RTCWeb Security: What Assurances Can/Should We Deliver?

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Overview

- RTCWeb functionality is too dangerous to enable by default
  - General agreement that users must consent to its use
- But how are they to consent intelligently?
  - What properties do users expect/want?
  - How well do they conform to what we can technically deliver?
- Objective of this discussion
  - Work through a bunch of the common cases
  - Try to answer above questions
Gaming Sites I: A Closed, Anonymous World

- I sign onto PokerWeb looking for a game
  - “Find me someone to play heads-up no-limit”
- Result: I end up in a call with someone...

pokerweb.example.org

Call with Checkraiser119
User Expectations?

• Site Relationship
  – I am visiting PokerWeb
  – They control the call

• Duration of consent
  – Long-term: I’m going to playing a lot
  – Don’t want to consent each time

• Peer identity
  – Anonymous: I have no idea who this person is
  – ... they were just assigned to me by PokerWeb
Gaming Sites II: Repeat Business

• I sign onto PokerWeb looking for a game
  – “Is CheckRaiser 119 on line?”
• Result: I end up in a call with someone...

Call with Checkraiser119
User Expectations

• Pseudonymity
  – *I’m playing with Checkraiser 119 (whoever that is)*
  – ... *same person I played with before*

• This identity comes solely from PokerWeb
  – Displayed by their user interface (not in the browser chrome)
  – Identity was *assigned* by PokerWeb
    * Not globally meaningful

• Do users really expect the browser to protect them here?
Calling Services I: A closed, non-anonymous world

- I have an account on SocialWeb
  - ... “friends” with a bunch of my real-world friends
  - Want to call one of my friends

socialweb.example.org

Call with Cullen Jennings
User Expectations

- **Site Relationship**
  - I am visiting SocialWeb
  - They control the call

- **Duration of consent**
  - Long-term: I’m going to playing a lot
  - Don’t want to consent each time

- **Peer identity**
  - I know who I am talking to
  - I added them to my friend list
Calling Services II: An open non-anonymous world (i.e., federated)

- I have an account on SocialWeb
  - But I have friends on AntisocialWeb
  - ... who I want to call

- I don’t want to get into this one just yet...
Ad Hoc Calling from Embedded Advertisements

Option A: Ad in an IFRAME

Option B: Injected ad
User expectations

- When I place this call I’m talking to Ford
- Not giving Ford long-term access to my camera and microphone
- But I’m on Slashdot...
  - Do I think Slashdot has endorsed this?
Common Themes

- Consent
  - How to make long-term consent grants secure
  - How to safely give short-term consent
- Authenticating the person you are talking to
  - Anonymous peers
  - Pseudonymous peers
  - Peers with long-term identities
Making long-term grants secure

• Basic problem: site controls interface
  – They can initiate a call to anyone
  – But I don’t want them to bug my house
    ∗ These are semi-contradictory

• How do I allow someone to make calls without letting them make calls?
Partial Digression: Network Attackers

- Assumption: I’ve authorized PokerWeb
- I’m in an Internet Cafe and visit any URL
  - Attacker injects IFRAME pretending to be PokerWeb
  - But calls go to him

www.slashdot.org
pokerweb.example.org
new PeerConnection() {
    ...
});

- Result: attacker has bugged your computer
User Expectations

- It’s safe to authorize PokerWeb and then surf the Internet
  - Without being bugged
- Including on insecure networks
  - This may include your home network
- Unfortunately, this is not true here...
Potential Long-Term Consent Security Features

- Live with it (require clear UI)
- Require user interaction with browser chrome for all calls
  - User interaction alone is not enough because of clickjacking
- Require user interaction for calls to “new” peers
- Require JS to be delivered over HTTPS (only stops network attacks)

- None of these are that great
Short-Term Consent

- Need some mechanism to allow immediate calls
  - To people you have no previous relationship with
- Conflicting requirements
  - Low-impact
  - Not something users will just click through
  - Can we do anything to help here?
Characterizing Short-Term Consent

• User doesn’t really know who they are calling
  – And if they do, it’s “Ford”

• We don’t have the technical means to give this kind of identity
  – Best-case scenario is an authenticated domain name
  – Do you want to call www.ford.com?
API impact of short-term consent

- One natural design is to show “self” picture a la Facetime
  - Here’s your video, do you want to set up the call
- But this implies *some level* of device access prior to permissions grant
  - Step 1: display video to user with call start button
  - Step 2: start call
- Out of scope?
What about the site I’m visiting?

- Adam Barth: the user thinks he’s on Slashdot
  - Even though Slashdot neither placed the ad nor is the called party
  - Only vaguely conscious of ad networks
- Should the top-level site get to have an opinion?
  - Protect the user?
  - Protect its reputation?
  - What about privacy?
Enforcing Pseudonymity

- Assumption: if you care who you’re talking to you’re going to use SRTP

- “This is the same person” enforced by PokerWeb
  - Identity could be owned by someone else tomorrow

- What can the browser enforce? Cryptographic continuity
  - This is the same machine I talked to last time
  - Not that great a substitute
Verifying who you are talking to

• Assumption: if you care who you’re talking to you’re going to use SRTP

• Assumption: we only sort-of-trust the calling site
  – (Alan Johnston, Matthew Kaufman)

• Need to be able to cryptographically verify the other side
  – PKI plausible for some applications (especially when you’re calling an organization)
  – Verify keying material (fingerprint, SAS) through side channel [draft-kaufman-rtcweb-security-ui-00]
Executive Summary (mostly opinion)

- Can’t completely eliminate threats from long-term trusted sites
  - Without undue impact on user experience
  - Basic principle: minimize threats where possible and allow user verification of state
    * Trust but verify
- Ironically, short-term consent is in some sense more secure
  - Likely user will have to directly grant consent
    * In browser chrome
    * And only for this call
  - Even if you don’t pay attention to the call target, it’s not that unsafe
    * Though still need to verify identity if you care