### **YANG Status**

draft-ietf-netmod-yang-07

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# Summary of changes since -04

- The floating point types are replaced with a fixed point type 'decimal64'.
- Specified that XML elements can be encoded in any order in the NETCONF PDUs.
- Removed 'require-instance' for leafrefs.
- Allow leafrefs to refer to leaf-list entries.
- Cleaned up XPath usage
  - clarified the XPath context for 'must', 'when', 'path' and type 'instance-identifier'
  - do not describe 'augment', 'refine' and 'deviation' arguments in terms of XPath.
  - Editorial fixes based on WGLC comments, bug fixes...

## **Nested choices**

- Currently the draft specifies that a case cannot contain a choice statement. However, a choice can be added through a uses statement.
- Proposal: remove this restriction; allow nested choices.

# Prefixes in groupings

 The text is not clear about how prefixes in must and when expressions are resolved in groupings.

```
module a {
    namespace "http://example.com/a";
    prefix a;

    grouping foo {
        leaf a {
            type int32;
            must ". < ../foo:b";
        }
        leaf b { ... }
    }
}</pre>
```

• Proposal: Fix the prefix to namespace mapping where the expression is defined. i.e. foo:b above means

```
{http://example.com/a}b
```

Thus, to refer to a node in the grouping, use no prefix.

### References to undefined nodes

 Should it be illegal to refer to undefined nodes in XPath expressions?

```
module a {
    namespace "http://example.com/a";
    prefix a;

    grouping foo {
        leaf a {
            type int32;
            must ". < ../c";
        }
        leaf b { ... }
    }
}</pre>
```

 Proposal: Allow this. Tools can still detect and give warnings if such a grouping is used in a context where the expression will always fail.