Softwires for DHCP

Threat or danger?

Motivation

- Several bits of related work require DHCP
 - Lightweight 4over4
 - MAP-E
 - Public 4over6
 - Unified CPE
- These drafts all involve
 - an IPv4 node
 - completely isolated on an IPv6 network
 - needs some IPv4 configuration anyway

Observations

- These devices need three types of configuration
 - a. IPv6 network configuration
 - b. IPv4 network configuration
 - c. Basic service configuration (DNS, etc)
- If all we need of (c x b) is DNS, DHCPv6 is fine
- Nobody has made a convincing case that this is all we need.

State of play

- Various groups have running code
- Softwire participants have lobbied DHC heavily
- Many requirements have been stated
- Many of them aren't technical
- Many of them are specific to particular use cases, and not general
- Many of them don't even make sense

What are we trying to do

- Produce a new softwire technology?
- Extend DHCP?
- Come up with a solution that generalizes well?

What are the pieces?

- Home gateway
 - This is a new device, bc it supports unified CPE
- PE gateway
 - Hopefully just a PE router, nothing fancy
- Intermediate routing infrastructure
 - IPv6-only
- Network configuration engines
 - DHCPv6
 - DHCPv4?
- Provider provisioning systems

What does this look like

- Provider enters configuration into network provisioning system
- Network provisioning system pushes configuration out to Configuration Engine X
- HG sends PD request (NA? SLAAC?)
- CEX configures HG IPv6 stack over DHCPv6
- HG sees that it needs to do some UCPE thing
- Does HG request additional information, or did it get all it needed in initial configuration exchange

Basic scenarios

- a. HG gets its entire configuration in initial exchange
- b. HG requires additional information in subsequent exchange
- Obviously (a) is cleaner, but
- What if client needs more IPv4 configuration than just an address and port mapping algorithm?

The Problem

- If the client needs more configuration than just an IPv4 address and a port set, we have to carry IPv4 configuration information in DHCPv6
- If we configure IPv4 addressing via DHCPv6, we need additional signaling for address lifetimes in DHCPv6
- Architecturally, this is a kludge.

Proposed solutions

- Do the kludge—we promise not to ask for more IPv4 options
- Do the kludge, live with new IPv4 option problem
- Somehow leverage existing DHCPv4
 - Existing DHCPv4 solution is also a kludge
 - Can we leverage existing DHCPv6 infrastructure to carry IPv4 messages?

Objections

- Don't want DHCPv4 infrastructure
 - None of the proposed solutions require DHCPv4 infrastructure—no DHCPv4 relays, no IPv4 service on the PE, intermediate network, or even in the data center.
- Don't want to have to configure two servers from the provisioning system
 - DHCP servers from Nominum, Cisco, ISC (?) support both protocols in one engine with unified configuration
 - Why is this an issue?

Plea for sanity

- This isn't a hard problem
- There are no clear technical wins here
- Chances are that everybody's running code is going to wind up on the trash heap of history
- So let's be brave
 - Stop worrying about running code
 - Treat operational issues as black box issues, not specific protocol requirements
 - Have a sincere discussion about how to solve this