

IPFIX Mediation: Problem Statement

<draft-ietf-ipfix-mediators-problem-statement-00.txt>

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Background

- In IETF 69, the problem statement was approved as a WG work item.
 - IPFIX-WG began to discuss IPFIX Mediation in large-scale networks as a starting point.
- Submitted as IPFIX-WG item in May 2008.
 - Based on kobayashi-large-ps-02
- Milestone: April 2009, submit to IESG

Discussion in IETF 71

- After IPFIX-WG session, an editing session was held with some members. Thanks!
- We discussed mainly two points:
 - Expansion of the scope of the draft
 - Covers more general topics related to Mediation in any-scale networks.
 - ➔ Change title and add anonymization and interoperability for legacy protocol.
 - Clarification of the definitions of IPFIX Mediator and of example devices
 - ➔ The basic IPFIX Mediator model and effective examples.

Document outline in version 00

☐ Overall text improvement from large-ps-01

Wording change

1. Introduction

Wording change for clarity

2. Terminology

+ + New section

3. Flow Based Mediation Devices:
Examples of Applicability

New

+ New subsection and wording

4. Approaches to Scalability

Wording change

5. Problems with using IPFIX Mediators

Wording change

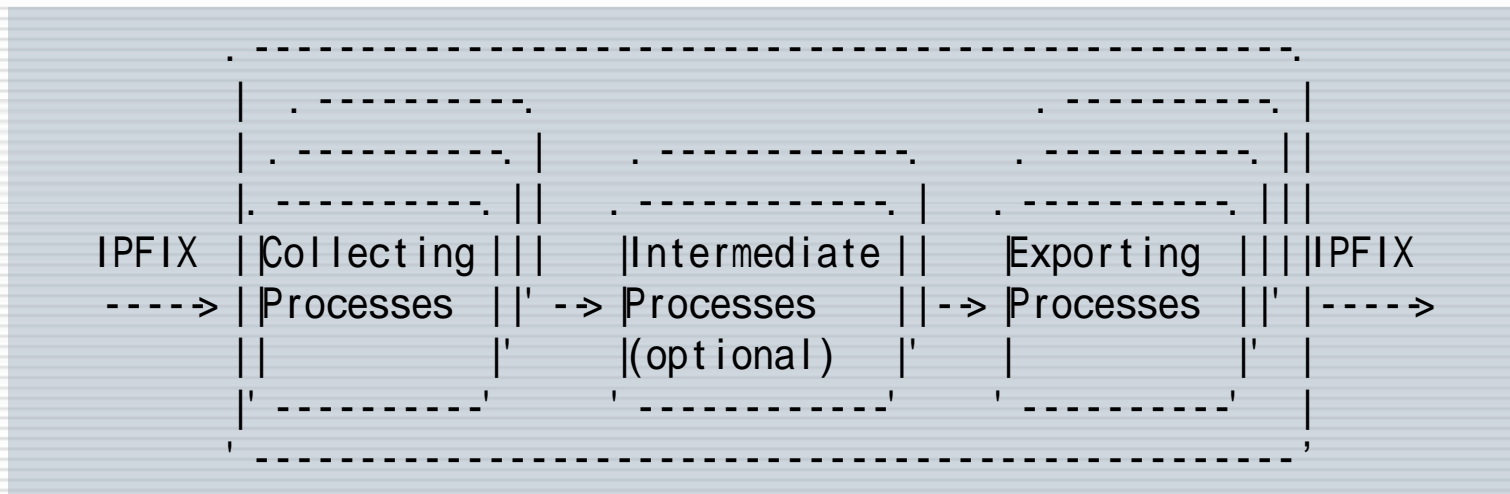
6. Conclusion

7. Security Considerations

Changes from large-ps-01 (1)

□ Section 2 Terminology

■ Basic IPFIX Mediator model for clarification



■ Definition of example IPFIX Mediator devices added

□ IPFIX Proxy, Concentrator, Distributor, and Masquerading Proxy

Changes from large-ps-01 (2)

□ Section 3 Examples of Applicability

- Describes any applicable examples.

3. Flow-Based Mediation Devices: Examples of Applicability

New

3.1. Inter-domain IPFIX Exporting

New

3.2. Data Retention

New

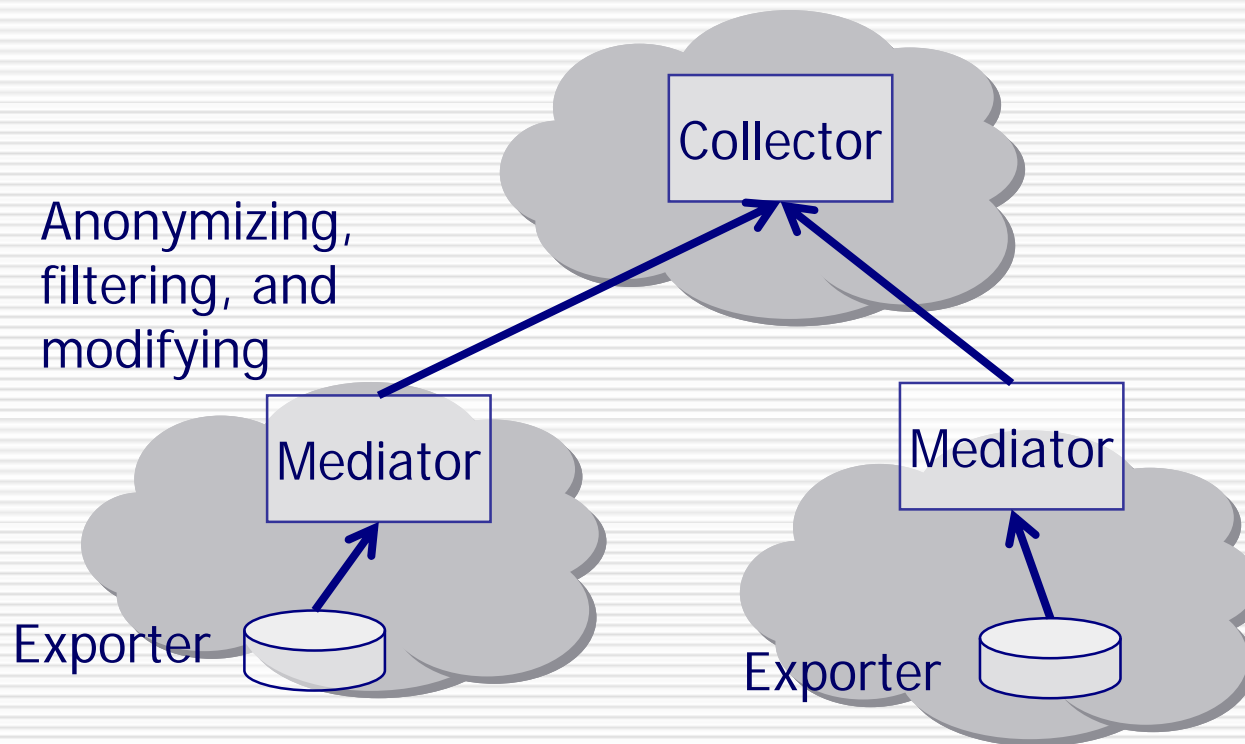
3.3. Interoperability between Legacy Protocols and IPFIX

3.4. Flow Distribution to Specific Collectors

3.5. Aggregation and Harmonization of Metering Process Rules

Changes from large-ps-01 (3)

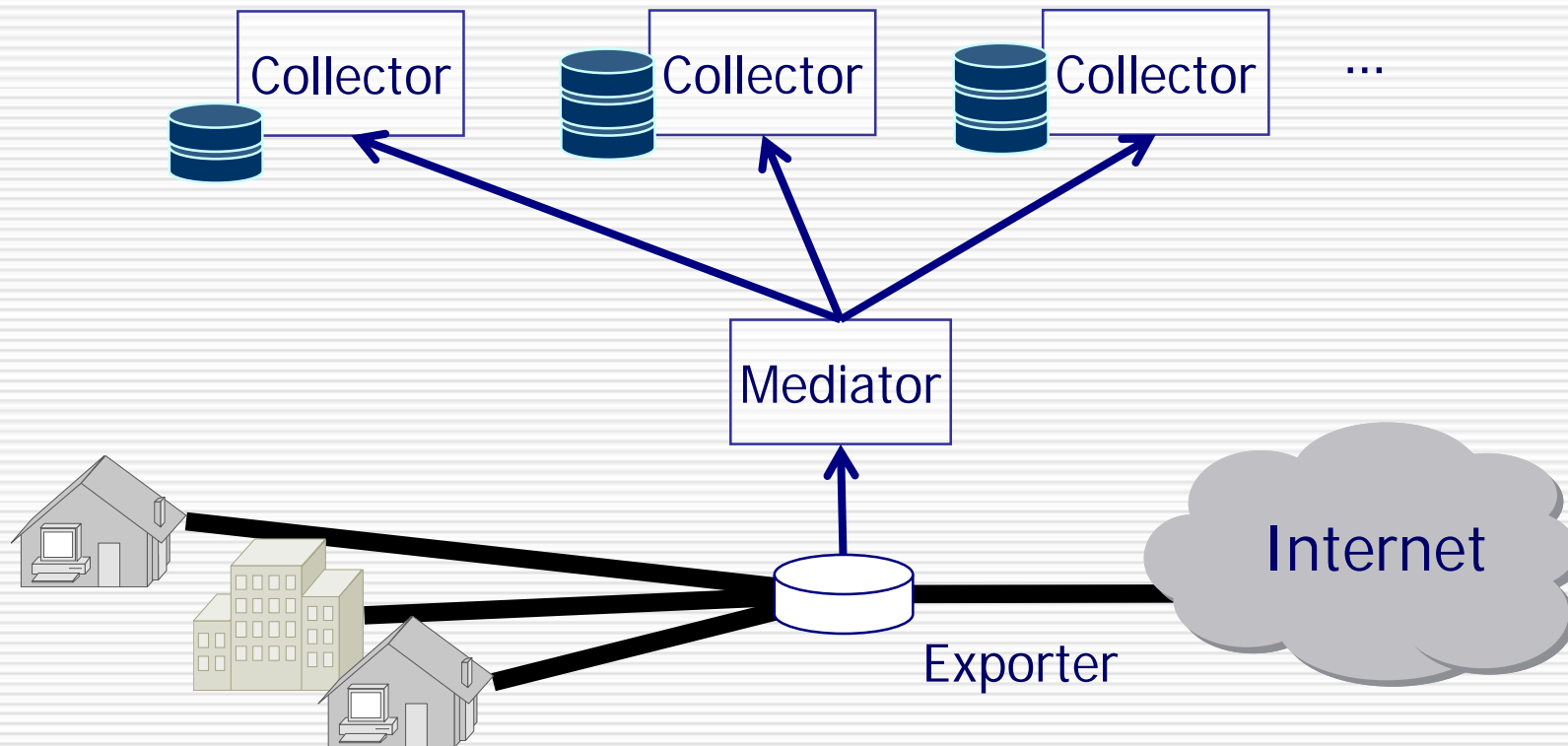
- ❑ Section 3.1. Inter-domain IPFIX Exporting
 - Applicable examples for anonymizing, filtering, and modifying Flow Records.



Changes from large-ps-01 (4)

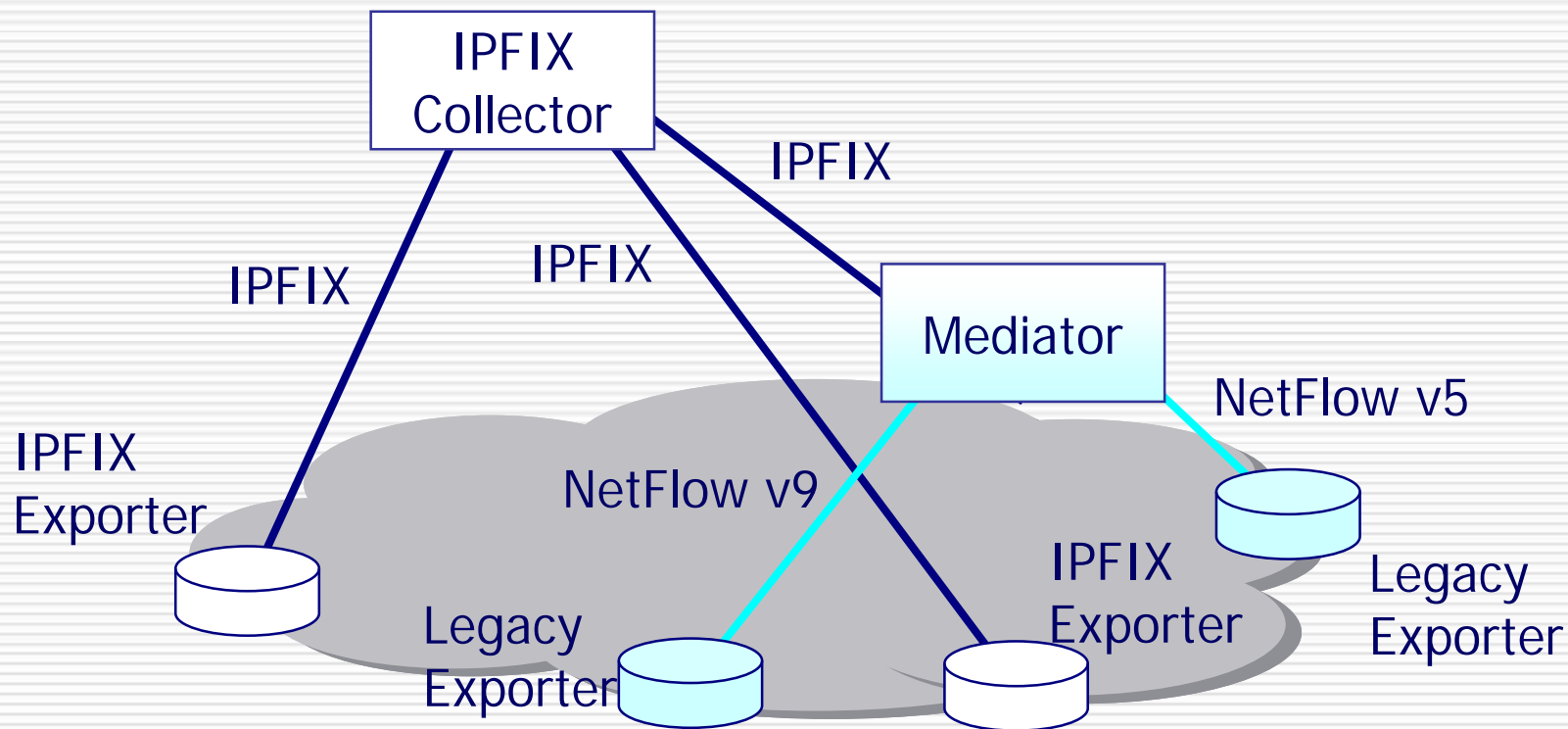
□ Section 3.2. Data retention

- Data retention for Internet access service can be a storage system that uses Mediators and so on



Changes from large-ps-01 (5)

- Section 3.3. Interoperability between Legacy Protocols and IPFIX
 - A convert function from legacy protocol to IPFIX is needed during the migration process.



Changes from large-ps-01 (6)

□ Section 4 Approaches to Scalability

- Two useful functions have been added.

4. Approaches to Scalability

4.1. Adjusting Sampling Rates

4.2. Exporting Aggregated Flows from Original Exporters

4.3. Hierarchical Model of Flow Aggregation

4.4. Flow Based Collector Selection

4.5. Flow Selection Sampling

4.6. Information Elements and Flow Keys Selection

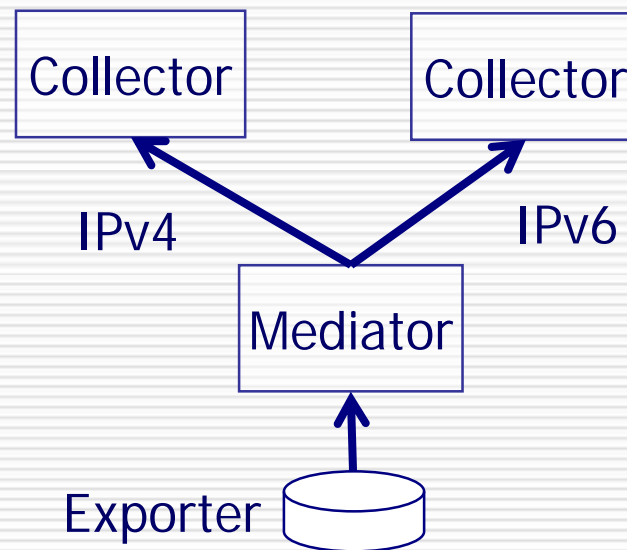


New

New

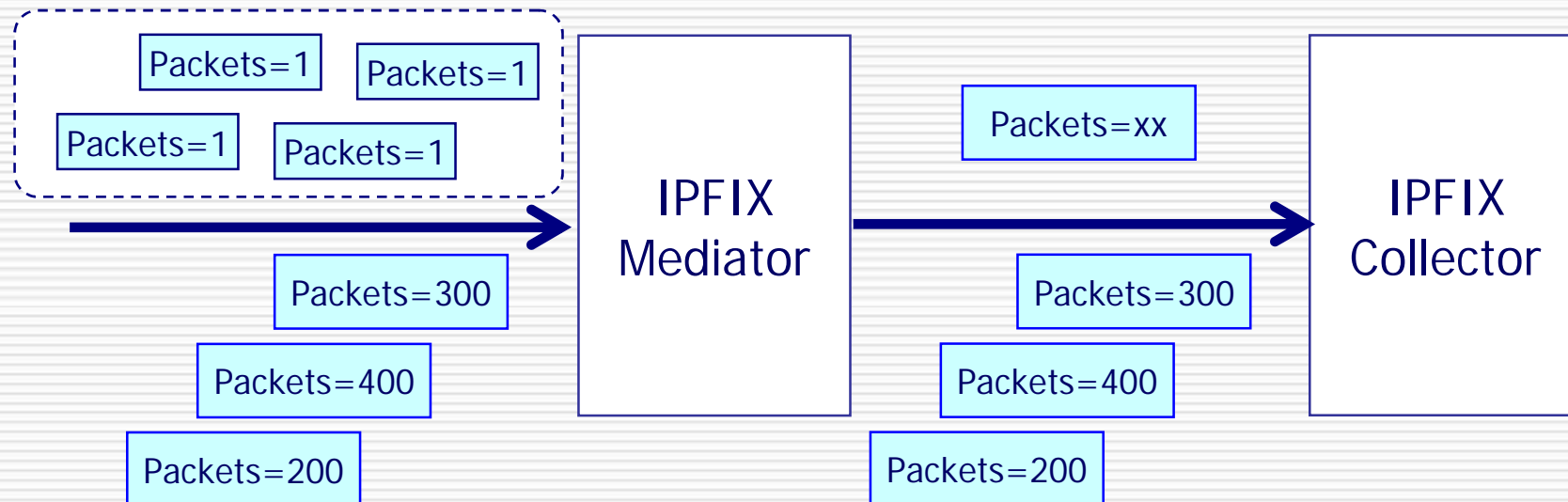
Changes from large-ps-01 (7)

- Change the name to “Flow-based Collector selection” from “load-balancing” functions
 - Selecting a specific Collector based on the content of a Flow Record is different from load-balancing.



Changes from large-ps-01 (8)

- ❑ Section 4.5. Flow Selection Sampling
 - Selecting and then aggregating small Flows, which consist of a small number of packets, can reduce the load of Collectors.
 - Refer to “I-D. peluso-flowselection”.



Changes from large-ps-01 (9)

- ❑ Section 4.6. Information Elements and Flow Key Selection
 - By utilizing the flexibility of the Metering Process and Exporting Process, IPFIX Collector can obtain the Flow Records of interest to the Operator.
 - Implementations are:
 - ❑ Setting Flow Keys in Metering Process.
 - ❑ Filtering Flow Records in Exporting Process.

Next step

- ☐ Submission of final draft to IESG by November, after Dublin IETF.