

# Performance Evaluation of Termination in CL-Algorithm

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and

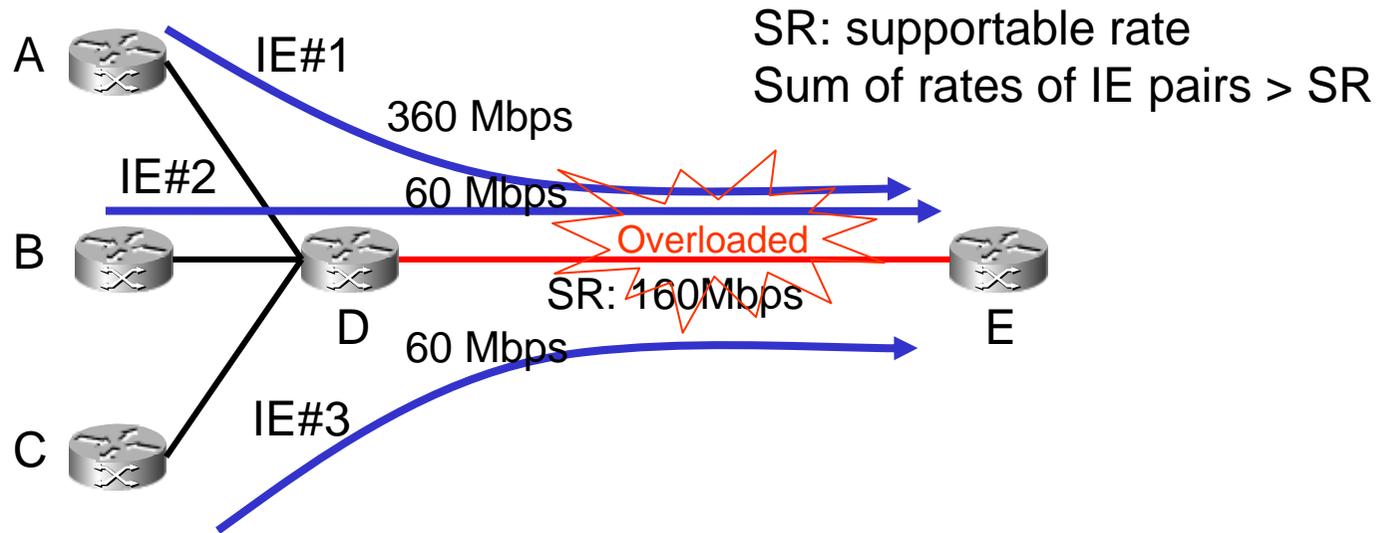
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University of Wuerzburg

# Outline

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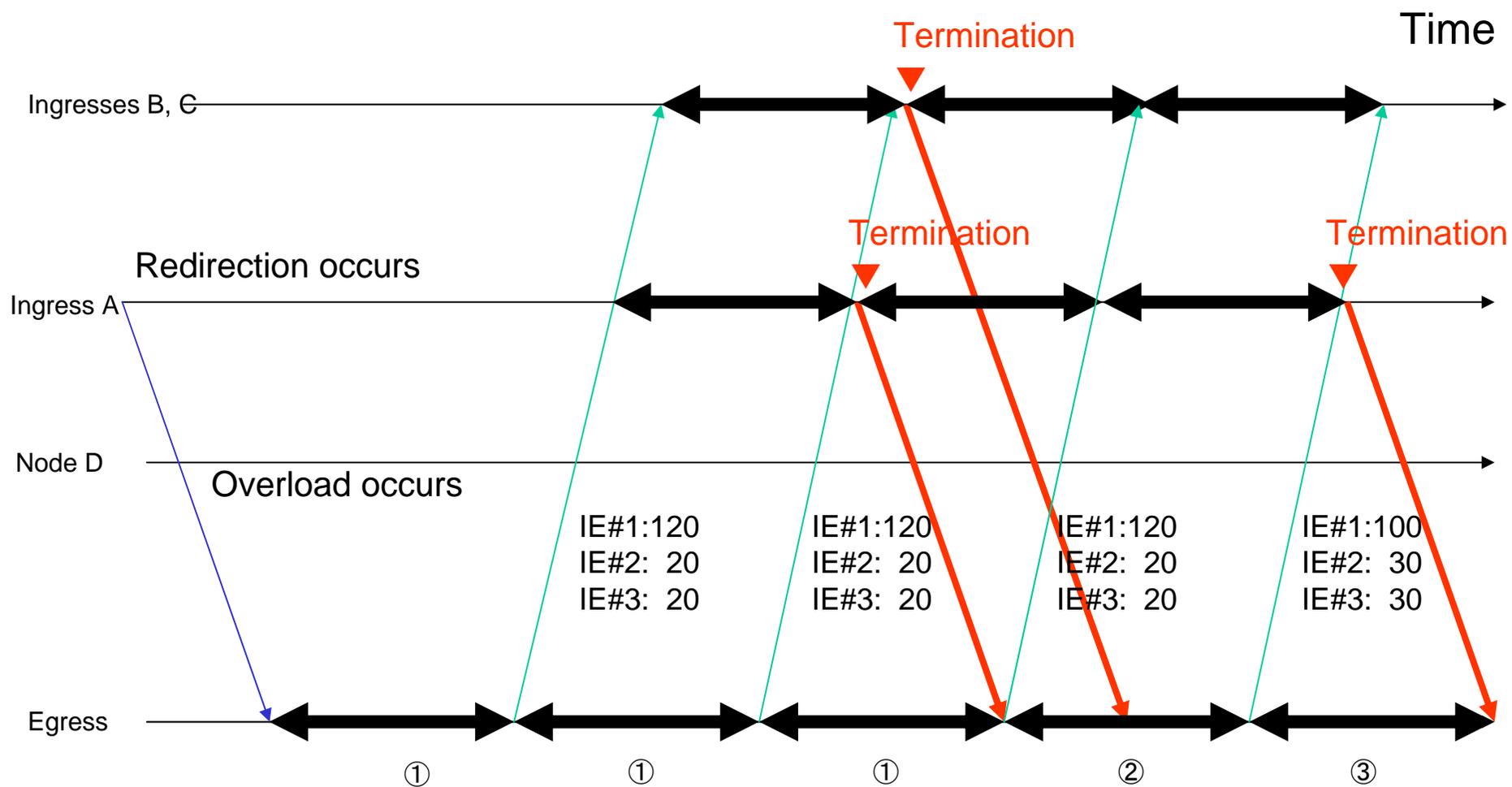
- Over-termination in CL when IE pairs have different RTTs
- Example
- Conclusion

# Situation Just after Redirection

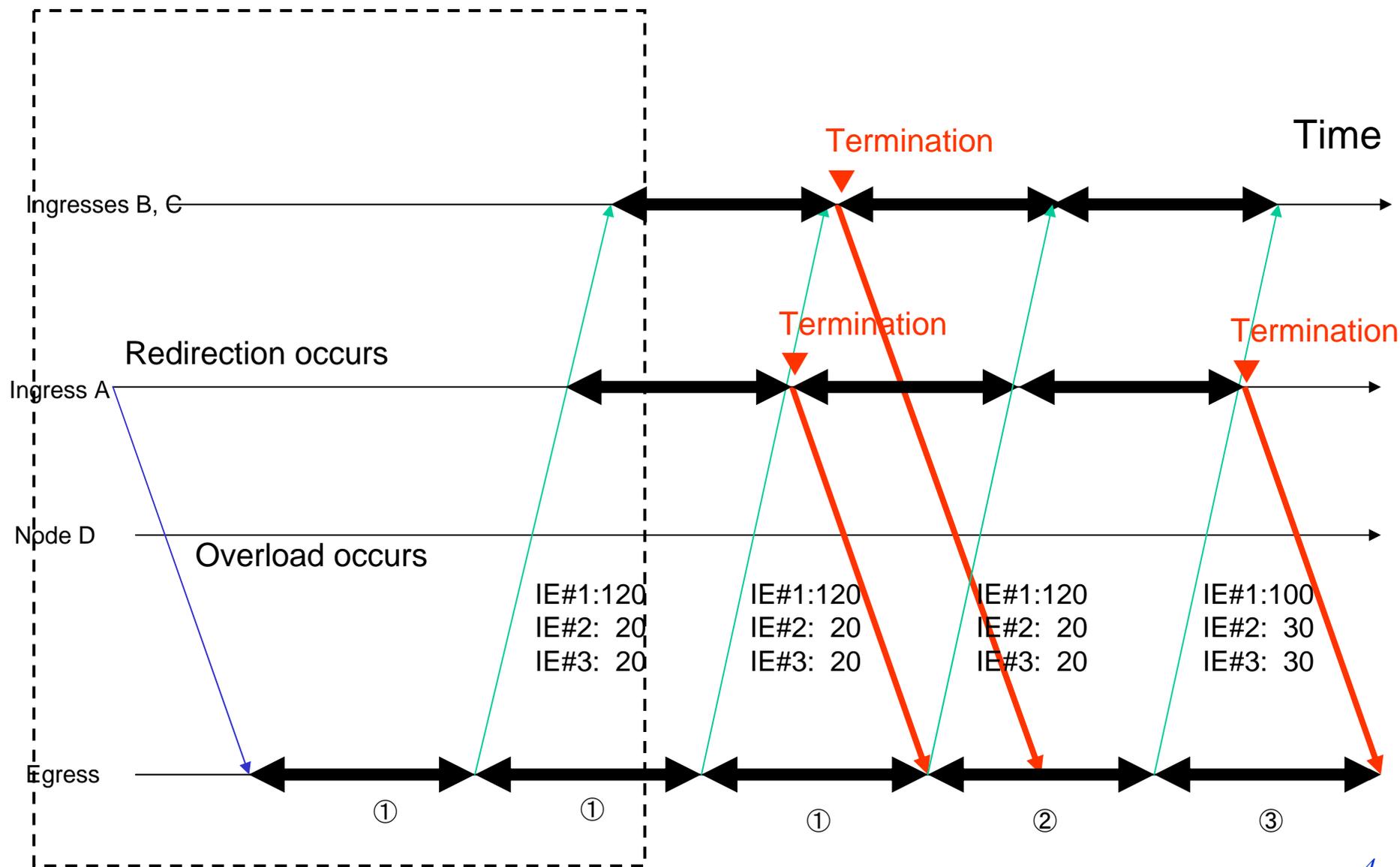


| IE pair | Ingress | Egress | Rate [Mbps] | RTT [ms] |
|---------|---------|--------|-------------|----------|
| IE#1    | A       | E      | 360         | 100      |
| IE#2    | B       | E      | 60          | 150      |
| IE#3    | C       | E      | 60          | 150      |

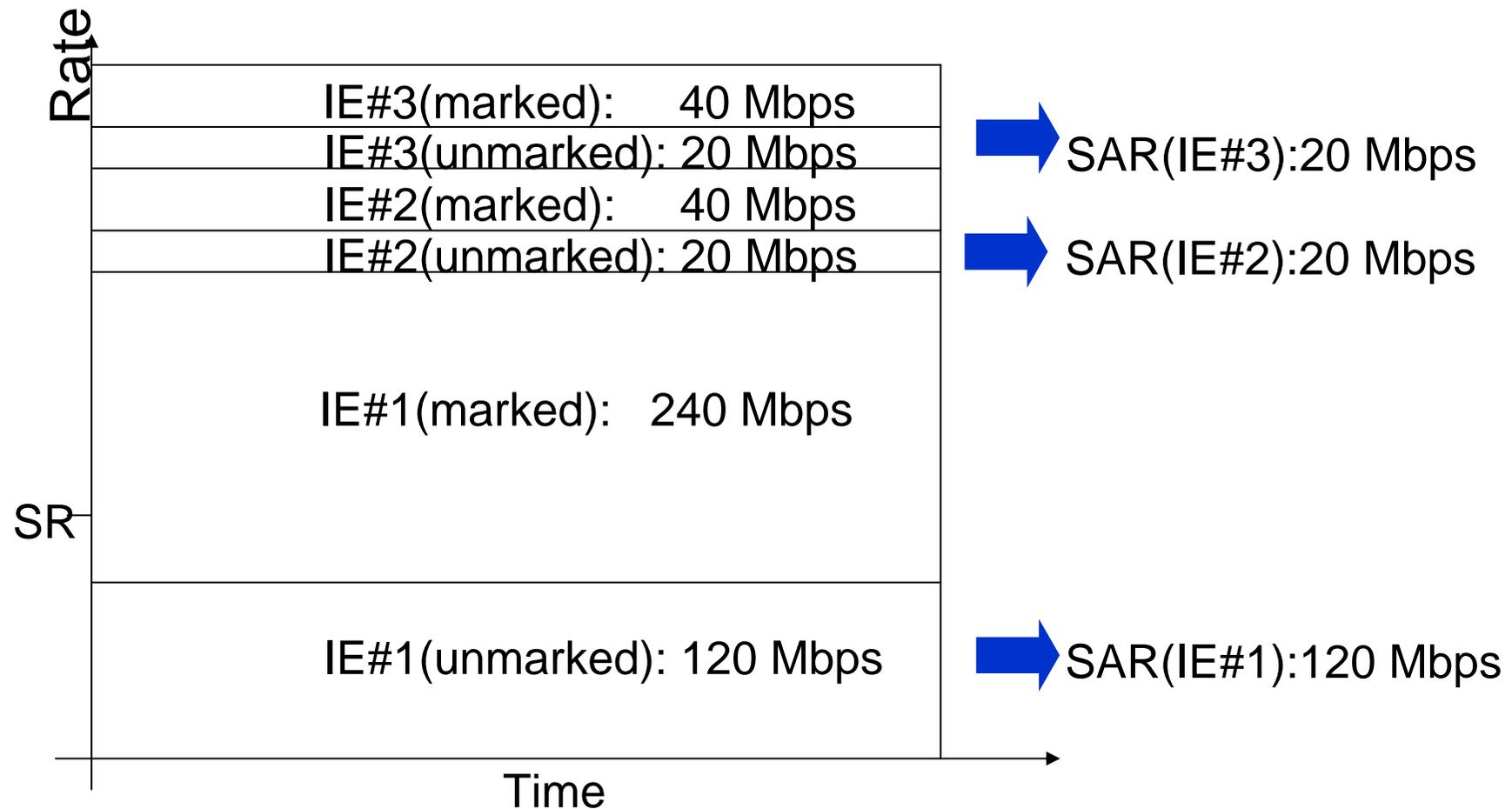
# Time Diagram



# Time Diagram



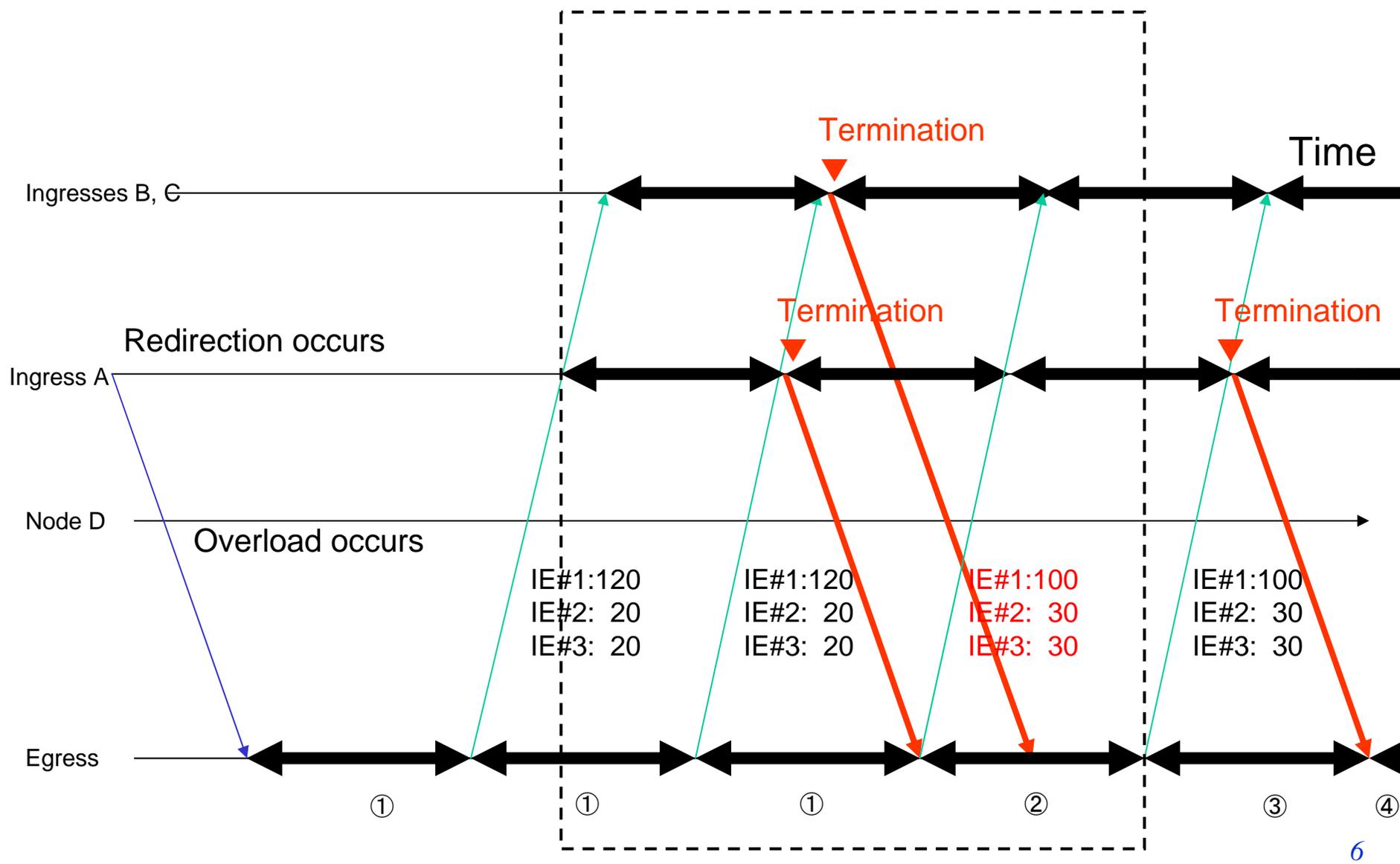
# Measurement at Egress: ①



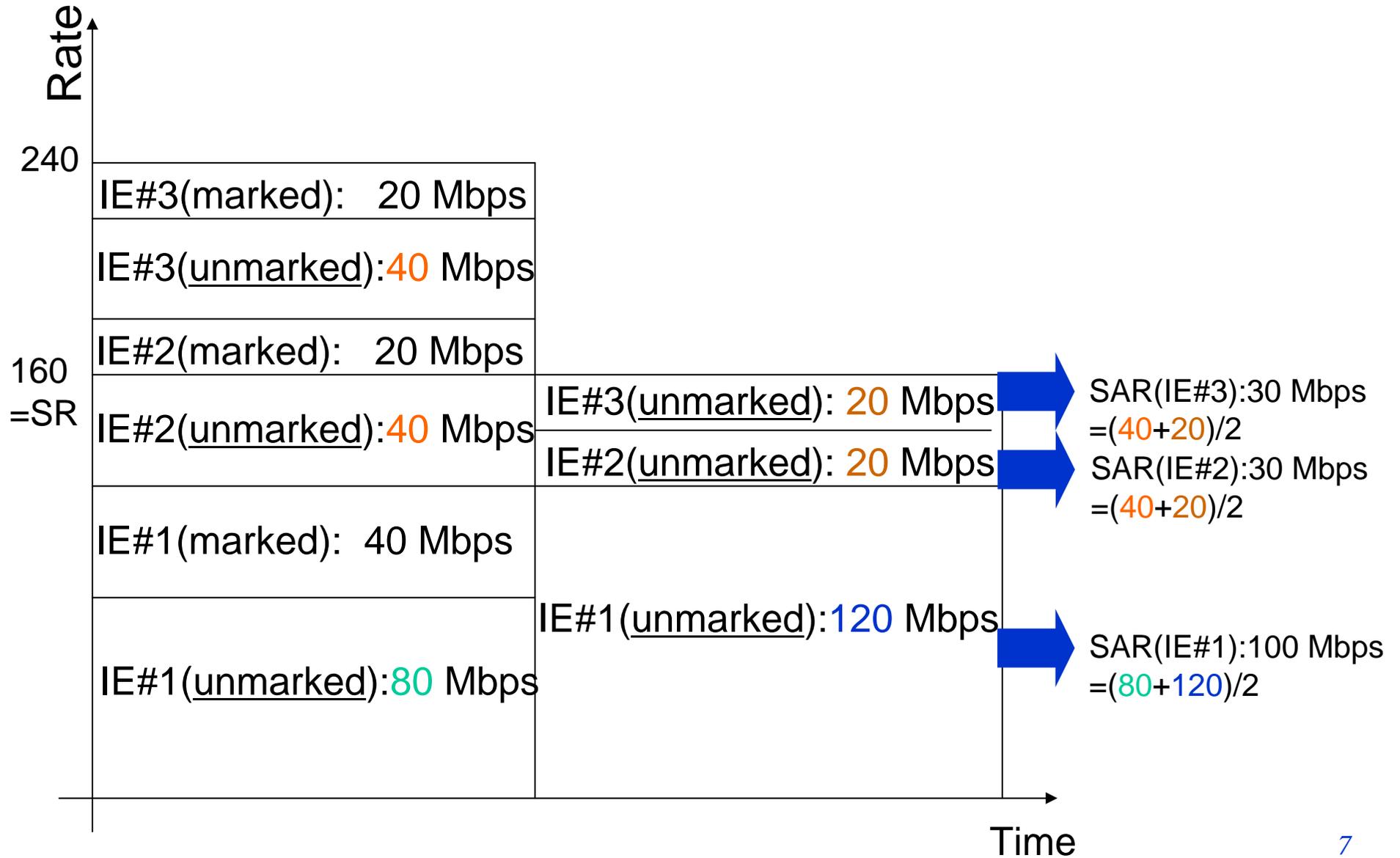
Assumption:

Unmarked rate of IE pair : Total rate of IE pair = SR : Total rate of PCN rate

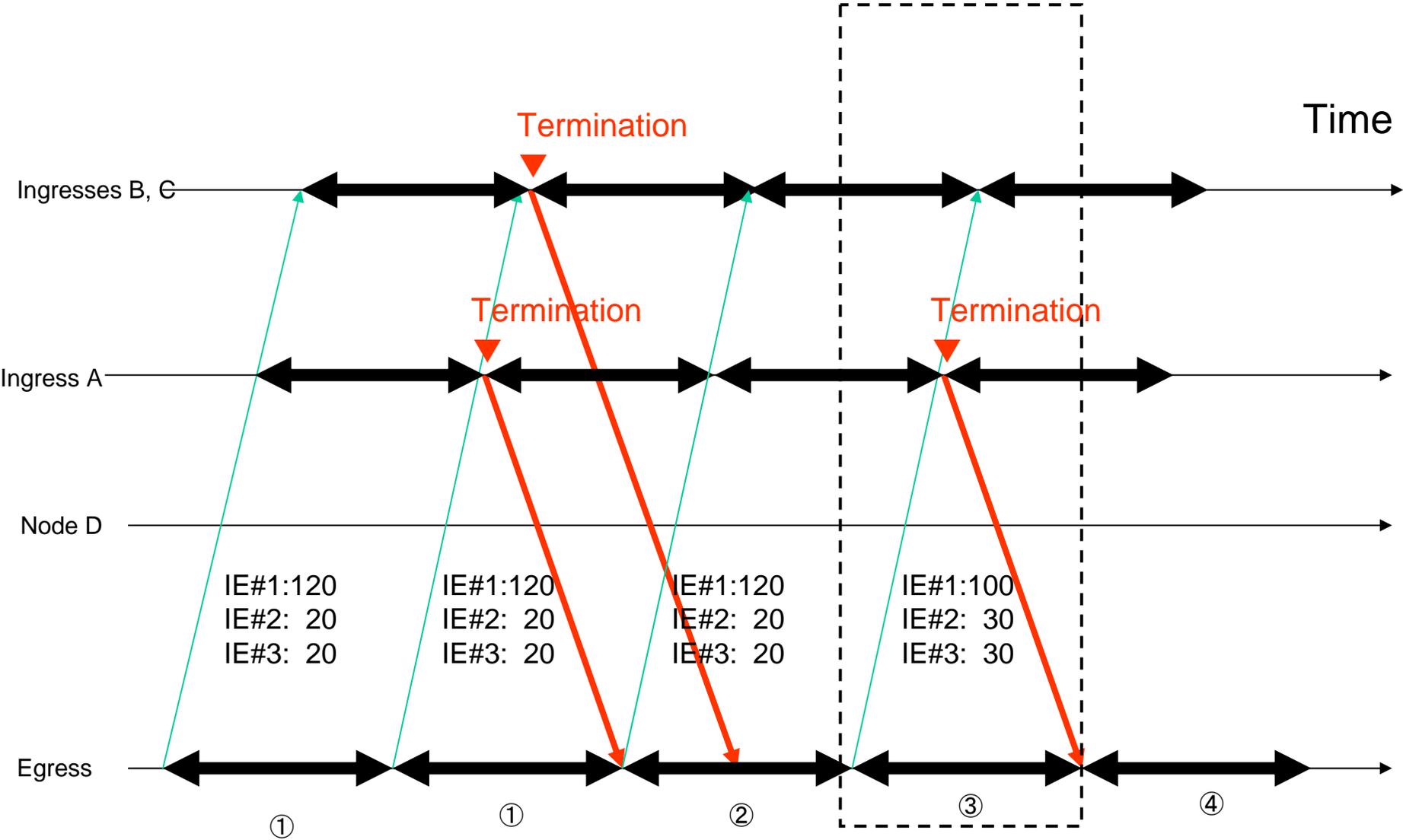
# Time Diagram



# Measurement at Egress: ②

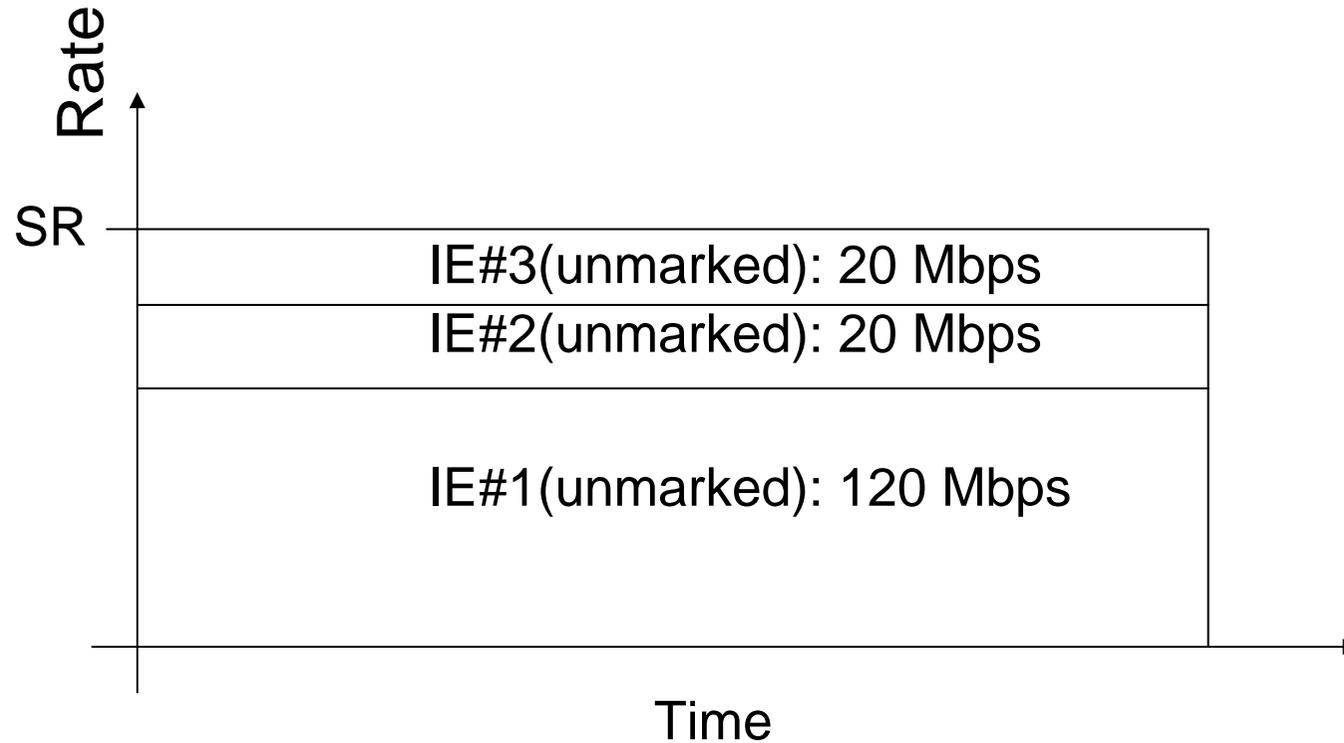


# Time Diagram



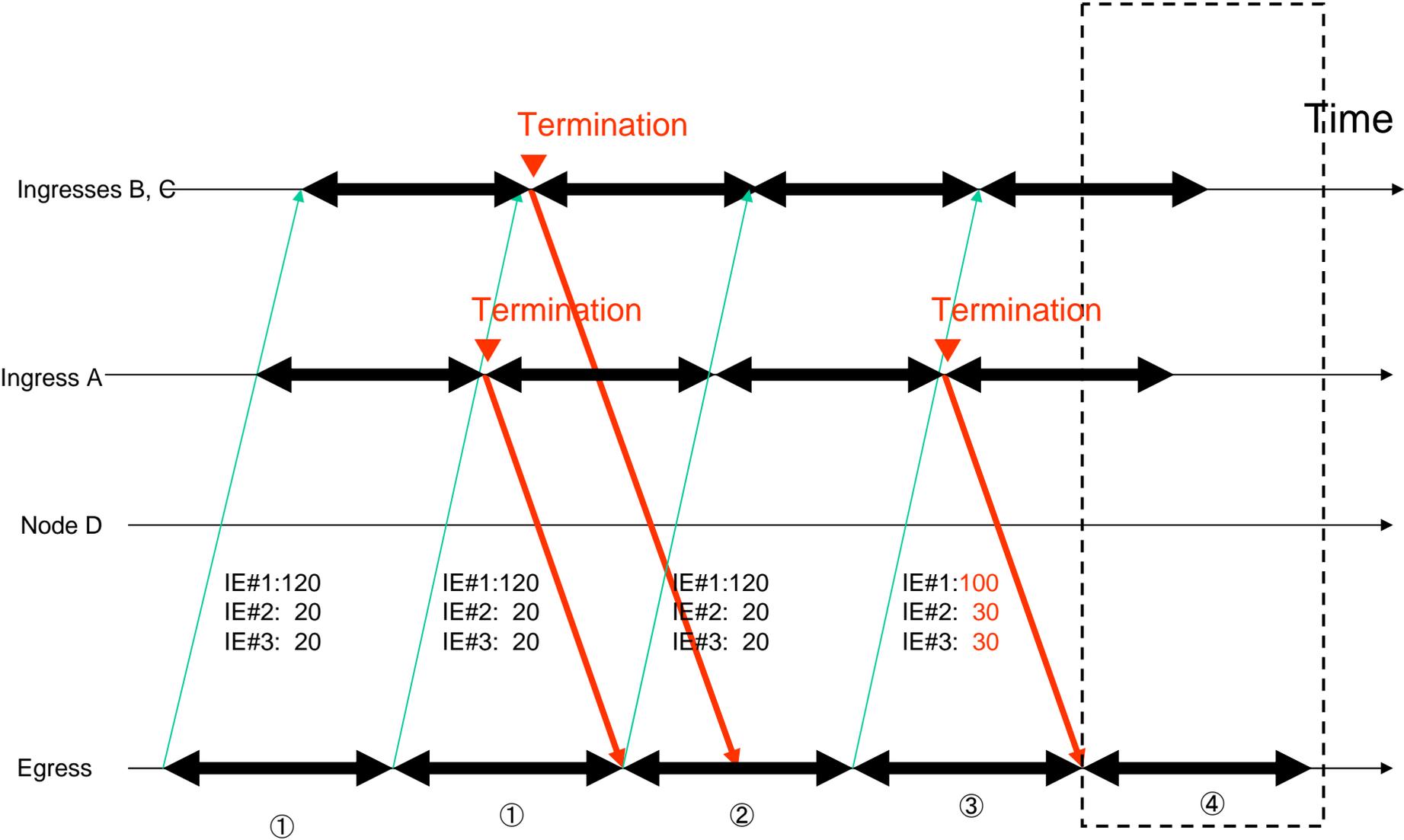
# Measurement at Egress: ③

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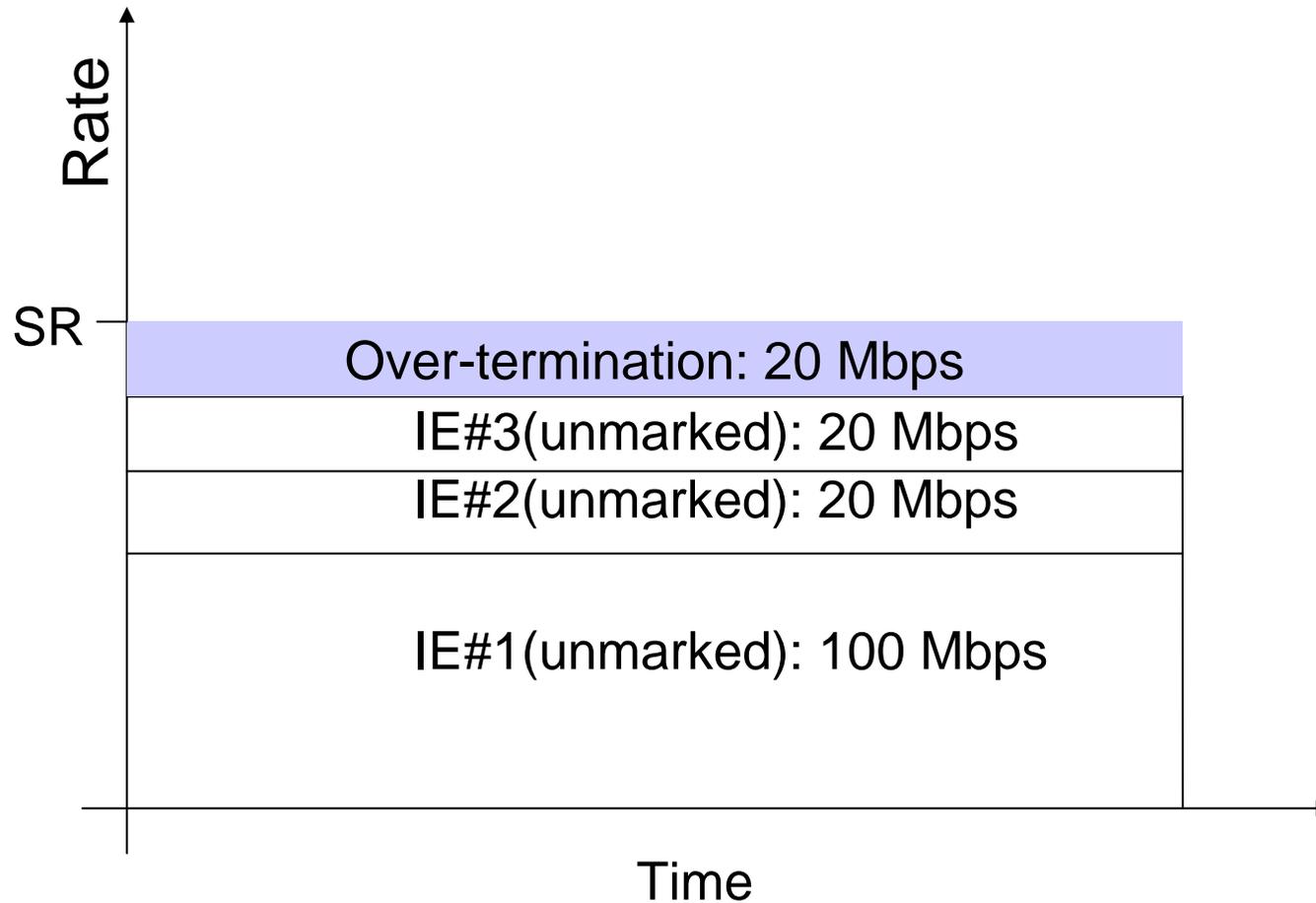


Enough termination!

# Time Diagram



# Measurement at Egress: ④



Over-termination occurs!

# Conclusion

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- Over-termination can occur in the CL algorithm when ingress-egress pairs have different RTTs.
- Countermeasure is necessary because RTTs are generally different.
  - Inter-termination time (ITT) prevents over-termination at least in second termination round.



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