivation:

no pre-existing relationship between MR (vehicle's embedded router) and MNN (passenger devices)

Considerations:

IPsec support is understood, as it is part of IPv6 requirements
 => will be probably removed

Req 3 - RO Security

"A RO technique MUST prevent malicious nodes to claim false MNP ownership."

["In order to achieve this, a RO technique MAY make use of security features provided by the sub-IPv6 C2C-CC Network layer (e.g. cryptographic protection), but it MUST NOT introduce new security leaks for the C2C-CC applications or render their security measures ineffective."]

In other words, a procedure like MIPv6 Return Routability is requested.
 Optionally, it can make use of specific security provided by the C2C stack.

Motivation:

threats analysis that led to MIPv6 RR (RFC 4225)

Considerations:

compatibility with legacy MIPv6 RR is not required by C2C-CC

Req 4 - Privacy Protection

"A RO technique MUST not require that the MNP is revealed to all nodes in the visited network."

"Instead, a RO technique MUST allow for revealing the MNP only to selected nodes in the visited network."

"Furthermore, a RO technique SHOULD allow that MNP and HoA are not exchanged as clear text."

 In other words, C2C-CC is concerned about privacy in the ad-hoc domain and is designing mechanisms to prevent traceability of vehicles. Location privacy is also a concern.

Motivation:

- tracking of vehicles in ad-hoc domain to be minimized
- tracking of vehicles from the Internet to be minimized

Considerations:

- users will be aware that by using the Internet their privacy is potentially decreased
- nevertheless, RO with privacy protection is highly desirable

Req 5 - Multihoming

"A RO technique MUST allow a MR to be simultaneously connected to multiple access networks, having multiple prefixes and Care-Of Addresses in a MONAMI6 context."

 In other words, NEMO RO should be usable for every CoA registered with the HA.

Motivation:

vehicles to be equipped with multiple interfaces (802.11a/b/g, 802.11p, 3G, ...)

Considerations:

- RO scheme is not necessarily aware of the presence of multiple interfaces
- also required by aviation industry

Req 6 - Coexistence with Sub-IPv6 RO

"A RO technique MUST allow for coexistence in the same OBU with a RO technique offered by the sub-IPv6 C2C-CC Network layer. The OBU MUST be able to choose which technique to use when both are simultaneously available."

In other words, C2C-CC stack to provide functions that inject IPv6 routes in the routing table. NEMO RO should coexist with that.

Motivation:

C2C-CC specific deployment of NEMO

Considerations:

this requirement should not be any difficult to achieve

Conclusions and next steps

- A solution for MR-CE non-nested RO is required by the C2C-C Consortium
- Requirements have been clarified but some refining is still needed
 - To be added: Delay for RO establishment
 - To be removed: IPsec (understood)
 - Improvements in terminology/citations
- Similarities with aviation requirements seem to allow for design of multipurpose solutions (but it's too early to state that)