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H. Asai  
Univ. of Tokyo  
M. MacFaden  
VMware Inc.  
J. Schoenwaelder  
Jacobs University  
Y. Sekiya  
Univ. of Tokyo  
K. Shima  
IIJ Innovation Institute Inc.  
T. Tsou  
Huawei Technologies (USA)  
C. Zhou  
Huawei Technologies  
H. Esaki  
Univ. of Tokyo  
October 13, 2013

Management Information Base for Virtual Machines Controlled by a  
Hypervisor  
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Abstract

This document defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, this specifies objects for managing virtual machines controlled by a hypervisor (a.k.a. virtual machine monitor).

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## 1. Introduction

This document defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, this specifies objects for managing virtual machines controlled by a hypervisor (a.k.a. virtual machine monitor). A hypervisor controls multiple virtual machines on a single physical machine by allocating resources to each virtual machine using virtualization technologies. Therefore, this MIB module contains information on virtual machines and their resources controlled by a hypervisor as well as hypervisor's hardware and software information.

The design of this MIB module has been derived from enterprise specific MIB modules, namely a MIB module for managing guests of the Xen hypervisor, a MIB module for managing virtual machines controlled by the VMware hypervisor, and a MIB module using the libvirt programming interface to access different hypervisors. However, this MIB module attempts to generalize the managed objects to support other hypervisors.

### 1.1. Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

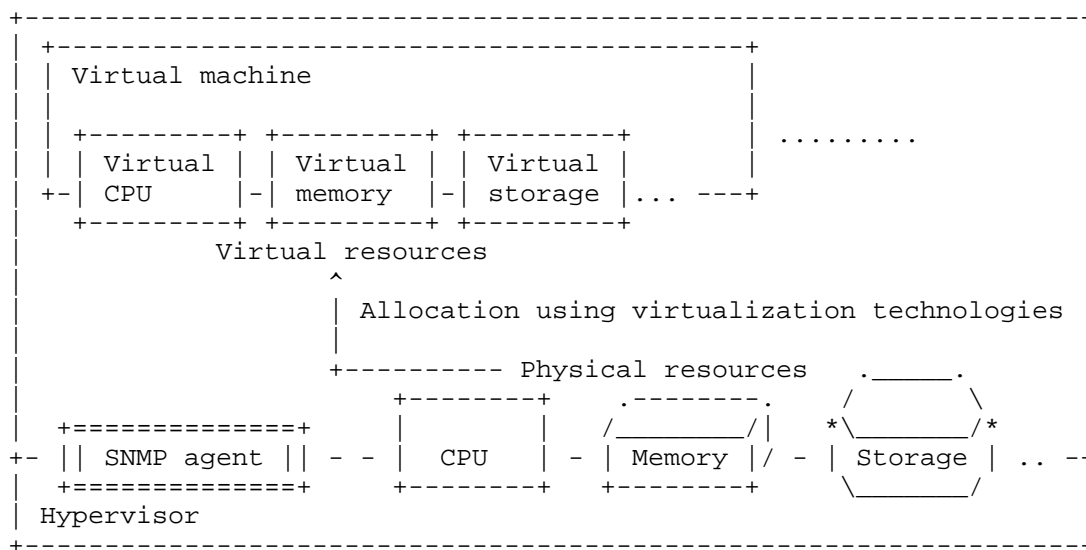
## 2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to section 7 of RFC 3410 [RFC3410]. Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [RFC2578], STD 58, RFC 2579 [RFC2579] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [RFC2580].

### 3. Managed Objects for Virtual Machines Controlled by a Hypervisor

#### 3.1. Managed Objects on Virtualization Environment

On the common implementations of hypervisor softwares, a hypervisor allocates virtual resources such as virtual CPUs, virtual memory, virtual storage devices, and virtual network interfaces to virtual machines from physical resources. This document defines objects related to system and software information of a hypervisor, the list of virtual machines controlled by the hypervisor, and virtual resources allocated by the hypervisor to virtual machines. This document specifies four specific types of virtual resources that are common to general hypervisors; CPUs (processors), memory, network interfaces, and storage devices.



A hypervisor allocates virtual resources such as virtual CPUs, virtual memory, virtual storage devices, and virtual network interfaces to virtual machines from physical resources.

Figure 1: An example of a virtualization environment

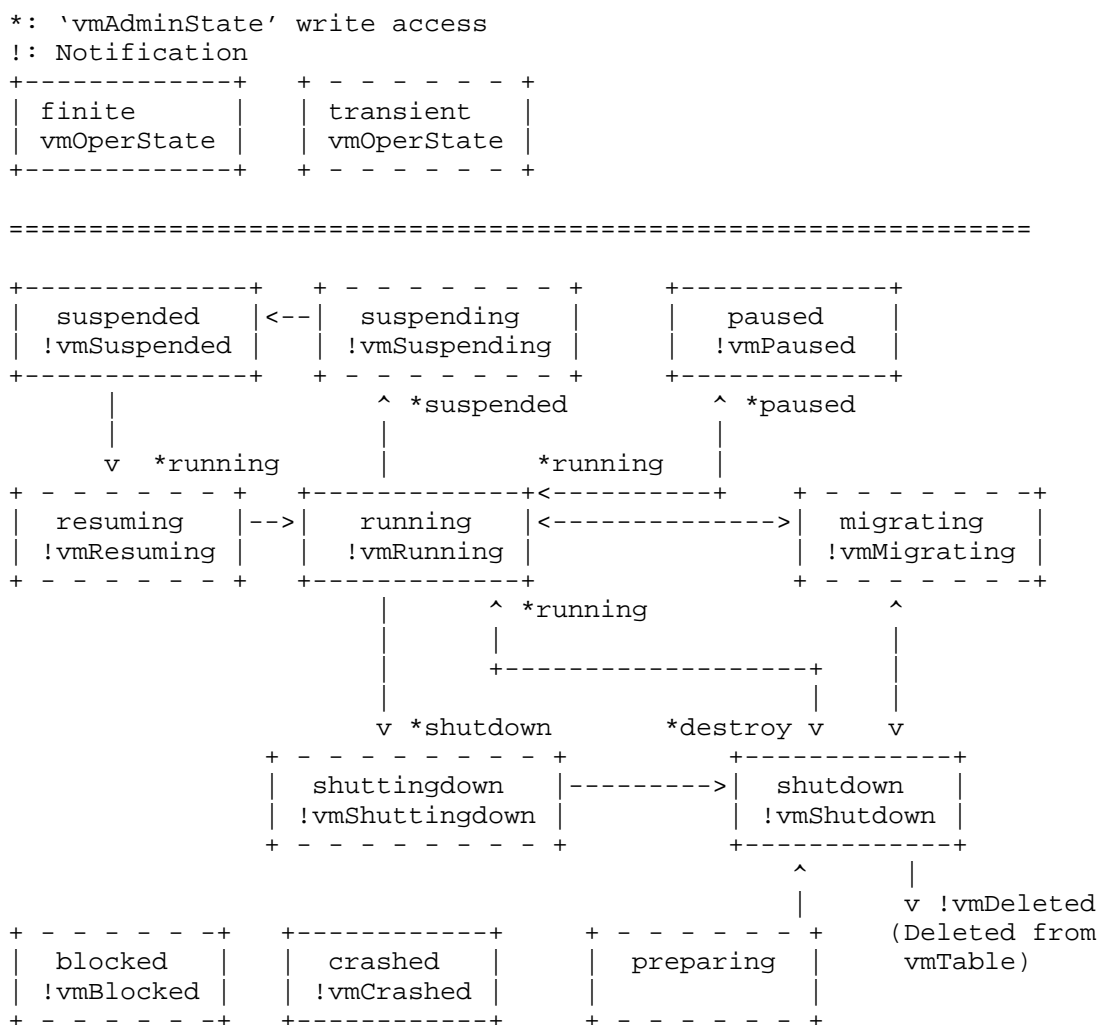
As shown in Figure 1, the objects defined in this document are managed at a hypervisor and an SNMP agent is launched at the hypervisor to provide access to the objects. The objects are managed from the viewpoint of the operators of hypervisors, but not the operators of virtual machines; i.e., the objects do not take into account the actual resource utilization on each virtual machine but the resource allocation from the physical resources. For example,

vmNetworIfIndex indicates the virtual interface associated with an interface of a virtual machine at the hypervisor, and consequently, the 'in' and 'out' directions denote 'from a virtual machine to the hypervisor' and 'from the hypervisor to a virtual machine', respectively. Moreover, vmStorageAllocatedSize denotes the size allocated by the hypervisor, but not the size actually used by the operating system on the virtual machine. This means that vmStorageDefinedSize and vmStorageAllocatedSize do not take different values when the vmStorageSourceType is 'block' or 'raw'.

The other objects related to virtual machines such as management IP addresses of a virtual machine are not included in this MIB module because this MIB module defines the objects common to general hypervisors but they are specific to some hypervisors. They may be included in the entLogicalTable of ENTITY-MIB [RFC4133]. The objects related to virtual switches are not also included in this MIB module though virtual switches shall be placed on a hypervisor. This is because the virtual network interfaces are the lowest abstraction of network resources allocated to a virtual machine. Instead of including the objects related to virtual switches, for example, BRIDGE-MIB [RFC4188] and Q-BRIDGE-MIB [RFC4363] could be used.

### 3.2. Overview of the MIB Module

The MIB module is organized into a group of scalars and tables. The scalars below 'hypervisor' provide basic information about the hypervisor. The 'vmTable' lists the virtual machines (guests) that are known to the hypervisor. The 'vmCpuTable' provides the mapping table of virtual CPUs to virtual machines, including CPU time used by each virtual CPU. The 'vmCpuAffinityTable' provides the affinity of each virtual CPU to a physical CPU. The 'vmStorageTable' provides the list of virtual storage devices and their mapping to virtual machines. In case that an entry in the 'vmStorageTable' has a corresponding parent physical storage device managed in 'hrStorageTable' of HOST-RESOURCES-MIB [RFC2790], the entry contains a pointer 'vmStorageParent' to the physical storage device. The 'vmNetworkTable' provides the list of virtual network interfaces and their mapping to virtual machines. Each entry in the 'vmNetworkTable' also provides a pointer 'vmNetworIfIndex' to the corresponding entry in the 'ifTable' of IF-MIB [RFC2863]. In case that an entry in the 'vmNetworkTable' has a corresponding parent physical network interface managed in 'ifTable' of IF-MIB, the entry contains a pointer 'vmNetworkParent' to the physical network interface.



The state transition of a virtual machine

Figure 2: State transition of a virtual machine

The 'vmAdminState' and 'vmOperState' textual conventions define an administrative state and an operational state model for virtual machines. Events causing transitions between major operational states will cause the generation of notifications. Per virtual machine (per-VM) notifications (vmRunning, vmShutdown, vmPaused, vmSuspended, vmCrashed, vmDeleted) are generated if vmPerVMNotificationsEnabled is true(1). Bulk notifications (vmBulkRunning, vmBulkShutdown, vmBulkPaused, vmBulkSuspended,

vmBulkCrashed, vmBulkDeleted) are generated if vmBulkNotificationsEnabled is true(1). The transition of 'vmOperState' by the write access to 'vmAdminState' and the notifications generated by the operational state changes are summarized in Figure 2. Note that the notifications shown in this figure are per-VM notifications. In the case of Bulk notifications, the prefix 'vm' is replaced with 'vmBulk'.

The bulk notification mechanism is designed to reduce the number of notifications that are trapped by an SNMP manager. This is because the number of virtual machines managed by a bunch of hypervisors in a datacenter possibly becomes several thousands or more, and consequently, many notifications could be trapped if these virtual machines frequently change their administrative state. The per-VM notifications carry more detailed information, but the scalability shall be a problem. An implementation shall support both, either of, or none of per-VM notifications and bulk notifications. The notification filtering mechanism described in section 6 of RFC 3413 [RFC3413] is used by the management applications to control the notifications.

The MIB module provides a few writable objects that can be used to make non-persistent changes, e.g., changing the memory allocation or the CPU allocation. It is not the goal of this MIB module to provide a configuration interface for virtual machines since other protocols and data modeling languages are more suitable for this task.

The OID tree structure of the MIB module is shown below.

```
--vmMIB (1.3.6.1.2.1.yyy)
+--vmNotifications(0)
|   +--vmRunning(1) [vmName, vmUUID, vmOperState]
|   +--vmShuttingdown(2) [vmName, vmUUID, vmOperState]
|   +--vmShutdown(3) [vmName, vmUUID, vmOperState]
|   +--vmPaused(4) [vmName, vmUUID, vmOperState]
|   +--vmSuspending(5) [vmName, vmUUID, vmOperState]
|   +--vmSuspended(6) [vmName, vmUUID, vmOperState]
|   +--vmResuming(7) [vmName, vmUUID, vmOperState]
|   +--vmMigrating(8) [vmName, vmUUID, vmOperState]
|   +--vmCrashed(9) [vmName, vmUUID, vmOperState]
|   +--vmBlocked(10) [vmName, vmUUID, vmOperState]
|   +--vmDeleted(11) [vmName, vmUUID, vmOperState, vmPersistent]
|   +--vmBulkRunning(12) [vmAffectedVMs]
|   +--vmBulkShutdown(13) [vmAffectedVMs]
|   +--vmBulkShuttingdown(14) [vmAffectedVMs]
|   +--vmBulkPaused(15) [vmAffectedVMs]
|   +--vmBulkSuspending(16) [vmAffectedVMs]
|   +--vmBulkSuspended(17) [vmAffectedVMs]
```



```

|   +---vmBulkResuming(18) [vmName, vmUUID, vmOperState]
|   +---vmBulkMigrating(19) [vmAffectedVMs]
|   +---vmBulkCrashed(20) [vmAffectedVMs]
|   +---vmBulkBlocked(21) [vmAffectedVMs]
|   +---vmBulkDeleted(22) [vmAffectedVMs]
+---vmObjects(1)
|   +---vmHypervisor(1)
|   |   +--- r-n SnmpAdminString      vmHvSoftware(1)
|   |   +--- r-n SnmpAdminString      vmHvVersion(2)
|   |   +--- r-n OBJECT IDENTIFIER    vmHvObjectID(3)
|   |   +--- r-n TimeTicks            vmHvUpTime(4)
|   +--- r-n Integer32      vmNumber(2)
|   +--- r-n TimeTicks      vmTableLastChange(3)
+---vmTable(4)
|   +---vmEntry(1) [vmIndex]
|   |   +--- --- VirtualMachineIndex  vmIndex(1)
|   |   +--- r-n SnmpAdminString      vmName(2)
|   |   +--- r-n UUIDorZero           vmUUID(3)
|   |   +--- r-n SnmpAdminString      vmOSType(4)
|   |   +--- rwn VirtualMachineAdminState
|   |   |   vmAdminState(5)
|   |   +--- r-n VirtualMachineOperState
|   |   |   vmOperState(6)
|   |   +--- r-n VirtualMachineAutoStart
|   |   |   vmAutoStart(7)
|   |   +--- r-n VirtualMachinePersistent
|   |   |   vmPersistent(8)
|   |   +--- rwn Integer32            vmCurCpuNumber(9)
|   |   +--- rwn Integer32            vmMinCpuNumber(10)
|   |   +--- rwn Integer32            vmMaxCpuNumber(11)
|   |   +--- r-n Integer32            vmMemUnit(12)
|   |   +--- rwn Integer32            vmCurMem(13)
|   |   +--- rwn Integer32            vmMinMem(14)
|   |   +--- rwn Integer32            vmMaxMem(15)
|   |   +--- r-n TimeTicks            vmUpTime(16)
|   |   +--- r-n Counter64            vmCpuTime(17)
+---vmCpuTable(5)
|   +---vmCpuEntry(1) [vmIndex, vmCpuIndex]
|   |   +--- --- VirtualMachineCpuIndex
|   |   |   vmCpuIndex(1)
|   |   +--- r-n Counter64            vmCpuCoreTime(2)
+---vmCpuAffinityTable(6)
|   +---vmCpuAffinityEntry(1) [vmIndex,
|   |   vmCpuIndex,
|   |   vmCpuPhysIndex]
|   |   +--- --- Integer32            vmCpuPhysIndex(1)
|   |   +--- rwn Integer32            vmCpuAffinity(2)
+---vmStorageTable(7)

```

```

+---vmStorageEntry(1) [vmStorageVmIndex, vmStorageIndex]
+--- --- VirtualMachineIndexOrZero
|
|           vmStorageVmIndex(1)
+--- --- VirtualMachineStorageIndex
|
|           vmStorageIndex(2)
+--- r-n Integer32           vmStorageParent(3)
+--- r-n VirtualMachineStorageSourceType
|
|           vmStorageSourceType(4)
+--- r-n SnmpAdminString     vmStorageSourceTypeString(5)
+--- r-n SnmpAdminString     vmStorageResourceID(6)
+--- r-n VirtualMachineStorageAccess
|
|           vmStorageAccess(7)
+--- r-n VirtualMachineStorageMediaType
|
|           vmStorageMediaType(8)
+--- r-n SnmpAdminString     vmStorageMediaTypeString(9)
+--- r-n Integer32           vmStorageSizeUnit(10)
+--- r-n Integer32           vmStorageDefinedSize(11)
+--- r-n Integer32           vmStorageAllocatedSize(12)
+--- r-n Counter64           vmStorageReadIOs(13)
+--- r-n Counter64           vmStorageWriteIOs(14)
+---vmNetworkTable(8)
+---vmNetworkEntry(1) [vmIndex, vmNetworkIndex]
+--- --- VirtualMachineNetworkIndex
|
|           vmNetworkIndex(1)
+--- r-n InterfaceIndexOrZero vmNetworkIfIndex(2)
+--- r-n InterfaceIndexOrZero vmNetworkParent(3)
+--- r-n SnmpAdminString     vmNetworkModel(4)
+--- r-n PhysAddress         vmNetworkPhysAddress(5)
+--- rwn TruthValue         vmPerVMNotificationsEnabled(9)
+--- rwn TruthValue         vmBulkNotificationsEnabled(10)
+--- --n VirtualMachineList  vmAffectedVMs(11)
+---vmConformance(2)
+---vmCompliances(1)
|
|   +---vmFullCompliances(1)
|   +---vmReadOnlyCompliances(2)
+---vmGroups(2)
+---vmHypervisorGroup(1)
+---vmVirtualMachineGroup(2)
+---vmCpuGroup(3)
+---vmCpuAffinityGroup(4)
+---vmStorageGroup(5)
+---vmNetworkGroup(6)
+---vmPerVMNotificationOptionalGroup(7)
+---vmBulkNotificationsVariablesGroup(8)
+---vmBulkNotificationOptionalGroup(9)

```

### 3.3. Definitions

```
VM-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
```

```
IMPORTS
```

```
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, NOTIFICATION-TYPE, TimeTicks,  
    Counter64, Integer32, mib-2  
        FROM SNMPv2-SMI  
    OBJECT-GROUP, MODULE-COMPLIANCE, NOTIFICATION-GROUP  
        FROM SNMPv2-CONF  
    TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, PhysAddress, TruthValue  
        FROM SNMPv2-TC  
    SnmpAdminString  
        FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB  
    UUIDorZero  
        FROM UUID-TC-MIB  
    InterfaceIndexOrZero  
        FROM IF-MIB;
```

```
vmMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
```

```
    LAST-UPDATED "201310130000Z"           -- 13 October 2013  
    ORGANIZATION "IETF Operations and Management Area Working Group"  
    CONTACT-INFO
```

```
        "  
        WG E-mail: (To be added after approved by WG)  
        Mailing list subscription info:  
        http:// (To be added after approved by WG)
```

```
        Hirochika Asai  
        The University of Tokyo  
        7-3-1 Hongo  
        Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-8656  
        JP  
        Phone: +81 3 5841 6748  
        Email: panda@hongo.wide.ad.jp
```

```
        Michael MacFaden  
        VMware Inc.  
        Email: mrm@vmware.com
```

```
        Juergen Schoenwaelder  
        Jacobs University  
        Campus Ring 1  
        Bremen 28759  
        Germany  
        Email: j.schoenwaelder@jacobs-university.de
```

```
        Yuji Sekiya  
        The University of Tokyo  
        2-11-16 Yayoi
```

Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-8658  
JP  
Email: sekiya@wide.ad.jp

Keiichi Shima  
IIJ Innovation Institute Inc.  
3-13 Kanda-Nishikicho  
Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101-0054  
JP  
Email: keiichi@iijlab.net

Tina Tsou  
Huawei Technologies (USA)  
2330 Central Expressway  
Santa Clara CA 95050  
USA  
Email: tina.tsou.zouting@huawei.com

Cathy Zhou  
Huawei Technologies  
Bantian, Longgang District  
Shenzhen 518129  
P.R. China  
Email: cathyzhou@huawei.com

Hiroshi Esaki  
The University of Tokyo  
7-3-1 Hongo  
Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-8656  
JP  
Email: hiroshi@wide.ad.jp  
"

#### DESCRIPTION

"This MIB module is for use in managing a hypervisor and virtual machines controlled by the hypervisor. The OID 'yyy' is temporary one, and it must be assigned by IANA when this becomes an official document.

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```
REVISION "201310130000Z"      -- 13 October 2013
DESCRIPTION
    "The original version of this MIB, published as
    RFCXXXX."
 ::= { mib-2 yyy }

vmNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vmMIB 0 }
vmObjects        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vmMIB 1 }
vmConformance    OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vmMIB 2 }

-- Textual conversion definitions
--
VirtualMachineIndex ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    DISPLAY-HINT "d"
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A unique value, greater than zero, identifying a
        virtual machine. The value for each virtual machine
        must remain constant at least from one re-initialization
        of the hypervisor to the next re-initialization."
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..2147483647)

VirtualMachineIndexOrZero ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    DISPLAY-HINT "d"
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This textual convention is an extension of the
        VirtualMachineIndex convention. This extension permits
        the additional value of zero. The meaning of the value
        zero is object-specific and must therefore be defined as
        part of the description of any object which uses this
        syntax. Examples of the usage of zero might include
        situations where a virtual machine is unknown, or when
        none or all virtual machines need to be referenced."
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..2147483647)

VirtualMachineAdminState ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The administrative state of a virtual machine:

        running(1)    The administrative state of the virtual
                        machine indicating the virtual machine
                        is currently online or should be brought
                        online.
```

- suspended(2) The administrative state of the virtual machine where its memory and CPU execution state has been saved to persistent store and will be restored at next running(1).
- paused(3) The administrative state indicating the virtual machine is resident in memory but is no longer scheduled to execute by the hypervisor.
- shutdown(4) The administrative state of the virtual machine indicating the virtual machine is currently offline or should be taken shutting down.
- destroy(5) The administrative state of the virtual machine indicating the virtual machine should be forcibly shutdown. After the destroy operation, the administrative state should be automatically changed to shutdown(4)."

```
SYNTAX      INTEGER {  
              running(1),  
              suspend(2),  
              pause(3),  
              shutdown(4),  
              destroy(5)  
            }
```

VirtualMachineOperState ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The operational state of a virtual machine:

- unknown(1) The operational state of the virtual machine is unknown, e.g., because the implementation failed to obtain the state from the hypervisor.
- other(2) The operational state of the virtual machine indicating that an operational state is obtained from the hypervisor but it is not a state defined in this MIB module.
- preparing(3) The operational state of the virtual machine indicating the virtual machine is currently in the process of preparation,

e.g., allocating and initializing virtual storage after creating (defining) virtual machine.

- running(4)      The operational state of the virtual machine indicating the virtual machine is currently executed but it is not in the process of preparing(3), suspending(6), resuming(8), migrating(10), and shuttingdown(11).
- blocked(5)      The operational state of the virtual machine indicating the execution of the virtual machine is currently blocked, e.g., waiting for some action of the hypervisor to finish. This is a transient state from/to other states.
- suspending(6)   The operational state of the virtual machine indicating the virtual machine is currently in the process of suspending to save its memory and CPU execution state to persistent store. This is a transient state from running(4) to suspended(7).
- suspended(7)    The operational state of the virtual machine indicating the virtual machine is currently suspended, which means the memory and CPU execution state of the virtual machine are saved to persistent store. During this state, the virtual machine is not scheduled to execute by the hypervisor.
- resuming(8)     The operational state of the virtual machine indicating the virtual machine is currently in the process of resuming to restore its memory and CPU execution state from persistent store. This is a transient state from suspended(7) to running(4).
- paused(9)       The operational state of the virtual machine indicating the virtual machine is resident in memory but no longer scheduled to execute by the hypervisor.

migrating(10) The operational state of the virtual machine indicating the virtual machine is currently in the process of migration from/to another hypervisor.

shuttingdown(11)  
The operational state of the virtual machine indicating the virtual machine is currently in the process of shutting down. This is a transient state from running(4) to shutdown(12).

shutdown(12) The operational state of the virtual machine indicating the virtual machine is down, and CPU execution is no longer scheduled by the hypervisor and its memory is not resident in the hypervisor.

crashed(13) The operational state of the virtual machine indicating the virtual machine has crashed."

```
SYNTAX      INTEGER {
                unknown(1),
                other(2),
                preparing(3),
                running(4),
                blocked(5),
                suspending(6),
                suspended(7),
                resuming(8),
                paused(9),
                migrating(10),
                shuttingdown(11),
                shutdown(12),
                crashed(13)
            }
```

VirtualMachineAutoStart ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The autostart configuration of a virtual machine:

unknown(1) The autostart configuration is unknown, e.g., because the implementation failed to obtain the autostart configuration from the hypervisor.

enable(2) The autostart configuration of the



virtual machine is enabled. The virtual machine should be automatically brought online at the next re-initialization of the hypervisor.

disable(3) The autostart configuration of the virtual machine is disabled. The virtual machine should not be automatically brought online at the next re-initialization of the hypervisor."

SYNTAX INTEGER {  
    unknown(1),  
    enable(2),  
    disable(3)  
}

VirtualMachinePersistent ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This value indicates whether a virtual machine has a persistent configuration which means the virtual machine will still exist after shutting down:

unknown(1) The persistent configuration is unknown, e.g., because the implementation failed to obtain the persistent configuration from the hypervisor. (read-only)

persistent(2) The virtual machine is persistent, i.e., the virtual machine will exist after its shutting down.

transient(3) The virtual machine is transient, i.e., the virtual machine will not exist after its shutting down."

SYNTAX INTEGER {  
    unknown(1),  
    persistent(2),  
    transient(3)  
}

VirtualMachineCpuIndex ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

DISPLAY-HINT "d"

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A unique value for each virtual machine, greater than zero, identifying a virtual CPU assigned to a virtual machine. The value for each virtual CPU must remain

constant at least from one re-initialization of the  
hypervisor to the next re-initialization."

SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)

VirtualMachineStorageIndex ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

DISPLAY-HINT "d"

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A unique value for each virtual machine, greater than  
zero, identifying a virtual storage device allocated to  
a virtual machine. The value for each virtual storage  
device must remain constant at least from one  
re-initialization of the hypervisor to the next  
re-initialization."

SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)

VirtualMachineStorageSourceType ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The source type of a virtual storage device:

unknown(1) The source type is unknown, e.g., because  
the implementation failed to obtain the  
media type from the hypervisor.

other(2) The source type is other than those  
defined in this conversion.

block(3) The source type is a block device.

raw(4) The source type is a raw-formatted file.

sparse(5) The source type is a sparse file.

network(6) The source type is a network device."

SYNTAX INTEGER {  
    unknown(1),  
    other(2),  
    block(3),  
    raw(4),  
    sparse(5),  
    network(6)  
}

VirtualMachineStorageAccess ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The access permission of a virtual storage:

```

        readwrite(1)    The virtual storage is a read-write
                        device.

        readonly(2)     The virtual storage is a read-only
                        device."
SYNTAX      INTEGER {
                    readwrite(1),
                    readonly(2)
                }

VirtualMachineStorageMediaType ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "The media type of a virtual storage device:

        unknown(1)      The media type is unknown, e.g., because
                        the implementation failed to obtain the
                        media type from the hypervisor.

        other(2)        The media type is other than those
                        defined in this conversion.

        hardDisk(3)     The media type is hard disk.

        opticalDisk(4)  The media type is optical disk."
SYNTAX      INTEGER {
                    other(1),
                    unknown(2),
                    hardDisk(3),
                    opticalDisk(4)
                }

VirtualMachineNetworkIndex ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
DISPLAY-HINT "d"
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "A unique value for each virtual machine, greater than
    zero, identifying a virtual network interface allocated
    to the virtual machine.  The value for each virtual
    network interface must remain constant at least from one
    re-initialization of the hypervisor to the next
    re-initialization."
SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..2147483647)

VirtualMachineList ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
DISPLAY-HINT "lx"
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION

```

"Each octet within this value specifies a set of eight virtual machine vmIndex, with the first octet specifying virtual machine 1 through 8, the second octet specifying virtual machine 9 through 16, etc. Within each octet, the most significant bit represents the lowest numbered vmIndex, and the least significant bit represents the highest numbered vmIndex. Thus, each virtual machine of the host is represented by a single bit within the value of this object. If that bit has a value of '1', then that virtual machine is included in the set of virtual machines; the virtual machine is not included if its bit has a value of '0'."

SYNTAX OCTET STRING

-- The hypervisor group

--

-- A collection of objects common to all hypervisors.

--

vmHypervisor OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vmObjects 1 }

vmHvSoftware OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..255))

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A textual description of the hypervisor software. This value should not include its version, and it should be included in 'vmHvVersion'."

::= { vmHypervisor 1 }

vmHvVersion OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..255))

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A textual description of the version of the hypervisor software."

::= { vmHypervisor 2 }

vmHvObjectID OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The vendor's authoritative identification of the hypervisor software contained in the entity. This value is allocated within the SMI enterprises subtree (1.3.6.1.4.1). Note that this is different from

```
        sysObjectID in the SNMPv2-MIB [RFC3418] because
        sysObjectID is not the identification of the hypervisor
        software but the device, firmware, or management
        operating system."
 ::= { vmHypervisor 3 }

vmHvUpTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      TimeTicks
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The time (in centi-seconds) since the hypervisor was
        last re-initialized. Note that this is different from
        sysUpTime in the SNMPv2-MIB [RFC3418] and hrSystemUptime
        in the HOST-RESOURCES-MIB [RFC2790] because sysUpTime is
        the uptime of the network management portion of the
        system, and hrSystemUptime is the uptime of the
        management operating system but not the hypervisor
        software."
 ::= { vmHypervisor 4 }

-- The virtual machine information
--
-- A collection of objects common to all virtual machines.
--
vmNumber OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The number of virtual machines (regardless of their
        current state) present on this hypervisor."
 ::= { vmObjects 2 }

vmTableLastChange OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      TimeTicks
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The value of vmHvUpTime at the time of the last creation
        or deletion of an entry in the vmTable."
 ::= { vmObjects 3 }

vmTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF VmEntry
    MAX-ACCESS   not-accessible
    STATUS      current
```

## DESCRIPTION

"A list of virtual machine entries. The number of entries is given by the value of vmNumber."

::= { vmObjects 4 }

## vmEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX VmEntry  
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible  
STATUS current

## DESCRIPTION

"An entry containing management information applicable to a particular virtual machine."

INDEX { vmIndex }

::= { vmTable 1 }

## VmEntry ::=

```
SEQUENCE {
    vmIndex          VirtualMachineIndex,
    vmName           SnmpAdminString,
    vmUUID           UUIDorZero,
    vmOSType         SnmpAdminString,
    vmAdminState     VirtualMachineAdminState,
    vmOperState      VirtualMachineOperState,
    vmAutoStart      VirtualMachineAutoStart,
    vmPersistent     VirtualMachinePersistent,
    vmCurCpuNumber  Integer32,
    vmMinCpuNumber   Integer32,
    vmMaxCpuNumber   Integer32,
    vmMemUnit        Integer32,
    vmCurMem        Integer32,
    vmMinMem         Integer32,
    vmMaxMem         Integer32,
    vmUpTime         TimeTicks,
    vmCpuTime        Counter64
}
```

## vmIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX VirtualMachineIndex  
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible  
STATUS current

## DESCRIPTION

"A unique value, greater than zero, identifying the virtual machine. The value assigned to a given virtual machine may not persist across re-initialization of the hypervisor. A command generator must use the vmUUID to identify a given virtual machine of interest."

::= { vmEntry 1 }

## vmName OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..255))  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"A textual name of the virtual machine."  
::= { vmEntry 2 }

## vmUUID OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX UUIDorZero  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"The virtual machine's 128-bit UUID or the zero-length string when a UUID is not available. The UUID if set must uniquely identify a virtual machine from all other virtual machines in an administrative region. A zero-length octet string is returned if no UUID information is known."  
::= { vmEntry 3 }

## vmOSType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..255))  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"A textual description containing operating system information installed on the virtual machine. This value corresponds to the operating system the hypervisor assumes to be running when the virtual machine is started. This may differ from the actual operating system in case the virtual machine boots into a different operating system."  
::= { vmEntry 4 }

## vmAdminState OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX VirtualMachineAdminState  
MAX-ACCESS read-write  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
"The administrative power state of the virtual machine. Note that a virtual machine is supposed to be resumed when vmAdminState of the virtual machine is changed from suspended(2) or paused(3) to running(1)."  
::= { vmEntry 5 }

## vmOperState OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX VirtualMachineOperState

```
MAX-ACCESS      read-only
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    "The operational state of the virtual machine."
 ::= { vmEntry 6 }

vmAutoStart OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          VirtualMachineAutoStart
MAX-ACCESS      read-only
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    "The autostart configuration of the virtual machine.  If
     this value is enable(2), the virtual machine
     automatically starts at the next initialization of the
     hypervisor."
 ::= { vmEntry 7 }

vmPersistent OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          VirtualMachinePersistent
MAX-ACCESS      read-only
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    "This value indicates whether the virtual machine has a
     persistent configuration which means the virtual machine
     will still exist after its shutdown."
 ::= { vmEntry 8 }

vmCurCpuNumber OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          Integer32 (0..2147483647)
MAX-ACCESS      read-write
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    "The number of virtual CPUs currently assigned to the
     virtual machine.  Changes to this object MUST NOT
     persist across re-initialization of the hypervisor."
 ::= { vmEntry 9 }

vmMinCpuNumber OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          Integer32 (-1|0..2147483647)
MAX-ACCESS      read-write
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    "The minimum number of virtual CPUs that are assigned to
     the virtual machine when it is in a power-on state.  The
     value -1 indicates that there is no hard boundary for
     the minimum number of virtual CPUs.  Changes to this
     object MUST NOT persist across re-initialization of the
     hypervisor."
```



```
::= { vmEntry 10 }

vmMaxCpuNumber OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (-1|0..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS   read-write
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The maximum number of virtual CPUs that are assigned to
        the virtual machine when it is in a power-on state.  The
        value -1 indicates that there is no limit.  Changes to
        this object MUST NOT persist across re-initialization of
        the hypervisor."
    ::= { vmEntry 11 }

vmMemUnit OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The multiplication unit for vmCurMem, vmMinMem, and
        vmMaxMem.  For example, when this value is 1024, the
        memory size unit for vmCurMem, vmMinMem, and vmMaxMem is
        KiB."
    ::= { vmEntry 12 }

vmCurMem OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS   read-write
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The current memory size currently allocated to the
        virtual memory module in the unit designated by
        vmMemUnit.  Changes to this object MUST NOT persist
        across re-initialization of the hypervisor."
    ::= { vmEntry 13 }

vmMinMem OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (-1|0..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS   read-write
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The minimum memory size defined to the virtual machine
        in the unit designated by vmMemUnit.  The value -1
        indicates that there is no hard boundary for the minimum
        memory size.  Changes to this object MUST NOT persist
        across re-initialization of the hypervisor."
    ::= { vmEntry 14 }
```

## vmMaxMem OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (-1|0..2147483647)  
 MAX-ACCESS read-write  
 STATUS current  
 DESCRIPTION  
 "The maximum memory size defined to the virtual machine  
 in the unit designated by vmMemUnit. The value -1  
 indicates that there is no limit. Changes to this  
 object MUST NOT persist across re-initialization of the  
 hypervisor."  
 ::= { vmEntry 15 }

## vmUpTime OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TimeTicks  
 MAX-ACCESS read-only  
 STATUS current  
 DESCRIPTION  
 "The time (in centi-seconds) since the administrative  
 state of the virtual machine was last changed from  
 shutdown(4) to running(1)."  
 ::= { vmEntry 16 }

## vmCpuTime OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64  
 UNITS "microsecond"  
 MAX-ACCESS read-only  
 STATUS current  
 DESCRIPTION  
 "The total CPU time used in microsecond. If the number  
 of virtual CPUs is larger than 1, vmCpuTime may exceed  
 real time.  
  
 Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur  
 at re-initialization of the hypervisor, and  
 administrative state (vmAdminState) changes of the  
 virtual machine."  
 ::= { vmEntry 17 }

-- The virtual CPU on each virtual machines

## vmCpuTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF VmCpuEntry  
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible  
 STATUS current  
 DESCRIPTION  
 "The table of virtual CPUs provided by the hypervisor."  
 ::= { vmObjects 5 }

```

vmCpuEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      VmCpuEntry
    MAX-ACCESS   not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An entry for one virtual processor assigned to a
        virtual machine."
    INDEX { vmIndex, vmCpuIndex }
    ::= { vmCpuTable 1 }

VmCpuEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        vmCpuIndex          VirtualMachineCpuIndex,
        vmCpuCoreTime       Counter64
    }

vmCpuIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      VirtualMachineCpuIndex
    MAX-ACCESS   not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A unique value identifying a virtual CPU assigned to
        the virtual machine."
    ::= { vmCpuEntry 1 }

vmCpuCoreTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter64
    UNITS       "microsecond"
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total CPU time used by this virtual CPU in
        microsecond.

        Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
        at re-initialization of the hypervisor, and
        administrative state (vmAdminState) changes of the
        virtual machine."
    ::= { vmCpuEntry 2 }

-- The virtual CPU affinity on each virtual machines
vmCpuAffinityTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF VmCpuAffinityEntry
    MAX-ACCESS   not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A list of CPU affinity entries of a virtual CPU."
    ::= { vmObjects 6 }

```

```

vmCpuAffinityEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      VmCpuAffinityEntry
    MAX-ACCESS   not-accessible
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An entry containing CPU affinity associated with a
        particular virtual machine."
    INDEX        { vmIndex, vmCpuIndex, vmCpuPhysIndex }
    ::= { vmCpuAffinityTable 1 }

VmCpuAffinityEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        vmCpuPhysIndex      Integer32,
        vmCpuAffinity        Integer32
    }

vmCpuPhysIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS   not-accessible
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A value identifying a physical CPU on the hypervisor.
        On systems implementing the HOST-RESOURCES-MIB, the
        value must be the same value that is used as the index
        in the hrProcessorTable (hrDeviceIndex)."
    ::= { vmCpuAffinityEntry 2 }

vmCpuAffinity OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      INTEGER {
                    unknown(0),    -- unknown
                    enable(1),     -- enabled
                    disable(2)     -- disabled
                }
    MAX-ACCESS   read-write
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The CPU affinity of this virtual CPU to the physical
        CPU represented by 'vmCpuPhysIndex'."
    ::= { vmCpuAffinityEntry 3 }

-- The virtual storage devices on each virtual machine. This
-- document defines some overlapped objects with hrStorage in
-- HOST-RESOURCES-MIB [RFC2790], because virtual resources shall be
-- allocated from the hypervisor's resources, which is the 'host
-- resources'
vmStorageTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF VmStorageEntry

```

```

MAX-ACCESS    not-accessible
STATUS        current
DESCRIPTION
    "The conceptual table of virtual storage devices
    attached to the virtual machine."
 ::= { vmObjects 7 }

```

```

vmStorageEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      VmStorageEntry
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An entry for one virtual storage device attached to the
        virtual machine."
    INDEX { vmStorageVmIndex, vmStorageIndex }
    ::= { vmStorageTable 1 }

```

```

VmStorageEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        vmStorageVmIndex      VirtualMachineIndexOrZero,
        vmStorageIndex        VirtualMachineStorageIndex,
        vmStorageParent        Integer32,
        vmStorageSourceType    VirtualMachineStorageSourceType,
        vmStorageSourceTypeString
                               SnmpAdminString,
        vmStorageResourceID    SnmpAdminString,
        vmStorageAccess        VirtualMachineStorageAccess,
        vmStorageMediaType     VirtualMachineStorageMediaType,
        vmStorageMediaTypeString
                               SnmpAdminString,
        vmStorageSizeUnit      Integer32,
        vmStorageDefinedSize   Integer32,
        vmStorageAllocatedSize Integer32,
        vmStorageReadIOs       Counter64,
        vmStorageWriteIOs      Counter64
    }

```

```

vmStorageVmIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      VirtualMachineIndexOrZero
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This value identifies the virtual machine (guest) this
        storage device has been allocated to. The value zero
        indicates that the storage device is currently not
        allocated to any virtual machines."
    ::= { vmStorageEntry 1 }

```

vmStorageIndex OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX VirtualMachineStorageIndex  
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
    "A unique value identifying a virtual storage device  
    allocated to the virtual machine."  
 ::= { vmStorageEntry 2 }

vmStorageParent OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX Integer32 (0..2147483647)  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
    "The value of hrStorageIndex which is the parent (i.e.,  
    physical) device of this virtual device on systems  
    implementing the HOST-RESOURCES-MIB. The value zero  
    denotes this virtual device is not any child represented  
    in the hrStorageTable."  
 ::= { vmStorageEntry 3 }

vmStorageSourceType OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX VirtualMachineStorageSourceType  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
    "The source type of the virtual storage device."  
 ::= { vmStorageEntry 4 }

vmStorageSourceTypeString OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..255))  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
    "A (detailed) textual string of the source type of the  
    virtual storage device. For example, this represents  
    the specific format name of the sparse file."  
 ::= { vmStorageEntry 5 }

vmStorageResourceID OBJECT-TYPE  
SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..255))  
MAX-ACCESS read-only  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
    "A textual string that represents the resource  
    identifier of the virtual storage. For example, this  
    contains the path to the disk image file that  
    corresponds to the virtual storage."

```
 ::= { vmStorageEntry 6 }

vmStorageAccess OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      VirtualMachineStorageAccess
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The access permission of the virtual storage device."
    ::= { vmStorageEntry 7 }

vmStorageMediaType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      VirtualMachineStorageMediaType
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The media type of the virtual storage device."
    ::= { vmStorageEntry 8 }

vmStorageMediaTypeString OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..255))
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A (detailed) textual string of the virtual storage
        media. For example, this represents the specific driver
        name of the emulated media such as 'IDE' and 'SCSI'."
    ::= { vmStorageEntry 9 }

vmStorageSizeUnit OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The multiplication unit for vmStorageDefinedSize and
        vmStorageAllocatedSize. For example, when this value is
        1048576, the storage size unit for vmStorageDefinedSize
        and vmStorageAllocatedSize is MiB."
    ::= { vmStorageEntry 10 }

vmStorageDefinedSize OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (-1|0..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The defined virtual storage size defined in the unit
        designated by vmStorageSizeUnit. If this information is
        not available, this value shall be -1."
    ::= { vmStorageEntry 11 }
```

```
vmStorageAllocatedSize OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (-1|0..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The storage size allocated to the virtual storage from
        a physical storage in the unit designated by
        vmStorageSizeUnit. When the virtual storage is block
        device or raw file, this value and vmStorageDefinedSize
        are supposed to equal. This value MUST NOT be different
        from vmStorageDefinedSize when vmStorageSourceType is
        'block' or 'raw'. If this information is not available,
        this value shall be -1."
    ::= { vmStorageEntry 12 }

vmStorageReadIOs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The number of read I/O requests.

        Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
        at re-initialization of the hypervisor, and
        administrative state (vmAdminState) changes of the
        virtual machine."
    ::= { vmStorageEntry 13 }

vmStorageWriteIOs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The number of write I/O requests.

        Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur
        at re-initialization of the hypervisor, and
        administrative state (vmAdminState) changes of the
        virtual machine."
    ::= { vmStorageEntry 14 }

-- The virtual network interfaces on each virtual machine.
vmNetworkTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF VmNetworkEntry
    MAX-ACCESS   not-accessible
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The conceptual table of virtual network interfaces
```



```

        attached to the virtual machine."
 ::= { vmObjects 8 }

vmNetworkEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      VmNetworkEntry
    MAX-ACCESS   not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An entry for one virtual network interfaces attached to
        the virtual machine."
    INDEX { vmIndex, vmNetworkIndex }
    ::= { vmNetworkTable 1 }

VmNetworkEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        vmNetworkIndex      VirtualMachineNetworkIndex,
        vmNetworkIfIndex    InterfaceIndexOrZero,
        vmNetworkParent     InterfaceIndexOrZero,
        vmNetworkModel      SnmpAdminString,
        vmNetworkPhysAddress PhysAddress
    }

vmNetworkIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      VirtualMachineNetworkIndex
    MAX-ACCESS   not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A unique value identifying a virtual network interface
        allocated to the virtual machine."
    ::= { vmNetworkEntry 1 }

vmNetworkIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      InterfaceIndexOrZero
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The value of ifIndex which corresponds to this virtual
        network interface.  If this device is not represented in
        the ifTable, then this value shall be zero."
    ::= { vmNetworkEntry 2 }

vmNetworkParent OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      InterfaceIndexOrZero
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The value of ifIndex which corresponds to the parent
        (i.e., physical) device of this virtual device on.  The

```

```
        value zero denotes this virtual device is not any child
        represented in the ifTable."
 ::= { vmNetworkEntry 3 }

vmNetworkModel OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..255))
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A textual string containing the (emulated) model of
        virtual network interface. For example, this value is
        'virtio' when the emulation driver model is virtio."
 ::= { vmNetworkEntry 4 }

vmNetworkPhysAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      PhysAddress
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The MAC address of the virtual network interface."
 ::= { vmNetworkEntry 5 }

-- Notification definitions:

vmPerVMNotificationsEnabled OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS   read-write
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Indicates if notification generator will send
        notifications per virtual machine."
 ::= { vmObjects 9 }

vmBulkNotificationsEnabled OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS   read-write
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Indicates if notification generator will send
        notifications per set of virtual machines."
 ::= { vmObjects 10 }

vmAffectedVMs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      VirtualMachineList
    MAX-ACCESS   accessible-for-notify
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
```

```

        "A complete list of virtual machines whose state has
        changed. This object is the only object sent with bulk
        notifications."
 ::= { vmObjects 11 }

vmRunning NOTIFICATION-TYPE
OBJECTS
    {
        vmName,
        vmUUID,
        vmOperState
    }
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This notification is generated when the operational
    state of a virtual machine has been changed to
    running(4) from some other state. The other state is
    indicated by the included value of vmOperState."
 ::= { vmNotifications 1 }

vmShutdown NOTIFICATION-TYPE
OBJECTS
    {
        vmName,
        vmUUID,
        vmOperState
    }
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This notification is generated when the operational
    state of a virtual machine has been changed to
    shutdown(12) from some other state. The other state is
    indicated by the included value of vmOperState."
 ::= { vmNotifications 2 }

vmShuttingdown NOTIFICATION-TYPE
OBJECTS
    {
        vmName,
        vmUUID,
        vmOperState
    }
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This notification is generated when the operational
    state of a virtual machine has been changed to
    shuttingdown(11) from some other state. The other state
    is indicated by the included value of vmOperState."
 ::= { vmNotifications 3 }

vmPaused NOTIFICATION-TYPE
```

```
OBJECTS      {
                vmName,
                vmUUID,
                vmOperState
            }
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This notification is generated when the operational
    state of a virtual machine has been changed to
    paused(9) from some other state.  The other state is
    indicated by the included value of vmOperState."
 ::= { vmNotifications 4 }

vmSuspending NOTIFICATION-TYPE
OBJECTS      {
                vmName,
                vmUUID,
                vmOperState
            }
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This notification is generated when the operational
    state of a virtual machine has been changed to
    suspending(6) from some other state.  The other state is
    indicated by the included value of vmOperState."
 ::= { vmNotifications 5 }

vmSuspended NOTIFICATION-TYPE
OBJECTS      {
                vmName,
                vmUUID,
                vmOperState
            }
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This notification is generated when the operational
    state of a virtual machine has been changed to
    suspended(7) from some other state.  The other state is
    indicated by the included value of vmOperState."
 ::= { vmNotifications 6 }

vmResuming NOTIFICATION-TYPE
OBJECTS      {
                vmName,
                vmUUID,
                vmOperState
            }
STATUS      current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
    "This notification is generated when the operational
    state of a virtual machine has been changed to
    resuming(8) from some other state. The other state is
    indicated by the included value of vmOperState."
 ::= { vmNotifications 7 }

vmMigrating NOTIFICATION-TYPE
OBJECTS
    {
        vmName,
        vmUUID,
        vmOperState
    }
STATUS
    current
DESCRIPTION
    "This notification is generated when the operational
    state of a virtual machine has been changed to
    migrating(10) from some other state. The other state is
    indicated by the included value of vmOperState."
 ::= { vmNotifications 8 }

vmCrashed NOTIFICATION-TYPE
OBJECTS
    {
        vmName,
        vmUUID,
        vmOperState
    }
STATUS
    current
DESCRIPTION
    "This notification is generated when a virtual machine
    has been crashed. The previos state of the virtual
    machine is indicated by the included value of
    vmOperState."
 ::= { vmNotifications 9 }

vmBlocked NOTIFICATION-TYPE
OBJECTS
    {
        vmName,
        vmUUID,
        vmOperState
    }
STATUS
    current
DESCRIPTION
    "This notification is generated when the operational
    state of a virtual machine has been changed to
    blocked(5). The previos state of the virtual machine is
    indicated by the included value of vmOperState."
 ::= { vmNotifications 10 }
```

```
vmDeleted NOTIFICATION-TYPE
  OBJECTS      {
                  vmName,
                  vmUUID,
                  vmOperState,
                  vmPersistent
                }
  STATUS        current
  DESCRIPTION   "This notification is generated when a virtual machine
                  has been deleted. The prior state of the virtual
                  machine is indicated by the included value of
                  vmOperState."
  ::= { vmNotifications 11 }

vmBulkRunning NOTIFICATION-TYPE
  OBJECTS      {
                  vmAffectedVMs
                }
  STATUS        current
  DESCRIPTION   "This notification is generated when the operational
                  state of one or more virtual machine has been changed to
                  running(4) from a all prior states except for
                  running(4). Management stations are encouraged to
                  subsequently poll the subset of virtual machines of
                  interest for vmOperState."
  ::= { vmNotifications 12 }

vmBulkShuttingdown NOTIFICATION-TYPE
  OBJECTS      {
                  vmAffectedVMs
                }
  STATUS        current
  DESCRIPTION   "This notification is generated when the operational
                  state of one or more virtual machine has been changed to
                  shuttingdown(11) from a state other than
                  shuttingdown(11). Management stations are encouraged to
                  subsequently poll the subset of virtual machines of
                  interest for vmOperState."
  ::= { vmNotifications 13 }

vmBulkShutdown NOTIFICATION-TYPE
  OBJECTS      {
                  vmAffectedVMs
                }
  STATUS        current
```

## DESCRIPTION

"This notification is generated when the operational state of one or more virtual machine has been changed to shutdown(12) from a state other than shutdown(12). Management stations are encouraged to subsequently poll the subset of virtual machines of interest for vmOperState."

::= { vmNotifications 14 }

## vmBulkPaused NOTIFICATION-TYPE

OBJECTS {  
vmAffectedVMs  
}

STATUS current

## DESCRIPTION

"This notification is generated when the operational state of one or more virtual machines have been changed to paused(9) from a state other than paused(9). Management stations are encouraged to subsequently poll the subset of virtual machines of interest for vmOperState."

::= { vmNotifications 15 }

## vmBulkSuspending NOTIFICATION-TYPE

OBJECTS {  
vmAffectedVMs  
}

STATUS current

## DESCRIPTION

"This notification is generated when the operational state of one or more virtual machines have been changed to suspending(6) from a state other than suspending(6). Management stations are encouraged to subsequently poll the subset of virtual machines of interest for vmOperState."

::= { vmNotifications 16 }

## vmBulkSuspended NOTIFICATION-TYPE

OBJECTS {  
vmAffectedVMs  
}

STATUS current

## DESCRIPTION

"This notification is generated when the operational state of one or more virtual machines have been changed to suspended(7) from a state other than suspended(7). Management stations are encouraged to subsequently poll

```

        the subset of virtual machines of interest for
        vmOperState."
 ::= { vmNotifications 17 }

vmBulkResuming NOTIFICATION-TYPE
OBJECTS      {
                vmAffectedVMs
            }
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This notification is generated when the operational
    state of one or more virtual machines have been changed
    to resuming(8) from a state other than resuming(8).
    Management stations are encouraged to subsequently poll
    the subset of virtual machines of interest for
    vmOperState."
 ::= { vmNotifications 18 }

vmBulkMigrating NOTIFICATION-TYPE
OBJECTS      {
                vmAffectedVMs
            }
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This notification is generated when the operational
    state of one or more virtual machines have been changed
    to migrating(10) from a state other than migrating(10).
    Management stations are encouraged to subsequently poll
    the subset of virtual machines of interest for
    vmOperState."
 ::= { vmNotifications 19 }

vmBulkCrashed NOTIFICATION-TYPE
OBJECTS      {
                vmAffectedVMs
            }
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This notification is generated when one or more virtual
    machines have been crashed. Management stations are
    encouraged to subsequently poll the subset of virtual
    machines of interest for vmOperState."
 ::= { vmNotifications 20 }

vmBulkBlocked NOTIFICATION-TYPE
OBJECTS      {
                vmAffectedVMs
            }
```



```

STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    "This notification is generated when the operational
    state of one or more virtual machines have been changed
    to blocked(5) from a state other than blocked(5).
    Management stations are encouraged to subsequently poll
    the subset of virtual machines of interest for
    vmOperState."
 ::= { vmNotifications 21 }

vmBulkDeleted NOTIFICATION-TYPE
OBJECTS          {
                  vmAffectedVMs
                }
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    "This notification is generated when one or more virtual
    machines have been deleted. Management stations are
    encouraged to subsequently poll the subset of virtual
    machines of interest for vmOperState."
 ::= { vmNotifications 22 }

-- Compliance definitions:
vmGroups          OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vmConformance 1 }
vmCompliances     OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { vmConformance 2 }

vmFullCompliances MODULE-COMPLIANCE
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    "Compliance statement for implementations supporting
    read/write access, according to the object definitions."
MODULE          -- this module
MANDATORY-GROUPS {
    vmHypervisorGroup,
    vmVirtualMachineGroup,
    vmCpuGroup,
    vmCpuAffinityGroup,
    vmStorageGroup,
    vmNetworkGroup
}
GROUP vmPerVMNotificationOptionalGroup
DESCRIPTION
    "Support for per-VM notifications is optional. If not
    implemented then vmPerVMNotificationsEnabled must report
    false(2)."
```

```

GROUP vmBulkNotificationsVariablesGroup
DESCRIPTION
    "Necessary only if vmPerVMNotificationOptionalGroup is
```

```
        implemented."
GROUP    vmBulkNotificationOptionalGroup
DESCRIPTION
    "Support for bulk notifications is optional.  If not
    implemented then vmBulkNotificationsEnabled must report
    false(2)."
```

::= { vmCompliances 1 }

```
vmReadOnlyCompliances MODULE-COMPLIANCE
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "Compliance statement for implementations supporting
    only readonly access."
MODULE      -- this module
MANDATORY-GROUPS {
    vmHypervisorGroup,
    vmVirtualMachineGroup,
    vmCpuGroup,
    vmCpuAffinityGroup,
    vmStorageGroup,
    vmNetworkGroup
}

OBJECT vmAdminState
MIN-ACCESS    read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT vmCurCpuNumber
MIN-ACCESS    read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT vmMinCpuNumber
MIN-ACCESS    read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT vmMaxCpuNumber
MIN-ACCESS    read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT vmCurMem
MIN-ACCESS    read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
```

```
OBJECT vmMinMem
MIN-ACCESS    read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT vmMaxMem
MIN-ACCESS    read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT vmCpuAffinity
MIN-ACCESS    read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT vmPerVMNotificationsEnabled
MIN-ACCESS    read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT vmBulkNotificationsEnabled
MIN-ACCESS    read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
::= { vmCompliances 2 }

vmHypervisorGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS {
    vmHvSoftware,
    vmHvVersion,
    vmHvObjectID,
    vmHvUpTime,
    vmNumber,
    vmTableLastChange,
    vmPerVMNotificationsEnabled,
    vmBulkNotificationsEnabled
}
STATUS        current
DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects providing insight into the
    hypervisor itself."
::= { vmGroups 1 }

vmVirtualMachineGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS {
    -- vmIndex
    vmName,
    vmUUID,
```

```
        vmOSType,
        vmAdminState,
        vmOperState,
        vmAutoStart,
        vmPersistent,
        vmCurCpuNumber,
        vmMinCpuNumber,
        vmMaxCpuNumber,
        vmMemUnit,
        vmCurMem,
        vmMinMem,
        vmMaxMem,
        vmUpTime,
        vmCpuTime
    }
    STATUS          current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A collection of objects providing insight into the
        virtual machines) controlled by a hypervisor."
    ::= { vmGroups 2 }

vmCpuGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        -- vmCpuIndex,
        vmCpuCoreTime
    }
    STATUS          current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A collection of objects providing insight into the
        virtual machines) controlled by a hypervisor."
    ::= { vmGroups 3 }

vmCpuAffinityGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        -- vmCpuPhysIndex,
        vmCpuAffinity
    }
    STATUS          current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A collection of objects providing insight into the
        virtual machines) controlled by a hypervisor."
    ::= { vmGroups 4 }

vmStorageGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        -- vmStorageVmIndex,
        -- vmStorageIndex,
        vmStorageParent,
```

```
        vmStorageSourceType,
        vmStorageSourceTypeString,
        vmStorageResourceID,
        vmStorageAccess,
        vmStorageMediaType,
        vmStorageMediaTypeString,
        vmStorageSizeUnit,
        vmStorageDefinedSize,
        vmStorageAllocatedSize,
        vmStorageReadIOs,
        vmStorageWriteIOs
    }
    STATUS          current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A collection of objects providing insight into the
        virtual storage devices controlled by a hypervisor."
    ::= { vmGroups 5 }

vmNetworkGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        -- vmNetworkIndex,
        vmNetworkIfIndex,
        vmNetworkParent,
        vmNetworkModel,
        vmNetworkPhysAddress
    }
    STATUS          current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A collection of objects providing insight into the
        virtual network interfaces controlled by a hypervisor."
    ::= { vmGroups 6 }

vmPerVMNotificationOptionalGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
    NOTIFICATIONS {
        vmRunning,
        vmShuttingdown,
        vmShutdown,
        vmPaused,
        vmSuspending,
        vmSuspended,
        vmResuming,
        vmMigrating,
        vmCrashed,
        vmBlocked,
        vmDeleted
    }
    STATUS          current
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
        "A collection of notifications for per-VM notification
        of changes to virtual machine state (vmOperState) as
        reported by a hypervisor."
 ::= { vmGroups 7 }

vmBulkNotificationsVariablesGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS {
    vmAffectedVMs
  }
  STATUS      current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The variables used in vmBulkNotificationOptionalGroup
    virtual network interfaces controlled by a hypervisor."
 ::= { vmGroups 8 }

vmBulkNotificationOptionalGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
  NOTIFICATIONS {
    vmBulkRunning,
    vmBulkShuttingdown,
    vmBulkShutdown,
    vmBulkPaused,
    vmBulkSuspending,
    vmBulkSuspended,
    vmBulkResuming,
    vmBulkMigrating,
    vmBulkCrashed,
    vmBulkBlocked,
    vmBulkDeleted
  }
  STATUS      current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of notifications for bulk notification of
    changes to virtual machine state (vmOperState) as
    reported by a given hypervisor."
 ::= { vmGroups 9 }

END
```

#### 4. IANA Considerations

The MIB module in this document uses the following IANA-assigned OBJECT IDENTIFIER values recorded in the SMI Numbers registry:

Descriptor	OBJECT IDENTIFIER value
-----	-----
vmMIB	{ mib-2 TBD }

## 5. Security Considerations

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB that have a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on hypervisor and virtual machine operations.

There are a number of managed objects in this MIB that may contain sensitive information. The objects in the `vmHvSoftware` and `vmHvVersion` list information about the hypervisor's software and version. Some may wish not to disclose to others which software they are running. Further, an inventory of the running software and versions may be helpful to an attacker who hopes to exploit software bugs in certain applications. Moreover, the objects in the `vmTable`, `vmCpuTable`, `vmCpuAffinityTable`, `vmStorageTable` and `vmNetworkTable` list information about the virtual machines and their virtual resource allocation. Some may wish not to disclose to others how many and what virtual machines they are operating.

It is thus important to control even GET access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these object when sending them over the network via SNMP. Not all versions of SNMP provide features for such a secure environment.

It is recommended that attention be specifically given to implementing the MAX-ACCESS clause in a number of objects, including `vmAdminState`, `vmMinCpuNumber`, `vmMaxCpuNumber`, `vmMinMem`, `vmMaxMem`, and `vmCpuAffinity` in scenarios that DO NOT use SNMPv3 strong security (i.e. authentication and encryption). Extreme caution must be used to minimize the risk of cascading security vulnerabilities when SNMPv3 strong security is not used. When SNMPv3 strong security is not used, these objects should have access of read-only, not read-create.

SNMPv1 by itself is not a secure environment. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPsec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB.

It is recommended that the implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework. Specifically, the use of the User-based Security Model [RFC3414] and the View-based Access Control Model [RFC3415] is recommended.

It is then a customer/user responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB, is properly



configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

## 6. Acknowledgements

The authors like to thank Joe Marcus Clarke, Randy Presuhn, and David Black for providing helpful comments during the development of this specification.

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## 7. References

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## 7.2. Informative References

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## Appendix A. State Transition Table

State	Action or (Event)	Next state	Notification
suspended	running	resuming	vmResuming   vmBulkResuming
suspending	(suspend operation completed)	suspended	vmSuspended   vmBulkSuspended
running	suspended	suspending	vmSuspending   vmBulkSuspending
	shutdown	shuttingdown	vmShuttingdown   vmBulkShuttingdown
	destroy	shutdown	vmShutdown   vmBulkShutdown
	(migration to other hypervisor initiated)	migrating	vmMigrating   vmBulkMigrating
resuming	(resume operation completed)	running	vmRunning   vmBulkRunning
paused	running	running	vmRunning   vmBulkRunning
shuttingdown	(shutdown operation completed)	shutdown	vmShutdown   vmBulkShutdown
shutdown	running	running	vmRunning   vmBulkRunning
	(if this state entry is created by a migration operation (*))	migrating	vmMigrating   vmBulkMigrating

	(deletion operation completed)	(no state)	vmDeleted   vmBulkDeleted
migrating	(migration from other hypervisor completed)	running	vmRunning   vmBulkRunning
	(migration to other hypervisor completed)	shutdown	vmShutdown   vmBulkShutdown
preparing	(preparation completed)	shutdown	vmShutdown   vmBulkShutdown
blocked	(blocking operation completed)	(previous state)	-
crashed	-	-	-
(any)	(blocking operation initiated)	blocked	vmBlocked   vmBulkBlocked
	(crashed)	crashed	vmCrashed   vmBulkCrashed
(no state)	(preparation initiated)	preparing	-
	(migrate from other hypervisor initiated)	shutdown (*)	vmShutdown   vmBulkShutdown

State transition table

## Authors' Addresses

Hirochika Asai  
The University of Tokyo  
7-3-1 Hongo  
Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-8656  
JP

Phone: +81 3 5841 6748  
Email: panda@hongo.wide.ad.jp

Michael MacFaden  
VMware Inc.

Email: mrm@vmware.com

Juergen Schoenwaelder  
Jacobs University  
Campus Ring 1  
Bremen 28759  
Germany

Email: j.schoenwaelder@jacobs-university.de

Yuji Sekiya  
The University of Tokyo  
2-11-16 Yayoi  
Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-8658  
JP

Email: sekiya@wide.ad.jp

Keiichi Shima  
IIJ Innovation Institute Inc.  
3-13 Kanda-Nishikicho  
Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101-0054  
JP

Email: keiichi@iijlab.net

Tina Tsou  
Huawei Technologies (USA)  
2330 Central Expressway  
Santa Clara CA 95050  
USA

Email: [tina.tsou.zouting@huawei.com](mailto:tina.tsou.zouting@huawei.com)

Cathy Zhou  
Huawei Technologies  
Bantian, Longgang District  
Shenzhen 518129  
P.R. China

Email: [cathyzhou@huawei.com](mailto:cathyzhou@huawei.com)

Hiroshi Esaki  
The University of Tokyo  
7-3-1 Hongo  
Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-8656  
JP

Phone: +81 3 5841 6748  
Email: [hiroshi@wide.ad.jp](mailto:hiroshi@wide.ad.jp)



