# Use Cases for High Bandwidth Query and Control of Core Networks

draft-bernstein-alto-large-bandwidth-cases-00.txt

Greg Bernstein, Grotto Networking Young Lee, Huawei

#### Motivation

 To enable the application layer to more fully and efficiently utilize the capabilities of networks on top of a flexible GMPLS/PCE infrastructure

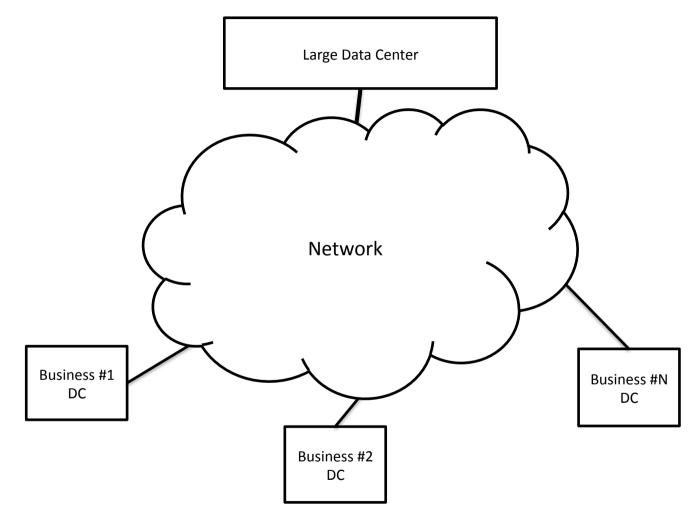
#### Road blocks:

- Core networks typically consist of two or more layers, while applications are typically only know about the IP layer and above.
- GMPLS routing exposes full network topology information which tends to be proprietary to a carrier or require specialized knowledge and techniques, e.g., RWA
- GMPLS signaling interfaces are defined for either peer
   GMPLS nodes or via a user network interface (UNI)

#### Outline

- End System Aggregation Use Case
  - See draft
- Data Center to Data Center (DC-to-DC) Use Case
- Generic Optimization Problem
- Cross Stratum Interfaces

#### Data Center to Data Center Networking

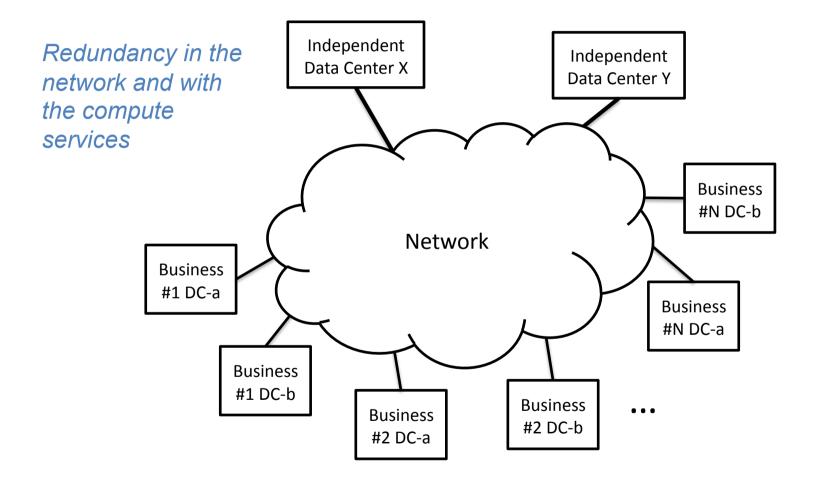


 For our purposes here we consider a data center any computation facility with significant access bandwidth to the network (this does not include relatively low bandwidth internet clients)

#### Cross Stratum Optimization Opportunities

- Compute Pricing
  - VM instances: Reserved, On Demand, Spot
  - Pricing can vary with demand (spot market) and time of day (e.g., due to changing power rates)
- Compute Constraints
  - Limits at local data centers, maintenance windows, ...
- Network Constraints
  - Path bandwidth and latency between sites at a given time
- Network Costs
  - Different providers, Congestion based pricing, etc...

## Reliability and Recovery



## Reliability and Recovery

- Server Failure Recovery
  - within a data center → data center internal response
  - between data centers 
     network response to shift traffic to alternative data center
- Network Response
  - MPLS and GMPLS provide the ability to switch "flows" quickly minimizing downtime
- Network Failures
  - When network capacity is impacted due to link/node failures, network may be able to work with application to detour clients to other data centers or "shed load" in a controlled fashioned.
- Coordinated Maintenance Operations

### **Cross Stratum Interfaces**

Applications control/management doesn't want to deal with network details and networks don't want to always share them!

- Network Query → Can base on ALTO work
  - What amount of bandwidth might an application be able to get between two or more locations?
  - How much might that cost?
  - Now or some time in the future? Some applications are less time sensitive than others...
- Network Reservations
  - On demand or advanced reservations
  - Backup flow reservations
- Recovery
  - Activate pre-reserved recovery flows
  - On demand (perhaps higher cost) recovery action (optimize for cost after we have recovered)