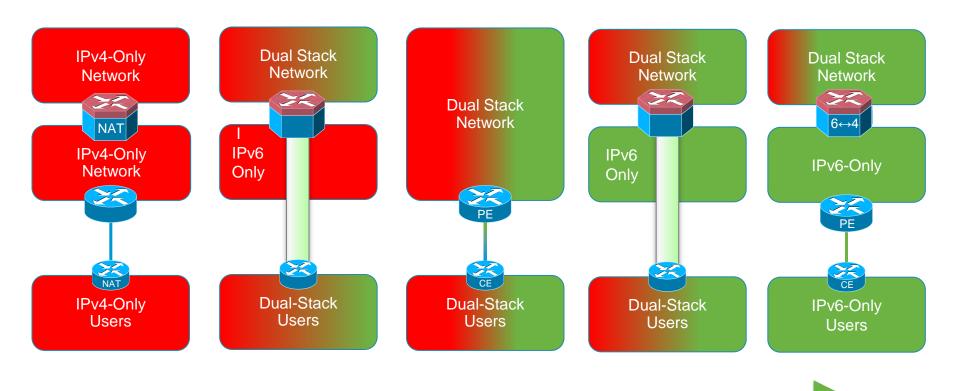
# SD-NAT

**Alain Durand** 

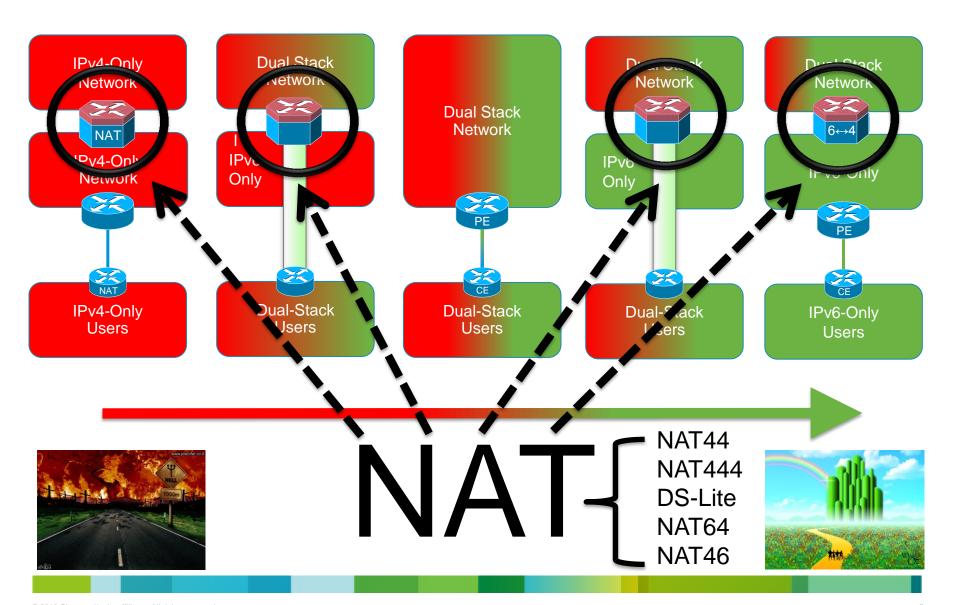
# Transition Steps Instead of Leaps...







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#### SD-NAT: MAKE THOSE NATS WORK BETTER

# "Stateless operation" of ISP equipment

- Push state at edges
- Easy high availability
- High performance (NAT at line rate)

#### **Reduce OPEX cost**

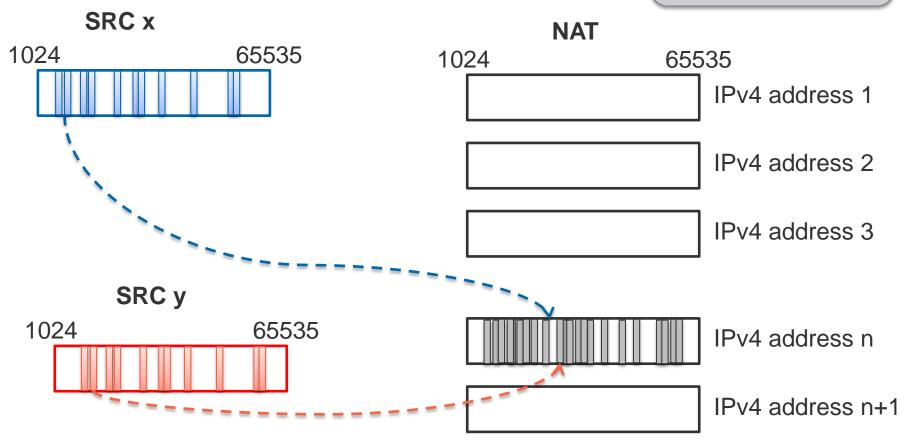
- IPv4 addresses are expensive resources
- Move IPv4 addresses to maximize ARPIP (Average Revenue Per IP Address)

# Works across various flavors of NAT

NAT44, NAT444, DS-Lite, NAT64, NAT46

# PORT MAPPING ON TRADITIONAL NAT

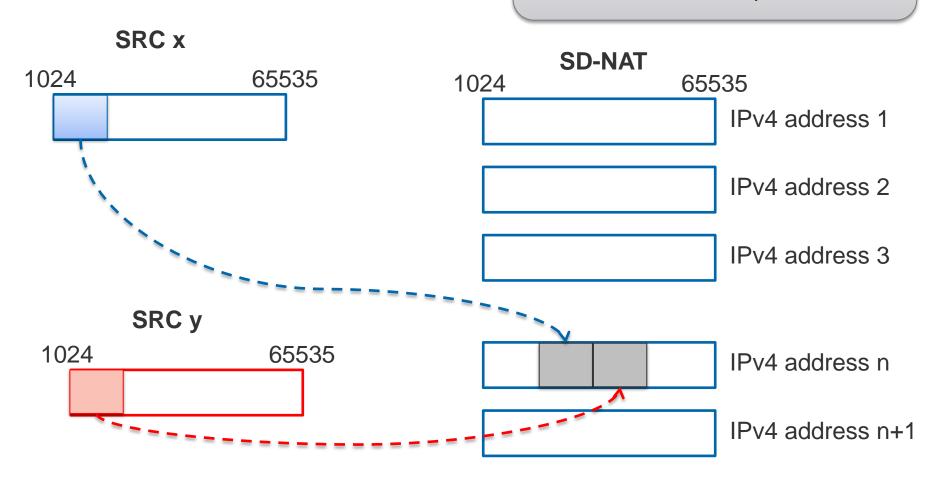
NAT needs to keep state to remember src port mappings



## PORT MAPPING ON SD-NAT

SD-NAT is **stateless**.

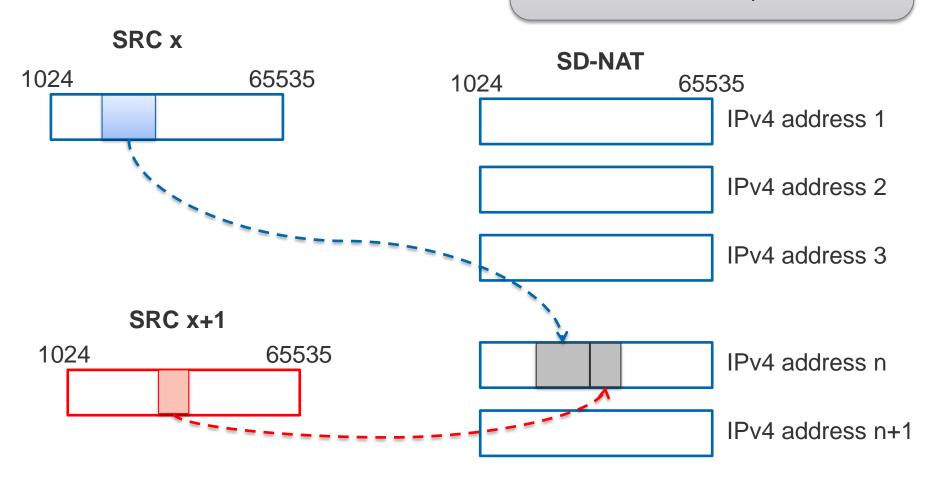
A per-user table or a formula maps inside and outside port blocks.



## PORT MAPPING ON SD-NAT

SD-NAT is **stateless**.

A per-user table or a formula maps inside and outside port blocks.



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A per-user table or a formula maps inside and outside port blocks.

