

ISMS – SNMP over DTLS

draft-ietf-isms-dtls-tm

Wes Hardaker
ietf@hardakers.net

Overview

- Current Status
- Open Issues
- Requirements

Status

Current Status

- Draft -01 published in October
 - (-00 was new since last meeting too)
- WG Last Call
 - Started: Oct 29th
 - Ends: Nov 14th
- Please read the draft and send in comments!
 - Thanks to those that already have done so!

Major Changes Since -(-1)

- MIB Changes
 - Single Fingerprint TC (was 2)
 - SubjectAltName type selection (includes “any”)
 - Added Notifications
 - Server certificate not valid, server authentication failure
- Wording Cleanups
 - Moved TLS/X.509 introduction text to appendices
 - Synchronized further with ISMS' SSH RFC
 - Text changes from readers

Current TLS Vulnerability

- Recent new attack on TLS
 - Uses renegotiation to trick the client and server
 - New man-in-the-middle attack
- Effect on SNMP:
 - Allows attacker to insert arbitrary PDUs into stream
 - Can't see responses though
 - Useful to fake SETs or notifications
- The TLS WG will take care of this

Open Issues

Incoming Connection Refresher

- Client opens (D)TLS Connection
- Client presents X.509 certificate
 - Contains a “subjectAltName” extension
- Server derives the snmpSecurityName from it
- Multiple subjectAltName types:
 - rfc822Name, dNSName, ipAddress, otherName
 - MIB has option for “any” (take the first found)
 - securityName derived from first value of correct type

X.509 Identity / securityName

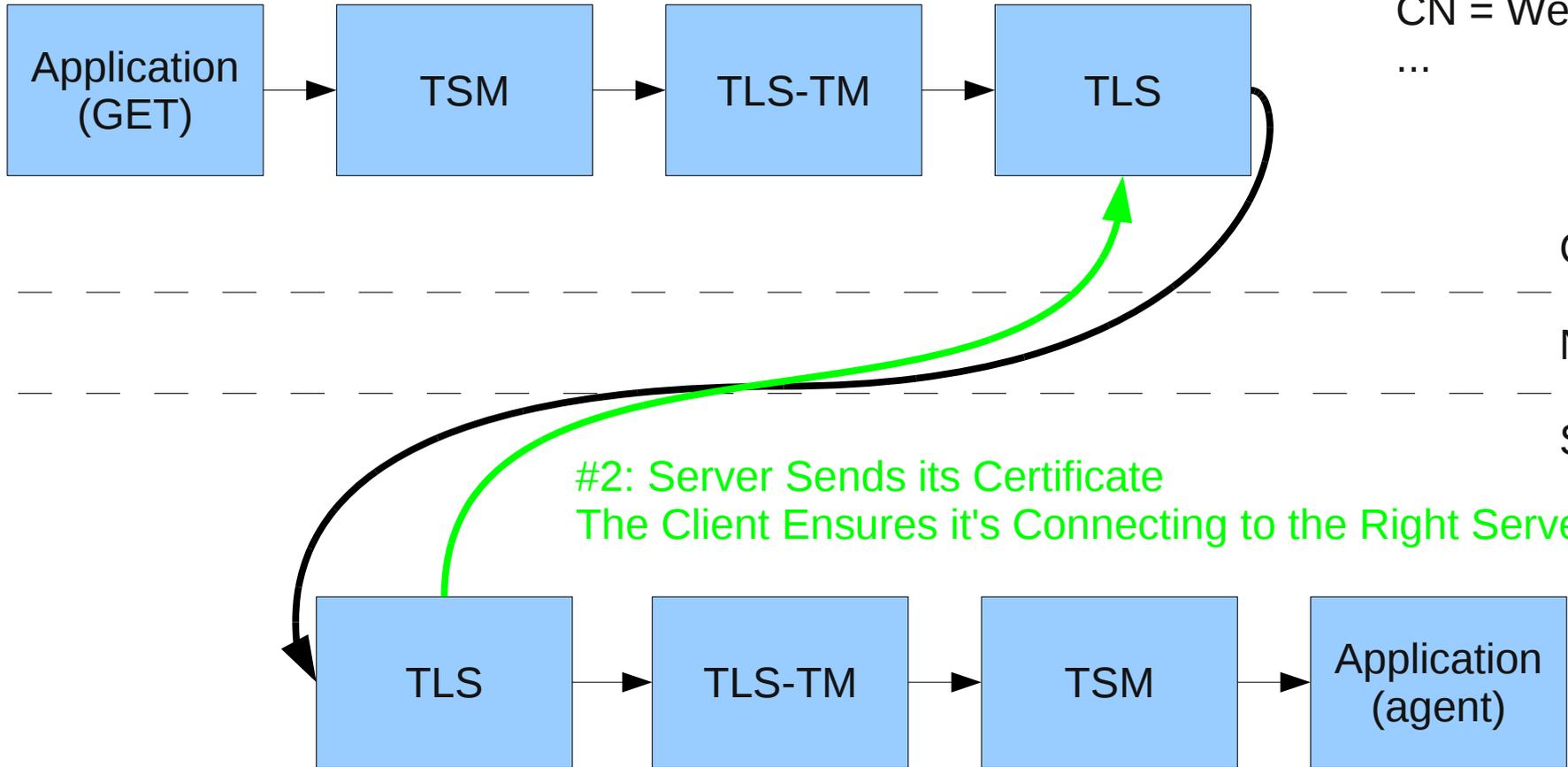
3 issues:

#1: Client-side Mapping

securityName = "Wes"

X.509 Identity =

O = IETF
OU = ISMS
CN = Wes Hardaker
...



Client

Network

Server

O = IETF
OU = ISMS
CN = Wes Hardaker
...

#3: Server-side Mapping

...

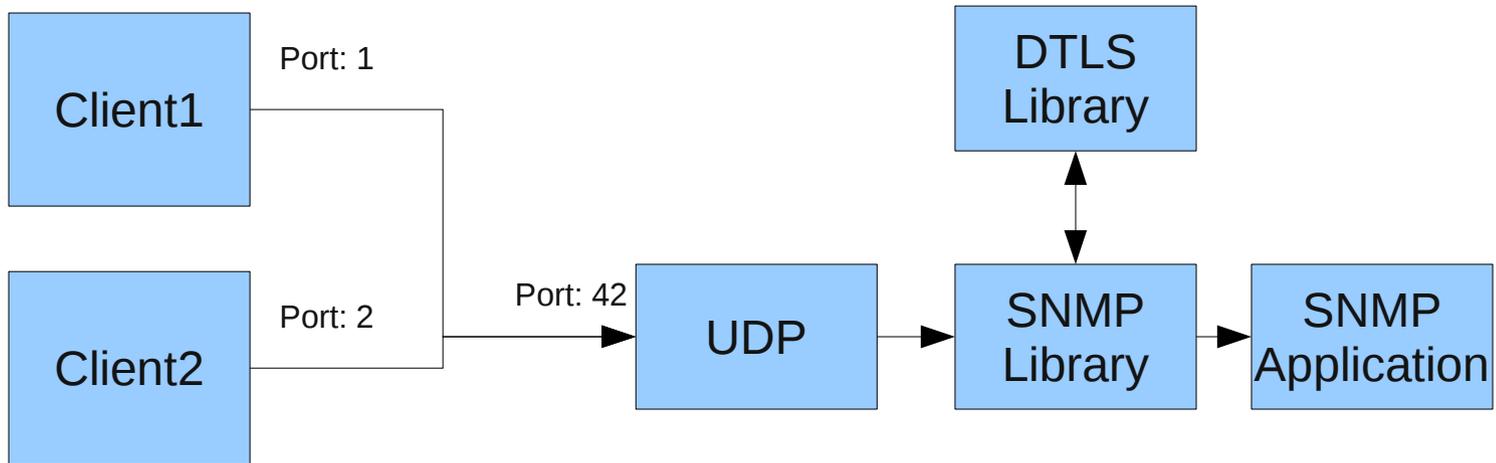
Issue #1: OtherName Mapping

- “OtherName” choice added after last meeting
- Issue with “otherName”:
 - X.509 SubjectName type “OtherName”
 - An arbitrary field to convert to secName
 - ASN.1: SEQUENCE { OBJECT IDENTIFIER, EXPLICIT }
- Choices for mapping to a securityName
 - 1) Mapping is implementation dependent.
 - Current Draft
 - 2) OID selector and direct mapping?
 - 3) **Proposal**: Don't do OtherName mapping at all

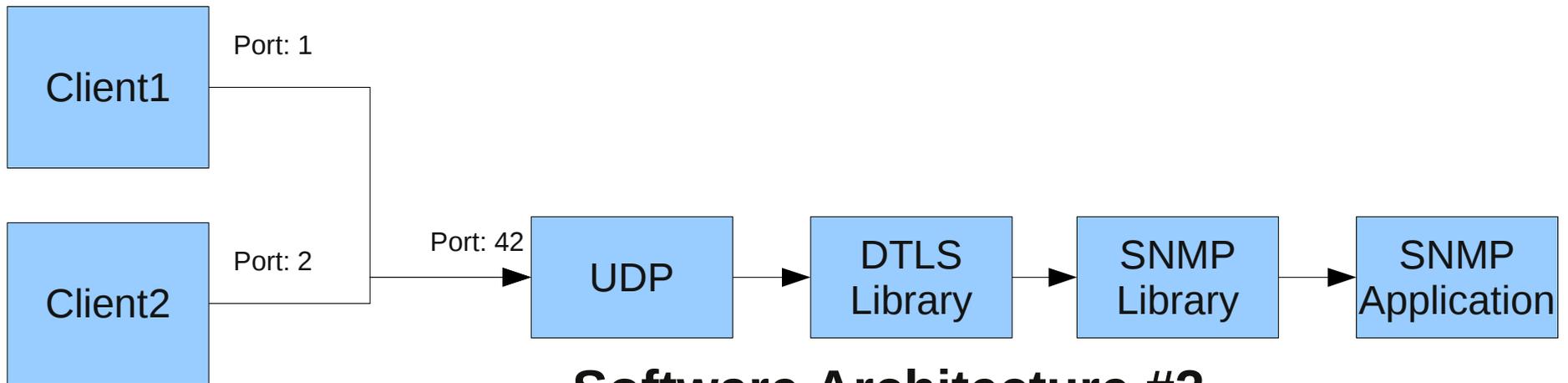
#2: X.509 Certificate Path Validation

- Two choices when doing X.509 Certificate Validation:
 - Direct FingerPrint specifications
 - Full Path Validation to a trust anchor
- WG Decided to:
 - Provide fingerprint mappings
 - Configuration/definition of full Trust Anchor validation and Configuration is out of scope.
- **Proposal:** I'll try to make this more clear

DTLS Demultiplexing



Software Architecture #1



Software Architecture #2

#3: Keep UDP Session Handling

- Section 5.5.1+ describes demultiplexing UDP
 - Mandates Unique src/dest addr/port combinations
 - Was written because architecture #1 appears common today
 - May not be in the future?
 - Specifies that the demultiplexing EoP are optional
 - IE: it's “Implementation Guidance”
- **Proposal:** Leave it.

#4: securityName case sensitivity

- When mapping to a security name we should specify case sensitivity
- **Proposal:**
 - IPv6: Lower Case
 - 2002855d18a500050222fafffeff174c
 - dNSName: Lower Case
 - isms.example.com
 - rfc822name: Lower Case
 - wes@example.com
 - (Pasi proposed just the domain name portion, but 5280 says everything)

#5: Port > 1024

- Pasi requested we use a port > 1024
- I'm fine with this
- **Proposal:** Request > 1024 from IANA

#6: 3 TransportDomains/Addresses

- Pasi wondered why:
 - We have 3 Transport Domains
 - We have 3 Transport Addresses with identical text
 - We can't reuse 1 transport address multiple times for the same TransportDomain identifier
- Answer, unfortunately:
 - “Furthermore, MIB authors SHOULD define a separate TransportAddressType or TransportDomain object for each TransportAddress object.”
 - TransportAddress TC
 - IE: That's the way it's always been done in SMIv2
- **Proposal:** keep as is

#7: FingerPrint Crypto Value

- The current TC text says the Fingerprint shouldn't be used as a comparison alternative
 - IE: you must compare the full presented certificate against the fully stored certificate; not just hashes
- Originally allowed for “cheap” (insecure) fingerprints
 - But now we're using only secure hashes
- **Proposal**: drop the last sentence limiting Fingerprint Usage.
 - IE, allow implementations to just compare hash values

#8: Drop (D)TLS ASIs?

- Draft contains:
 - tlsRead
 - tlsWrite
- I think this derives from early SSH drafts
- **Proposal**: Not really needed, so drop it.

#9: failure counter in notification

- TlstmServerAuthFailure notification
 - Include TlstmSessionInvalidServerCertificates?
- **Proposal:** Sure

#10 CreateAndGo vs Active

- Examples currently assume new row creation
 - E.G. sets to createAndGo for creating a row
 - Apparently 3414 uses active instead
- **Proposal:** umm.....

#11: Dead-Peer Detection

- Pasi wondered if we should say something about when one side drops a DTLS connection if the client should try and detect this?
 - But notes that DTLSM shouldn't know about PDUs
- Draft currently says (section 8):

A "broken" session (one side up and one side down) can result if one side of a session is brought down abruptly (i.e., reboot, power outage, etc.). Whenever possible, implementations SHOULD provide graceful session termination through the use of disconnect messages. Implementations SHOULD also have a system in place for dealing with "broken" sessions.

#12: Fate Sharing

- Currently:
 - Can create TLSTM-MIB entries in advance of TARGET-MIB entries being created
 - When TARGET-MIB entries are deleted, corresponding TLSTM-MIB entries are deleted
- Juergen finds this inconsistent.
 - Second bullet decided in previous WG
- **Proposal:** leave as is

Questions?

