

PCEP Extensions for remote-initiated GMPLS LSP Setup

draft-ali-pce-remote-initiated-gmpls-lsp-00.txt

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Outline

- **Scope**
- **Use cases**
- **Requirements**
- **Solution**
- **Next Steps**

Scope

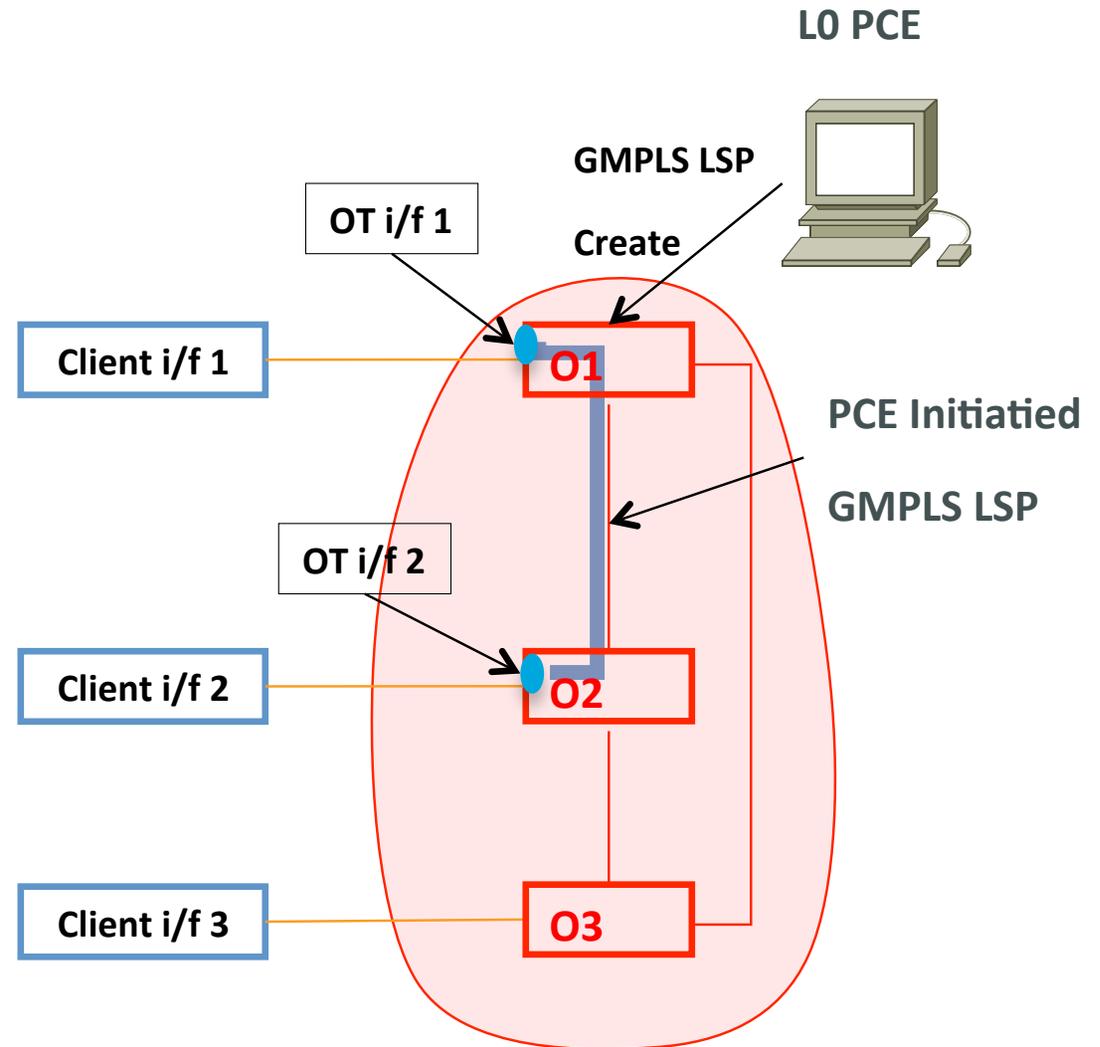
- **PCEP Extensions for PCE-initiated GMPLS LSP Setup in a Stateful PCE Model.**
- **Extends [draft-crabbe-pce-pce-initiated-lsp](#) for GMPLS LSPs and multilayer networks.**
- **When an active stateful PCE is used for managing remote-initiated LSP, the PCC may not be aware of the intended usage of the remote-initiated LSP.**
 - **This draft also addresses the requirement to specify on how PCC should use the PCEP initiated MPLS or GMPLS LSPs.**

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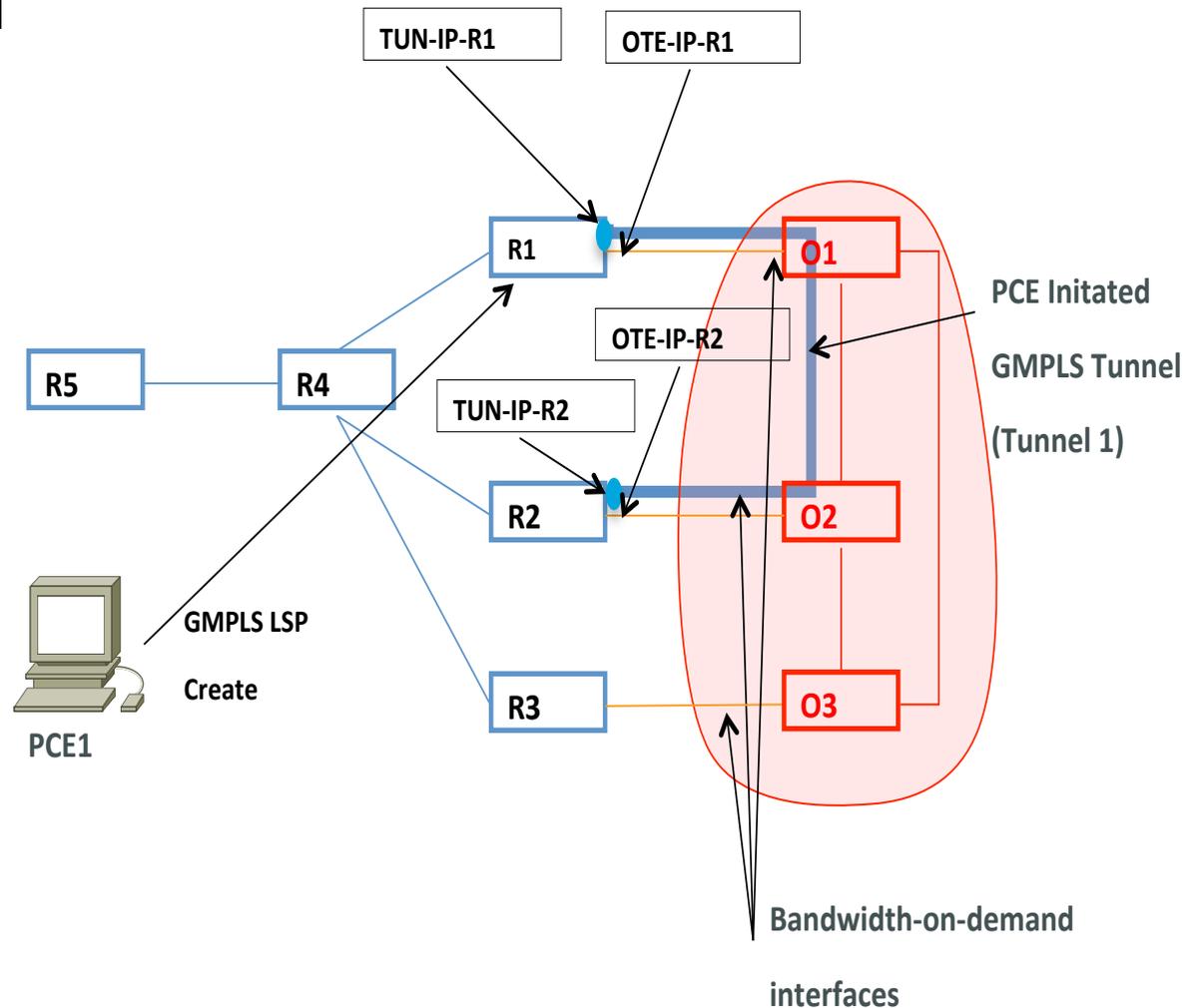
Single-layer provisioning from active stateful PCE

- The active PCE can dynamically create or delete L0 services between client interfaces.
- New connections or reoptimization is controlled by stateful PCE(s).



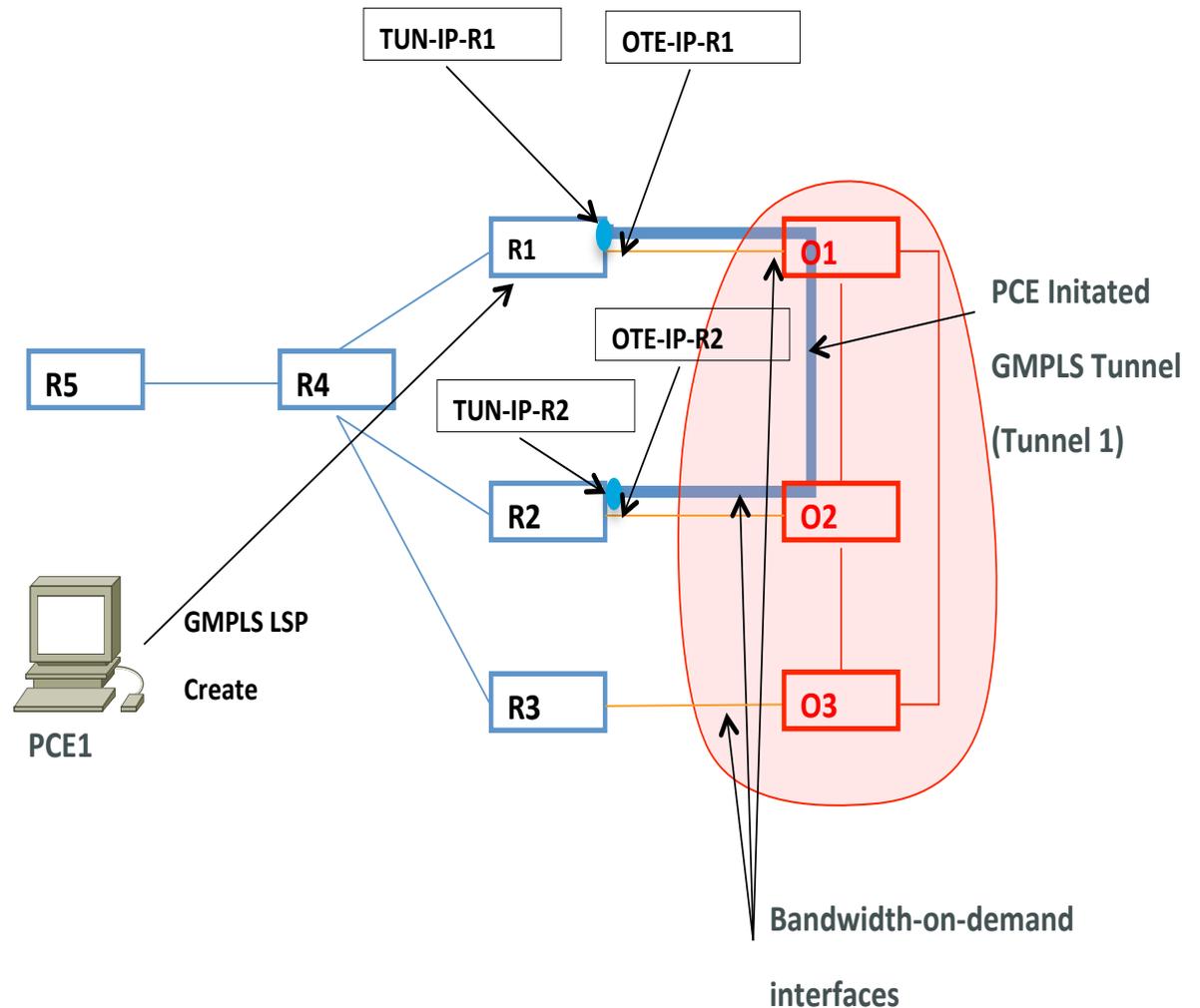
Bandwidth-on-demand for multi-layer networks

- A multilayer stateful PCE(s) establishes L0 circuits based on L3 demands.
- PCE computes the L0 Paths and triggers L0 circuit creation.
- Bandwidth on demand and spare bandwidth is shared.



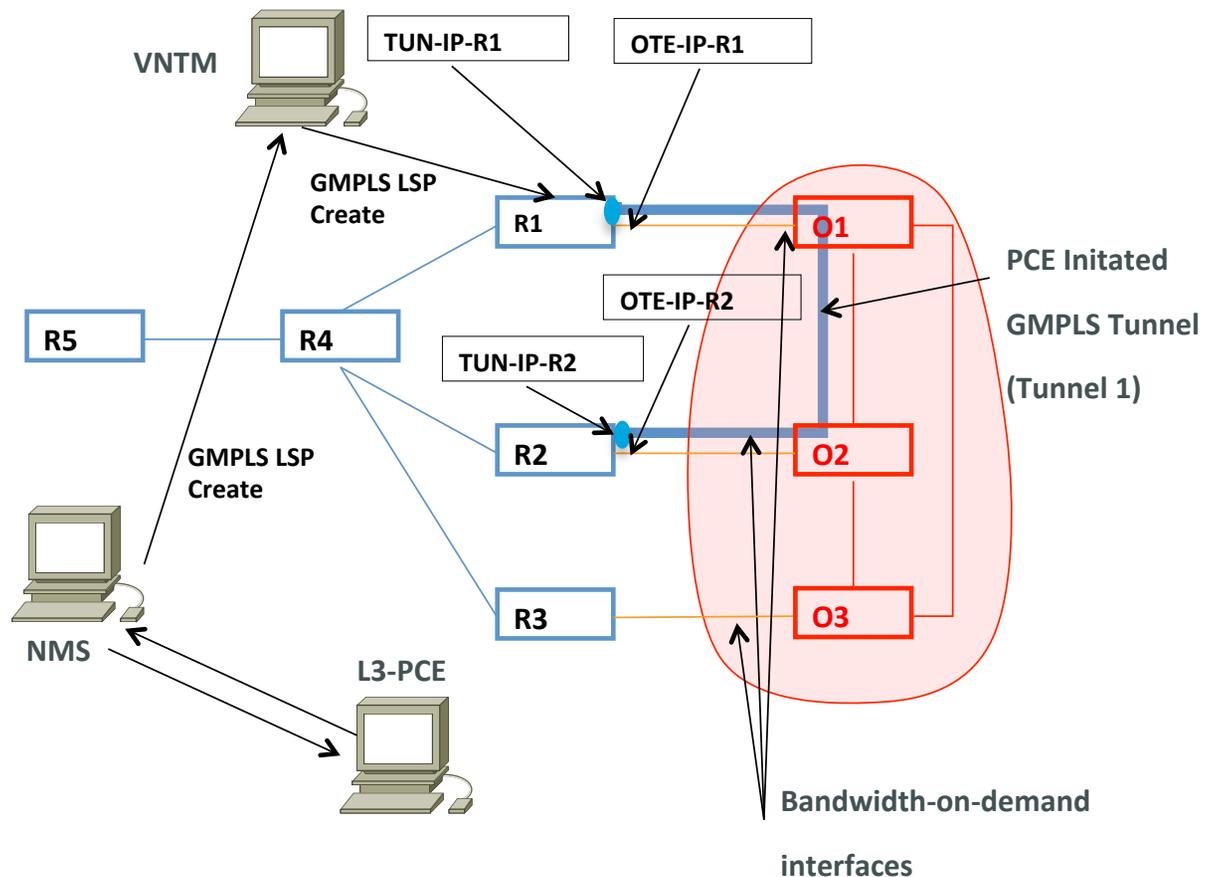
Higher Layer Signaling Trigger

- Similar to the previous use case but in this scenario a L3 PCE is used.
- PCE triggers L0 circuit creation but GMPLS signaling takes care of path computation and establishment of the LSP.



NMS-VNTM cooperation model

- NMS does not have information about all network information, so it consults L3 PCE.
- In case of there is no path in L3; NMS sends a message to the VNTM to create a GMPLS LSP at the lower layer.



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GMPLS Requirements for Remote-Initiated LSPs

- **Support for multiple switching capabilities.**
- **Support for encoding type to be used by the LSP.**
- **Support for G-PID to be carried by the LSP.**
- **Technology specific Traffic Parameters.**
- **Support for Asymmetric Bandwidth.**
- **Support for unnumbered interfaces [RFC3477].**
- **Explicit label control.**
- **GMPLS protection and restoration [RFC4872], [RFC4873], etc.**

Remote Initiated LSP Usage Requirement

- **The target IGP instance for the Remote-initiated LSP.**
- **In the target IGP instance, should the PCE-initiated LSP be advertised as a forwarding adjacency and/ or routing adjacency and/ or to be used locally by the PCC?**
- **If Remote-initiated LSP is to be advertised as an IPv4 FA/ RA, IPv6 FA/ RA, what is the local and remote IP address to be used for the advertisement**

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PCEP Extensions for Remote-Initiated GMPLS LSPs

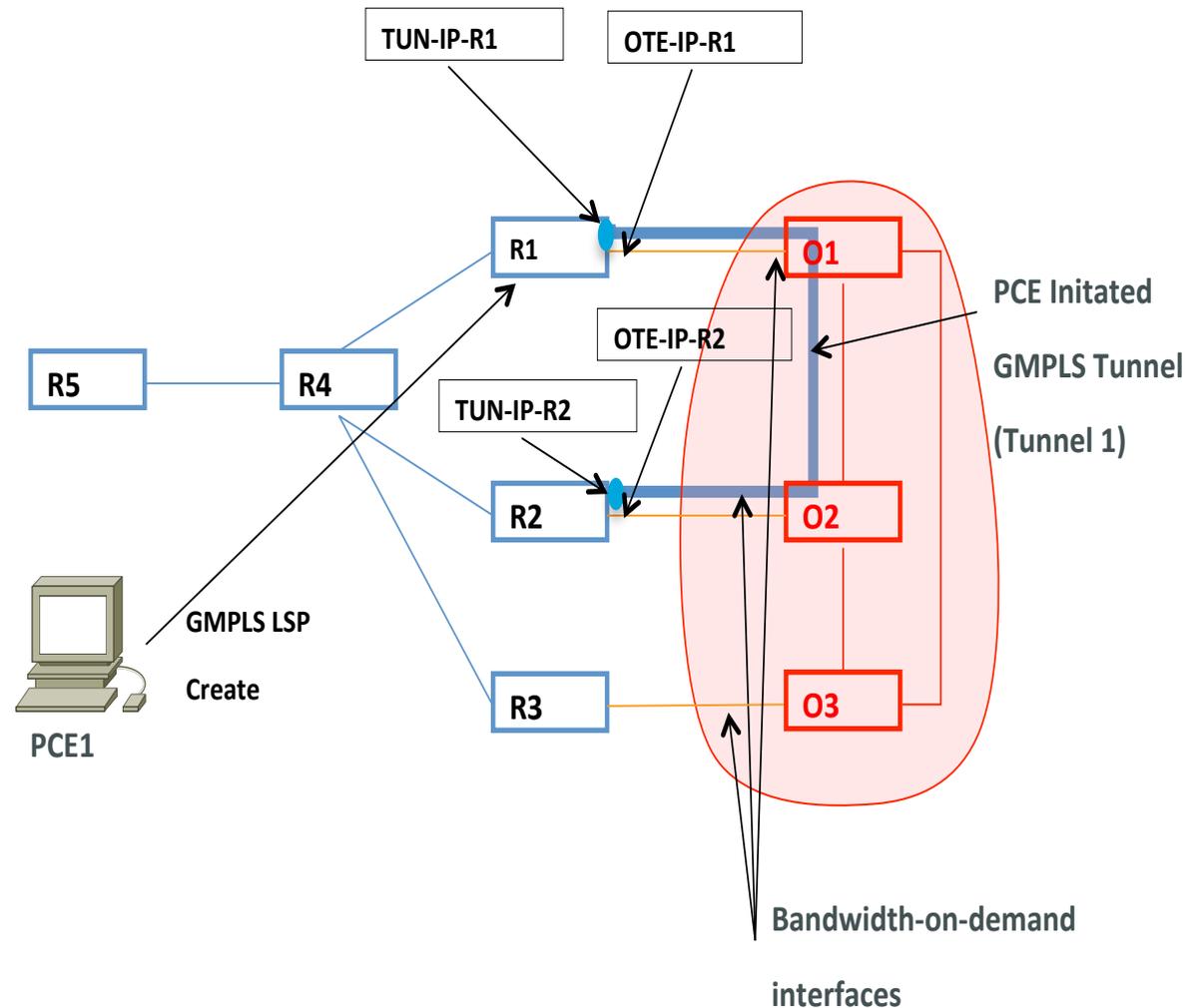
- **LSP create message defined in [I-D. draft-crabbe-pce-pce-initiated-lsp] is extended to include GMPLS specific PCEP objects.**
- **Minor misc. changes to support GMPLS initiated LSPs.**

PCEP extension for PCE Initiated LSP Usage Specification

- **[RFC6107] defines LSP_TUNNEL_INTERFACE_ID Object for communicating usage of the forwarding or routing adjacency from the ingress node to the egress node.**
- **This document extends the LSP Create Message to include LSP_TUNNEL_INTERFACE_ID object defined in [RFC6107].**

Communicating LSP usage to Egress node

- PCE does not need to send LSP Create message to egress node to communicate LSP usage information.
- Instead PCC uses RSVP-TE signaling mechanism specified in [RFC6107] to send the LSP usage to Egress node.



Outline

- **Requirements and Scope**
- **Problem Statement**
- **Solution**
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Next Steps

- **We would like to request PCE WG Charter to include this work.**



Thank You.