

# MIP4 WG

## IETF-70

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Service Selection for Mobile IPv4

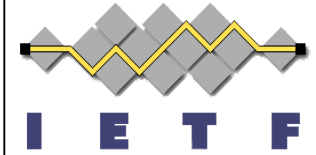
`draft-korhonen-mip4-service-02`

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# Need for a Service Selection with Mobile IPv4



- In some (Proxy) MIPv4 deployments identifying the MN is not enough
  - to distinguish between multiple services provisioned to the MN
  - to distinguish between multiple external networks provisioned to the MN
  - to distinguish between different subscription & policy profiles
- An operator (mobility service provider) might want to provide its subscribers:
  - An enterprise data access for which the operator hosts connectivity and mobility services on behalf of the enterprise
  - Access to service domains / external networks that are otherwise not accessible because of some operator's business reasons
  - Simultaneous access to different service domains / external networks that are separated based on operator's policies
- Enable easier policy assignment for operators based on the subscribed services
- Enable easier hosting of mobility services for virtual operators

# Changes Since IETF #68

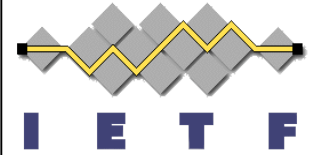
- Alignment with the detailed comments received for the MIPv6 equivalent mobility option (from Jari, Brian, Tim, ...)
  - Processing of the Service Selection extension in different scenarios
  - Service identifier format -> UTF-8
  - Default behavior
  - Description of potential deployment and policy specific consequences on IP connectivity
  - Use of Service Selection is decoupled from the use of NAI option (even if the following examples all use NAI option ;)
  - Number of option occurrences explicitly defined to one

# Processing Example of the Service Selection



- Initial RRQ in a SS aware HA
  - case 1) HoA = 0.0.0.0, NAI = "[foo@bar.com](mailto:foo@bar.com)", SS = "corporate"
    - HA processes RRQ normally and also authorizes SS against the subscription profile -> allocates HoA based on NAI and SS
  - case 2) HoA = 0.0.0.0, NAI = "[foo@bar.com](mailto:foo@bar.com)", no SS
    - HA processes RRQ normally -> allocates HoA based on NAI based on the "default" policies in the HA
  - case 3) HoA = 0.0.0.0, NAI = "[foo@bar.com](mailto:foo@bar.com)", SS = "good\_QoS"
    - HA processes RRQ normally and also authorizes SS against the subscription profile -> allocates HoA based on NAI and installs traffic policy & QoS handling based on the SS
- New RRQ in a SS aware HA, a binding exists, HoA = 1.2.3.4 and SS = "corporate"
  - case 1) HoA = 0.0.0.0, NAI = "[foo@bar.com](mailto:foo@bar.com)", SS = "leisure"
    - HA processes RRQ normally and also authorizes SS against the subscription profile -> allocates a new HoA = 5.6.7.8 based on NAI and SS, and a new MIP tunnel gets created

# Processing Example of the Service Selection cont'd



- Re-RRQ in a SS aware HA, previous SS = “abcd”, SS affects HoA
  - case 1) HoA = 1.2.3.4 -> normal RRQ processing
  - case 2) HoA = 1.2.3.4, SS = “abcd” -> normal RRQ processing
  - case 3) HoA = 1.2.3.4, SS = “xxxx”
    - HA processes RRQ normally. Authorization of the SS against the subscription profile indicates that the SS would cause an assignment of a new HoA -> HA fails the re-registration, removes this particular binding (for HoA 1.2.3.4) and sends a RRP with an error
- Re-RRQ in a SS aware HA, previous SS = “abcd”, SS affects QoS etc
  - case 1) HoA = 1.2.3.4 -> normal RRQ processing
  - case 2) HoA = 1.2.3.4, SS = “abcd” -> normal RRQ processing
  - case 3) HoA = 1.2.3.4, SS = “xxxx”
    - HA processes RRQ normally. Authorization of the SS against the subscription profile succeeds and the profile indicates that the SS affects traffic policies -> HA installs new policies and sends an OK RRP

**Questions & comments?**  
**Consider as a WG item?**

