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Logging recommendations for Internet facing servers
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Abstract

In the wake of IPv4 exhaustion and deployment of IP address sharing techniques, this document recommends that Internet facing servers log port number and accurate timestamps in addition to the incoming IP address.

Status of this Memo

This Internet-Draft is submitted in full conformance with the provisions of BCP 78 and BCP 79.

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1. Introduction

According to the most recent predictions, the global IPv4 address free pool at IANA will exhaust sometime in 2011. After that, service providers will have a hard time finding enough IPv4 global addresses to sustain product and subscriber growth. Due to the huge global existing infrastructure, both hardware and software, vendors and service providers must continue to support IPv4 technologies for the foreseeable future. As legacy applications and hardware are retired the reliance on IPv4 will diminish but this is a years long perhaps decades long process.

To maintain legacy IPv4 address support, service providers will have little choice but to share IPv4 global addresses among multiple customers. Techniques to do so are outside of the scope of this documents. All include some form of address translation/address sharing, being NAT44, NAT64 or DS-Lite.

The effects on the Internet of the introduction of those address sharing techniques have been documented in [I-D.ietf-intarea-shared-addressing-issues].

Address sharing techniques come with their own logging infrastructure to track the relation between which original IP address and source port(s) were associated with which user and external IPv4 address at any given point in time. In the past to support abuse mitigation or public safety requests, the knowledge of the external global IP address was enough to identify a subscriber of interest. With address sharing technologies, only providing information about the external public address associated with a session to a service provider is no longer sufficient information to unambiguously identify customers.

Note: this document provides recommendations for Internet facing servers logging incoming connections. Its does not provide any recommendations about logging on carrier-grade NAT or other address sharing tools.

2. Recommendations

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

It is RECOMMENDED as best current practice that Internet facing servers logging incoming IP addresses also log:

- o The source port number.
- o A timestamp accurate to the second, with associated time zone.
- o The transport protocol (usually TCP or UDP) and destination port number, when the server application is defined to use multiple transports or multiple ports.

Discussion: Carrier-grade NATs may have different policies to recycle ports, some implementations may decide to reuse ports almost immediately, some may wait several minutes before marking the port ready for reuse. As a result, servers have no idea how fast the ports will be reused and, thus, should log timestamps using a reasonably accurate clock. At this point the RECOMMENDED accuracy for timestamps is to the second or better.

Examples of Internet facing servers include, but are not limited to, web servers and email servers.

Although the deployment of address sharing techniques is not immediately foreseen in IPv6, the above recommendations apply to both IPv4 and IPv6, if only for consistency and code simplification reasons.

Discussions about data retention policies are out of scope for this document.

3. ISP Considerations

ISP deploying IP address sharing techniques should also deploy a corresponding logging architecture to maintain records of the relation between customers identity and IP/port resources they utilize. However, recommendation on this topic are out of scope for this document.

4. IANA Considerations

None.

5. Security Considerations

In the absence of source port number and accurate timestamp, operators deploying any address sharing techniques will not be able to identify unambiguously customers when dealing with abuse or public safety queries.

6. References

6.1. Normative references

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997.

6.2. Informative references

[I-D.ietf-intarea-shared-addressing-issues]
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