## Gateway Initiated Dual-Stack lite

(draft-gundavelli-softwire-gateway-init-ds-lite-03)

## **Status Update**

#### **Authors:**

Frank Brockners (fbrockne@cisco.com),
Sri Gundavelli (sgundave@cisco.com),
Sebastian Speicher (sebastian.speicher@telekom.de),
David Ward (dward@juniper.net)

IETF 77, Anaheim, USA

# 3GPP-IETF Workshop Outcome\* March, 1-2 2010

Quotes from Workshop Report (IPW100060):\*

#### Conclusions on solutions

"[...] Solutions enhancing existing mechanisms for dual stack deployments and new solutions for IPv6-only deployments drew wide support

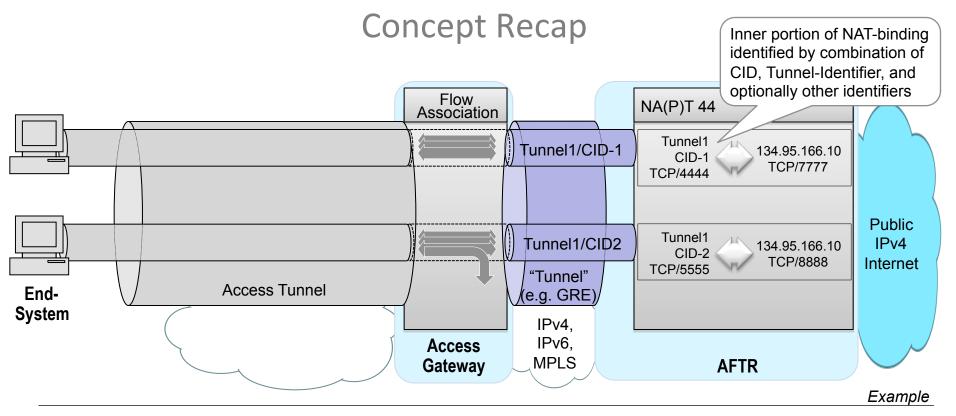
Gateway-initiated Dual Stack Lite [...] "

### Next Steps IETF

"[...] IETF is also encouraged to consider new solutions that are not yet working group items

Gateway Initiated DS Lite [...]"

## Gateway-initiated Dual-Stack lite



- Gateway tunnels traffic which requires NA(P)T towards CGN/AFTR
  - Gateway and CGN/AFTR use Context-ID (CID) for Flow-Identification: AFTR/CGN can employ flexible NAT schemes (e.g. CID to external IPv4)
  - Multiple tunnel types possible (IPinIP, IPinGRE, MPLS VPN); in case of GRE w/ IPv4 address on UE is not used for packet forwarding;
- Network between Gateway and AFTR can be IPv4, IPv6, or MPLS
- End-System/UE & Access & Roaming Architecture remains unchanged

## **Status**

- -01 version presented at IETF #76
- Key updates in -03
  - Clear separation of generic concept and implementation examples.
     Concept in brief:
    - Access gateway softwire-tunnels those IPv4 flows which require NA(P)T to an AFTR
    - Combination of "Tunnel-Identifier" and "Context Identifier (CID)" (used to multiplex flows from different access-devices onto a single tunnel) serves a common context to identify flows on Gateway and AFTR
  - Expanded Tunneling Considerations
    - Multiple tunnel/encapsulation types defined:
       IPinGRE (CID = GRE-key); IPinIP (CID=Inner-IP); MPLS VPN (CID=Inner-IP)
    - Considerations for tunnel management

# **Next Steps**

- The authors appreciate additional comments/feedback
- Adopt as WG document?