

**IETF-80 Prague, Czech**

# **Secure Extension of BGP by Decoupling Path Propagation and Adoption**

draft-zhang-idr-decoupling-01

draft-zhang-idr-decoupling-02

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# False Routing Announcements

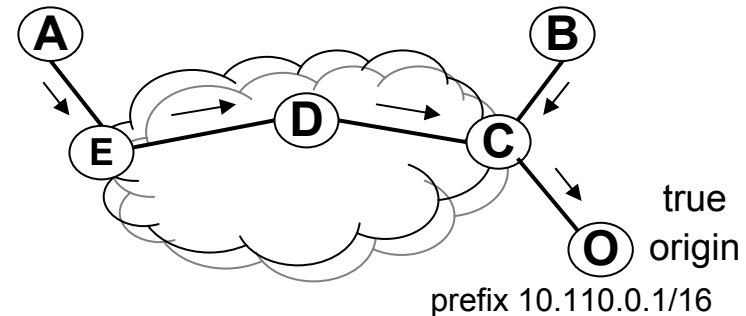
- Interrupt the Internet service

- Source

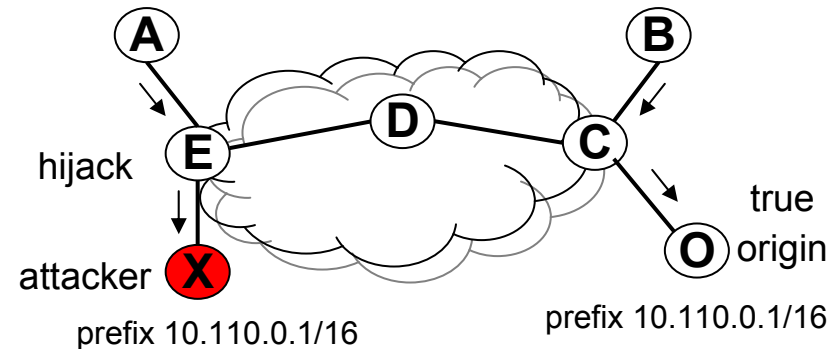
- Malicious attack
- Mis-configuration

- Attacker can do

- Black holing
- Interception



True origin announces prefix 10.110.0.1/16

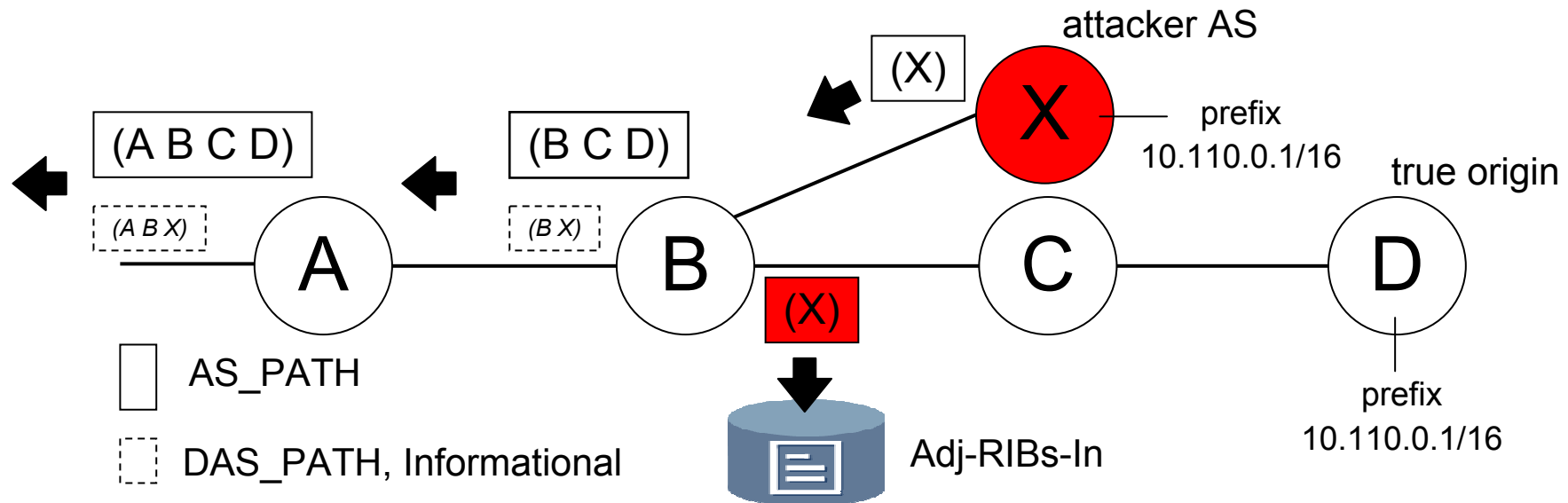


False origin announces prefix 10.110.0.1/16 and hijacks A's route

# Solutions

- Prevention
  - based on RPKI (used by SIDR), act before attacks
  - however, not widely deployed
- Detection
  - monitoring & reaction, act after attacks
- Mitigation
  - filtering on routers' own knowledge, act during attacks

# DBGP-A New Mitigation Scheme



## DBGP: Decoupling path propagation and adoption in BGP

- (B X) is suspected and propagated in DAS\_PATH attribute.
  - A DAS\_PATH will only be used for informational purposes rather than real data delivery!
- If (B X) is actually legitimate, the propagation in fact enables parallel validation.
  - When B propagates it to A as a legitimate path later, A MAY have already finished the validation (e.g., checked by operators) in advance and can accept it directly without suspicion.

# Optional & Transit DAS\_PATH

```
+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+
| Attribute Type|                (2 bytes)
+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+
| Attribute Length                | (1 or 2 bytes)
+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+
| Attribute Value                | (variable length)
+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+
```

Value	Segment	Type
1	DAS_SET	unordered set of ASs a route in the UPDATE message has traversed
2	DAS_SEQUENCE	ordered set of ASs a route in the UPDATE message has traversed

- Similar with AS\_PATH attribute

# Comments

- Cooperate with prevention schemes
- Operational complexity
- Add multiple DAS\_PATHs option
- Detection facilitation
- Maintain separate trust-info history database

# 1. Cooperate with Prevention

- If we have SIDR solutions deployed on BGP routers, there are no false routing announcements at all.
  - ISP has no strong incentive to deploy RPKI
  - We need a multiple-line defense against attack
    - prevention, detection, mitigation
- Not chartered by SIDR
  - Work together with IDR
  - For the ultimate goal: to Secure IDR
  - Things can change, re-charter to include?

## 2. Operational Complexity

- The additional complexity of the BGP implementations in the regular production routers is something that is really unwanted from operators.
  - An optional attribute, ignored when received
  - Complexity similar to the “add-paths” solution
    - draft-ietf-idr-add-paths-04.txt



# 3. Separate History Database

- Mitigation solutions need additional memory for a separate historical database. For example, PGBGP routers store trusted origins in their databases.
  - By default, DBGP only uses Adj-RIBs-In
    - Save memory & maintenance effort

# 4. Detection Facilitation

- What do the detection systems do when they receive DAS\_PATHs.
  - DBGP doesn't block the view of monitors of detection systems (the traditional mitigation does).
  - Detection systems had already been deployed. They can examine DAS\_PATHs and send notifications to the victim AS (e.g., send email).

# 5. Multiple DAS\_PATHs Export

- How about including multiple DAS\_PATHs in one UPDATE message?
  - Multiple DAS\_PATHs export is enabled now.
- Different from add-path WG draft
  - All the paths in “add-path” are available
  - All the paths in DAS\_PATHs are unavailable

**Thanks!**